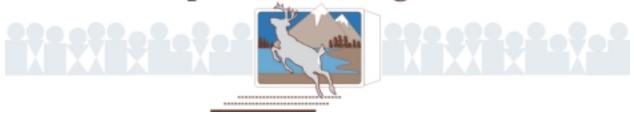
Responsive Management



SOUTH CAROLINA RESIDENTS' ATTITUDES AND BEHAVIORS TOWARD AQUATIC RESOURCES

Conducted for the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources by Responsive Management

December 2002

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Responsive Management National Office

Mark Damian Duda, Executive Director
Peter E. De Michele, Ph.D., Director of Research
Carol Zurawski, Research Associate
Martin Jones, Research Associate
Joy Yoder, Research Associate
William Testerman, Survey Center Manager
Alison Lanier, Business Manager
Steven J. Bissell, Ph.D., Qualitative Research Associate
Ping Wang, Ph.D., Quantitative Research Associate
James B. Herrick, Ph.D., Research Associate

130 Franklin Street
Harrisonburg, VA 22801
Phone: 540/432-1888 Fax: 540/432-1892
E-mail: mdduda@rica.net
www.responsivemanagement.com

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This study was conducted for the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources (SCDNR) to assess South Carolina residents' attitudes and behaviors toward fisheries and aquatic resources. The study entailed a telephone survey of South Carolina residents. A total of 809 completed interviews were obtained. The software used for data collection was Questionnaire Programming Language 4.1. The analyses of data were performed using Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) software, a software package specifically designed for statistical analyses.

For this report, a nonparametric analysis examined how the various responses related to demographic characteristics and participation behaviors. Responses for selected questions were tested by means of z-scores for relationships to specific characteristics and behaviors. A positive z-score means that the response and characteristic/behavior is positively related; a negative z-score means that the response and characteristic is negatively related.

Throughout this report, findings of the general population telephone survey are reported at a 95% confidence interval. For the entire sample of South Carolina residents, the sampling error is at most plus or minus 3.45 percentage points. Sampling error was calculated based on a sample size of 809 and a projected population size of 3,066,000 South Carolina residents 16 years of age and older in 2002, obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau.

PARTICIPATION IN AQUATIC ACTIVITIES, INTEREST IN FISHING, FISHING BEHAVIORS, AND LICENSE PURCHASING OPINIONS AND BEHAVIORS

A majority (56%) of respondents had participated in watching wildlife near a lake, stream, or river—the only activity in which a majority had participated. Other results: 38% had been motorized boating, 36% had fished in freshwater, 19% had fished in saltwater, 12% had been canoeing/kayaking, and 7% had been sailing. The z-score analysis found that for each activity, there was a positive correlation with participation in all other aquatic activities listed in the survey—in other words, those who participated in any activity were likely to have participated in other activities. Other important demographic characteristics associated with participation in most of the activities are being white, being male, and working in construction/development.

Of those who said that they had fished in both freshwater and saltwater in the past 12 months, 57% had fished more in freshwater, and 26% had fished more in saltwater (17% of respondents to this question had fished in freshwater and saltwater about equally).

Of those who indicated in Question 6 that they had fished in *either* freshwater or saltwater *but* had not fished in both (221 respondents met these criteria), 81% had fished exclusively in freshwater, and 19% had fished exclusively in saltwater. Of those who indicated in Question 6 that they had fished in freshwater and/or saltwater and indicated in Question 7 that they had not fished in "both about equally" (313 respondents met these criteria), 91% had fished in freshwater either exclusively or predominantly, and 9% had fished in saltwater either exclusively or predominantly. Finally, in examining those who had fished exclusively in freshwater or saltwater and those who had fished in both in the past 12 months, 54% had fished exclusively in freshwater and saltwater, 13% had fished exclusively in saltwater, and 33% had fished in both freshwater and saltwater.

The top reasons that those who had not fished in freshwater in the past 12 months had not done so were lack of interest (56%), work obligations (21%), and family obligations (15%). Those who had not fished in freshwater in the past 12 months were asked how interested they would be in doing so in the next 12 months, and 37% expressed interest. The following are some of the characteristics that were associated with those who expressed interest in going freshwater fishing in the next 12 months: had watched wildlife near water; are male; had fished in saltwater; had been motorized boating; were 25 to 34 years old; and had a job in agriculture/farming, construction/development, or industry.

Half of those who had fished in freshwater in the past 12 months indicated that their freshwater fishing activity has remained about the same over the past 5 years, while 29% said it had decreased and 20% said it had increased. Those who said that their fishing activity had declined over the past 5 years said that "no time: work obligations" was a main reason that their freshwater fishing activity had declined (28%), and "family obligations" was also an important reason (18%).

The results show that 36% of respondents had purchased a fishing license in South Carolina in the past 2 years. Those who had purchased a fishing license were likely to have the following characteristics/behaviors: had fished in freshwater and/or saltwater; are male; had participated in motorized boating, watching wildlife near water, canoeing or kayaking, or sailing; were 35 to 54 years old; identified themselves as white; and had a job in industry, construction/development, or agriculture/farming.

Of those who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina, 56% had purchased a freshwater license only, 6% had purchased a saltwater license only, and 37% had purchased both types of licenses.

Of those who had not purchased a fishing license in South Carolina in the past 2 years, the leading reasons for not doing so were that they don't fish and were not interested (63%), work obligations (13%), and family obligations (9%). Of those who *had* purchased a fishing license in South Carolina in the past 2 years, 93% said that there had not been anything that hindered their buying a fishing license.

Each respondent who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina was asked one of two questions about the likelihood of their purchasing a fishing license in the next year at an increased cost. Large majorities answered each question that they would be very likely to purchase a fishing license the next year at the given cost: 88% said they would be very likely to purchase a license for \$12, and 75% said they would be very likely to purchase a license for \$14 (the current cost is \$10). Respondents saying that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license at an increased cost were 4% for the \$12 cost and 10% for the \$14 cost.

Regarding Internet purchasing, 65% said that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license over the Internet, while only 23% said that they would be very likely to purchase a license in this way.

VALUES OF FRESHWATER AQUATIC RESOURCES

The survey asked respondents to rate the importance of nine statements, and majorities thought eight of the nine were *very* important. The statement, with the percentages saying the statement was very important and the percentage saying the statement was very or somewhat important are shown in the tabulation below, ranked from highest percentage to lowest saying very important:

Rating the Importance of Statements (Ranked by Percentage Rating It Very Important)

Rating the Importance of Statements (Ranked by Ferentage Ra	Percent Rating It as Very	Percent Rating It as Very or Somewhat
Statement	Important	Important
Q20. Is it important or unimportant that South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams provide places for fish and wildlife to live?	92	98
Q23. Is it important or unimportant that freshwater aquatic resources are safe and well protected in South Carolina?	89	98
Q17. Is it important or unimportant that fish and other aquatic animals exist in South Carolina?	87	96
Q24. Is it important or unimportant that people can watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams?	76	95
Q18. Is it important or unimportant that there are a lot of freshwater fish to catch in South Carolina?	73	92
Q21. Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education about fishing?	63	91
Q22. Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education regarding aquatic resources other than fishing?	63	93
Q25. Is it important or unimportant that people have the opportunity to make a living through commercial freshwater fishing in South Carolina?	54	82
Q19. Is it important or unimportant that there are trophy fish to catch in South Carolina's lakes, rivers, and streams?	37	66

Of the 9 questions, 7 of them showed a positive significant correlation between rating the program as very or somewhat important and having watched wildlife near water. Having been motorized boating and having been freshwater fishing were positively significantly correlated with those rating the program as very or somewhat important in 5 of the 9 questions, and being white was positively significantly correlated with those rating the program as very or somewhat important in 4 of the 9 questions.

KNOWLEDGE OF AND OPINIONS ON SCDNR'S FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

A large majority (80%) of respondents knew little or nothing at all about the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs, while 19% knew a great deal or moderate amount (with only 2% saying they knew a great deal).

A majority (52%) of respondents said that the SCDNR does an excellent or good job of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources, broken down to 10% saying excellent and 42% saying good. Only 1% rated the SCDNR's performance as poor, and a relatively high percentage answered that they did not know (35%).

Regarding the SCDNR's performance of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources, 80% said that they had not heard any *good* things and 95% said that they had not heard any *bad* things about the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs.

Respondents were asked to rate six of the SCDNR's aquatic efforts and responsibilities, as shown in the tabulation below:

Rating of SCDNR's Efforts (Ranked by Percent Rating Efforts Excellent)

Aquatic Effort and/or Responsibility	Percent Rating Effort as	Percent Rating Effort as	Percent Rating Effort as	Percent Answering "Don't
	Excellent	Excellent or Good	Poor	Know"
Q45. Providing fishing opportunities	17	57	2	32
Q49. Enforcing freshwater fishing laws and regulations	16	56	3	32
Q46. Ensuring that there is adequate freshwater habitat	13	52	1	36
Q50. Providing opportunities for watching fish and aquatic wildlife	13	51	4	30
Q47. Educating the public about recreational fishing	9	39	9	31
Q48. Educating the public about freshwater aquatic resources	6	33	10	35

In the rating of the six efforts, some commonalities were found in the z-score analysis. The most important commonality was that having watched wildlife near water was positively significantly correlated with a rating of excellent or good for all six efforts. Those characteristics/behaviors positively significantly correlated with ratings of excellent or good in five of the six efforts were having fished in freshwater, having been motorized boating, having fished in saltwater, being male, and working in construction/development.

A majority (56%) said the SCDNR is very or somewhat efficient in spending its money for freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources (20% saying very efficient). Only 2% said the SCDNR was not at all efficient, and 42% said that they did not know.

IMPORTANCE OF VARIOUS SCDNR FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

Respondents were asked to rate the importance of 17 programs that the SCDNR undertakes. There were 13 programs that had a majority of respondents rating it as *very* important, with the top program being "protecting natural areas like rivers, lakes, and wetlands" (91% rated this program as very important). The results are shown in the tabulation on the following page:

Rating of SCDNR's Programs (Ranked by Percent Rating Program Very Important)

Rating of SCDNR's Programs (Ranked by Percent Rating Progra		Percent
Program	Percent Rating Program as Very Important	Rating Program as Very or Somewhat Important
Q57. Do you think protecting natural areas like rivers, lakes, and wetlands is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	91	97
Q55. Do you think raising fish in hatcheries for stocking in public lakes and rivers is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	79	94
Q67. Do you think enforcing freshwater fishing regulations is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	79	93
Q69. Do you think being involved with the restoration of nongame fish species that are possibly threatened with extinction is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	77	92
Q65. Do you think maintaining existing boat ramps is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	76	92
Q58. Do you think conducting educational programs on freshwater fishing and aquatic natural resources is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	73	95
Q53. Do you think providing good places to go and catch freshwater fish is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	69	95
Q62. Do you think conducting research to answer questions about the state's freshwater natural resources is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	68	92
Q63. Do you think controlling water plants that bother boaters, anglers, and homeowners using lakes and rivers is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	68	87
Q59.Do you think managing small lakes, accessible by bank or boat anglers, around the state for public fishing is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	66	95
Q68. Do you think producing educational materials about freshwater fish and fishing, such as brochures, is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	66	94
Q66. Do you think developing freshwater fishing regulations is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	61	85
Q61. Do you think building/adding structures to attract more fish in lakes is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	53	77
Q60. Do you think building fishing piers in lakes is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	46	79
Q56. Do you think raising fish for people to buy for their private ponds is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	43	82
Q54. Do you think helping people with their private fishing ponds is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	39	74
Q64. Do you think building more boat ramps is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	27	53

There was a positive significant correlation between a rating of very or somewhat important and having been freshwater fishing in 10 of the 17 questions, and there was a positive significant correlation between a rating of very or somewhat important and having been motorized boating

in 7 of the 17 questions. Other characteristics positively significantly correlated with a rating of very or somewhat important on many questions include being male (a significant positive z-score on 6 of the 17 questions), being white (a significant positive z-score on 5 of the 17 questions), and having a high school diploma or equivalent but having no further education (a significant positive z-score on 5 of the 17 questions).

IMPORTANCE OF VARIOUS SCDNR FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES EDUCATION PROGRAMS

Respondents rated the importance of six educational programs of the SCDNR, and for each program, a majority rated it as *very* important, as shown in the tabulation below:

Importance Rating of SCDNR's Educational Programs (Ranked by Percent Rating

Educational Program as Very Important)

Educational Program	Percent Rating Educational Program as Very Important	Percent Rating Educational Program as Very or Somewhat Important
Q72. Do you think parent-child activities are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR?	79	96
Q74. Do you think producing educational brochures for kids is an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?	63	89
Q76. Do you think producing other multimedia educational programs, such as TV, an Internet page, etc., is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?	62	92
Q75. Do you think producing educational brochures for adults is an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?	61	93
Q73. Do you think in-school programs such as teacher workshops are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR?	58	86
Q71. Do you think youth programs such as fishing rodeos are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR?	54	81

Several characteristics/behaviors were positively correlated with a rating of very or somewhat important for this series of questions: in 5 of the 6 questions, those who gave a rating of very or somewhat important were positively significantly related to having watched wildlife near water; and in 3 of the 6 questions, those who gave a rating of very or somewhat important were positively significantly related to having been motorized boating. Interestingly, fishing was not a strong factor: in only 2 of the 6 questions was having been freshwater fishing positively significantly correlated with those respondents answering very or somewhat important, and in only 1 of the 6 questions was having been saltwater fishing positively significantly correlated with those respondents answering very or somewhat important.

FUNDING FOR SCDNR'S FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

The most common answer among respondents regarding where funding for freshwater fishing opportunities comes from in South Carolina was "don't know" (34%). The next most popular answers were fishing licenses (28%) and taxes in general (24%).

Respondents were asked about funding options for the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources program, and a plurality responded that funds should come from anglers and the general revenue equally (46%). At either end of the spectrum, 4% thought that anglers should pay for all of the funding for the SCDNR, and 4% thought that the general revenue should pay for all of the funding for the SCDNR.

An overwhelming majority (91%) of respondents had not heard of the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program, also known as the Dingell-Johnson Program or the Wallop-Breaux Program, before this survey. However, after being informed of the program, 55% indicated that they support the program (25% strongly supporting); only 9% said that they oppose the program.

The survey asked respondents about their likelihood of purchasing a fishing license or stamp in three situations, with fairly consistent results for all three questions. For each situation, a majority (from 53% to 61%) indicated that they would be *very or somewhat* likely to purchase a fishing license or stamp. When looking only at those who said that they would be *very* likely to

purchase a fishing license or stamp, the survey found that 30% would be very likely to purchase a fishing license, even if not to be used, with the proceeds going to improve water quality; 28% would be very likely to purchase a fishing license, even if not to be used, as a way to support freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources conservation; and 25% would be very likely to purchase a fishing stamp to fish for certain hatchery-raised fish, such as striped bass and trout, with the proceeds going toward the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries program.

An analysis was performed on responses to likelihood of purchasing a stamp to fish for certain hatchery-raised species (Question 87) by those who had purchased a license in the past 2 years, those who indicated that they had fished in freshwater in the past 2 years, and those who had fished in saltwater in the past 2 years. Among those who had purchased a license in the past 2 years, 73% indicated that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a stamp to fish for certain hatchery-raised species, and 36% indicated that they would be very likely to purchase a stamp. Among those who had fished in freshwater in the past 2 years, 73% indicated that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a stamp to fish for certain hatchery-raised species, and 37% indicated that they would be very likely to purchase a stamp. Finally, among those who had fished in saltwater in the past 2 years, 77% indicated that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a stamp to fish for certain hatchery-raised species, and 36% indicated that they would be very likely to purchase a stamp. Note that these amounts (ranging from 73% to 77%) indicating that they would be likely to purchase a stamp to fish for certain hatchery-raised species are higher than those among the general population who said they would be likely to purchase a stamp (57%).

POTENTIAL REGULATORY CHANGES, INCLUDING REGULATIONS REGARDING DAMS

A majority (69%) of respondents supported giving the SCDNR the ability to set fishing regulations in lieu of having the South Carolina State Legislature do so, with 39% strongly supporting this action. A majority (64%) also supported giving the SCDNR the ability to set fishing license fees, with 36% strongly supporting this action.

A large majority (78%) of respondents agreed that the SCDNR should require dam owners to put fish passage facilities at the dams so as not to impede migrating fish, with 60% having strongly agreed.

SCDNR'S POTENTIAL INVOLVEMENT WITH COMMERCIAL FISHING

Recreational fishing was perceived to be more important for the SCDNR's involvement than is commercial fishing. In total, 86% of respondents thought the SCDNR should emphasize its recreational fishing efforts (36% saying recreational fishing should be the sole emphasis, 50% saying both recreational and commercial fishing should be emphasized), and 51% thought the SCDNR should emphasize its commercial fishing efforts (1% saying commercial fishing should be the sole emphasis, 50% saying both recreational and commercial fishing should be emphasized).

A majority (52%) supported the practice of having some anglers catch freshwater fish, such as catfish, for the purpose of commercial sale. An even larger majority (70%) supported allowing commercial interests to raise freshwater fish, such as bass or crappie, for sale to the public in grocery stores and restaurants.

WAYS FOR THE SCDNR TO PROVIDE INFORMATION ABOUT FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

A majority (52%) of respondents favored direct mail as the best way for them to receive information on fishing and aquatic resources. The next most popular ways were the Internet (16%), television (16%), and newspapers (12%).

KNOWLEDGE OF AQUATIC WILDLIFE

In assessing general knowledge about basic aquatic species, only 1 of the 3 questions asked concerning what types of food did three aquatic species eat was answered correctly by a majority of respondents. Correct knowledge of what type of food sharks eat was the highest of the three species: 68% of respondents correctly named the kind of food that sharks usually eat (saltwater

fish). Correct knowledge about other basic aquatic wildlife was low with less than a majority being able to identify the correct food of largemouth bass or river otters. Less than a majority (42%) of respondents correctly named the kind of food that largemouth bass eat (other fish, including bream), and nearly the same percentage (41%) correctly named the kind of food that river otters usually eat (fish and frogs).

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INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY

This study was conducted for the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources (SCDNR) to assess South Carolina residents' attitudes and behaviors toward fisheries and aquatic resources. The study entailed a telephone survey of South Carolina residents. Specific aspects of the study methodology are discussed below.

For the general population survey, telephones were selected as the preferred sampling medium because nearly all residents of South Carolina have a telephone. In addition, a central polling site at the Responsive Management office allowed for rigorous quality control over the interviews and data collection. Responsive Management maintains its own in-house telephone interviewing facilities. These facilities are staffed by interviewers with experience conducting computer-assisted telephone interviews on the subjects of natural resources and outdoor recreation for state fish and wildlife agencies. The telephone survey questionnaire was developed cooperatively by Responsive Management and SCDNR. Responsive Management conducted pre-tests of the questionnaire, and revisions were made to the questionnaire based on the pre-tests.

To ensure that the telephone survey data collected were of the highest quality, Responsive Management employs interviewers who have been trained according to the standards established by the Council of American Survey Research Organizations. Methods of instruction included lecture and role-playing. The Survey Center Managers conducted project briefings with the interviewers prior to the administration of the survey. Interviewers were instructed on type of study, study goals and objectives, handling of survey questions, interview length, termination points and qualifiers for participation, interviewer instructions within the survey instrument, reading of the survey instrument, skip patterns, and probing and clarifying techniques necessary for specific questions on the survey instrument. The Survey Center Managers randomly monitored telephone workstations without the interviewers' knowledge to evaluate the performance of each interviewer. After the surveys were obtained by the interviewers, the Survey Center Managers and/or statisticians edited each completed survey to ensure clarity and completeness.

Interviews were conducted Monday through Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., Saturday noon to 6:00 p.m., and Sunday from 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m., all local time. A five-callback design was used to maintain the representativeness of the sample, to avoid bias toward people easy to reach by telephone, and to provide an equal opportunity for all to participate. When a respondent could not be reached on the first call, subsequent calls were placed on different days of the week and at different times of the day. A total of 809 completed interviews were obtained.

The software used for data collection was Questionnaire Programming Language 4.1 (QPL). The survey data were entered into the computer as each interview was being conducted, eliminating manual data entry after the completion of the survey and the concomitant data entry errors that may occur with manual data entry. The survey instrument was programmed so that QPL 4.1 branched, coded, and substituted phrases in the survey based on previous responses to ensure the integrity and consistency of the data collection. The analyses of data were performed using Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) software. SPSS is a software package that is specifically designed for statistical analyses.

For this report, a nonparametric analysis examined how the various responses related to demographic characteristics and participation behaviors. Responses for selected questions were tested by means of z-scores for relationships to specific characteristics and behaviors. The analysis examined approximately 70 variables regarding demographic characteristics and participation behaviors of the respondents. A positive z-score means that the response and characteristic/behavior is positively related; a negative z-score means that the response and characteristic is negatively related. For each z-score tabulation, only the statistically significant relationships are shown, which are those greater than +1.96 (positive correlation) or those less than -1.96 (negative correlation). If no statistically significant relationships exist for a particular question (i.e., if all the z-scores for a particular question were less than +1.96 and more than -1.96), there is no table.

The top of the tabulation shows the strongest *positive* correlation; the bottom of the tabulation shows the strongest *negative* correlation. The arrows show that the positive correlation increases towards the top of the tabulation and the negative correlation increases towards the bottom of the

tabulation. The absence of arrows on some small tables was simply due to lack of room to graphically portray the arrows.

The asterisks on the z-scores show the strength of the relationship between the demographic characteristics and the response to the question. Those z-scores that have an absolute value of 3.30 or above have three asterisks—three asterisks indicate that the relationship is so strong that it would happen by chance only 1 out of 1,000 times. Those z-scores that have an absolute value of 2.58 to 3.29 have two asterisks—two asterisks indicate that the relationship is so strong that it would happen by chance only 1 out of 100 times. Finally, those z-scores that have an absolute value of 1.96 to 2.58 have one asterisk—one asterisk indicates that the relationship is so strong that it would happen by chance only 5 out of 100 times.

The z-scores are calculated as shown in the formula on the following page.

Equation to calculate z-scores

$$z = \frac{(p_1 - p_2)}{\sqrt{p(1-p)\left[\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}\right]}}$$

where:

 n_1 represents the number of observations in Row 1.

 n_2 represents the number of observations in Row 2.

 $p_1 = a/(a+b) = a/n_1$ and represents the proportion of observations in Row 1 that falls in Cell a. It is employed to estimate the population proportion Π_1 .

 $p_2 = c/(c+d) = c/n_2$ and represents the proportion of observations in Row 2 that falls in Cell c. It is employed to estimate the population proportion Π_2 .

 $p = (a + c)/(n_1 + n_2) = (a + c)/n$ and is a pooled estimate of the proportion of observations in Column 1 in the underlying population.

(Equation from *Handbook of Parametric and Nonparametric Statistical Procedures*, 2nd *Edition* by David J. Sheskin. © 2000, Chapman & Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, FL.)

The demographic characteristics and participation behaviors examined include:

- gender,
- age,
- ethnicity,
- income level,
- education level,
- occupation,
- location of residence (i.e., rural, small city or town, suburban, urban or large city),
- county of residence,
- region of residence and
- participation in outdoor activities.

Throughout this report, findings of the general population telephone survey are reported at a 95% confidence interval. For the entire sample of South Carolina residents, the sampling error is at most plus or minus 3.45 percentage points. This means that if the survey were conducted 100 times on different samples that were selected in the same way, the findings of 95 out of the 100 surveys would fall within plus or minus 3.45% of each other. Sampling error was calculated

using the formula described below, with a sample size of 809 and a projected population size of 3,066,000 South Carolina residents 16 years of age and older in 2002, obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau.

Sampling error equation:

$$B = \left(\sqrt{\frac{\frac{N_p(.25)}{N_s} - .25}{N_p - 1}}\right) (1.96)$$

Where: B = maximum sampling error (as decimal)

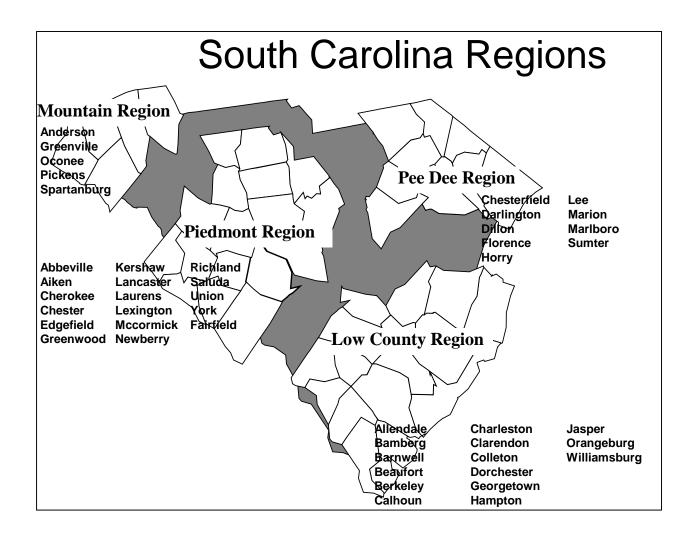
 N_P = population size (e.g., total number of residents, total number of license holders)

 N_S = sample size

Derived from formula: p. 206 in Dillman, D. A. 2000. *Mail and Internet Surveys*. John Wiley & Sons, NY.

Note: This is a simplified version of the formula that calculates the <u>maximum</u> sampling error using a 50:50 split (the most conservative calculation because a 50:50 split would give maximum variation).

Regional data was computed from the county of residence. The following map shows a pictorial of the regions and the counties that comprise each region within South Carolina.



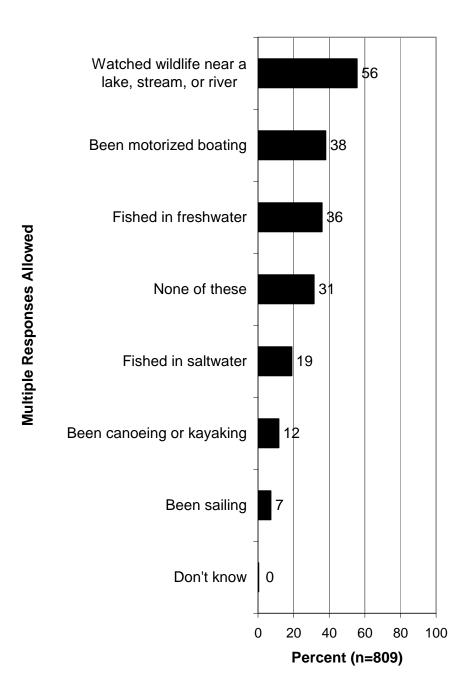
PARTICIPATION IN AQUATIC ACTIVITIES, INTEREST IN FISHING, FISHING BEHAVIORS, AND LICENSE PURCHASING OPINIONS AND BEHAVIORS

A majority (56%) of respondents had participated in watching wildlife near a lake, stream, or river—the only activity in which a majority had participated. Other results of note: 36% of respondents had fished in freshwater, and 19% had fished in saltwater. (Question 6).

The z-score analysis found that for each activity, there was a positive correlation with participation in all other activities listed in Question 6—in other words, those who participated in any activity were likely to have participated in other aquatic activities. Other important demographic characteristics associated with participation in most of the aquatic activities are being white (positive significant z-score for 5 of the 6 activities), being male (positive significant z-score for 4 of the 6 activities), and working in construction/development (positive significant z-score for 4 of the 6 activities).

The following are some of the characteristics that were specifically associated with those who had participated in freshwater fishing in the past 12 months in South Carolina: had participated in all other aquatic activities listed, are male, work in construction/development or industry, and identified themselves as white. The following are some of the characteristics that were associated with those who had participated in saltwater fishing in the past 12 months in South Carolina: had participated in all other aquatic activities listed, are male, work in construction/ development, reside in the Low County Region, identified themselves as white, reside in a suburban area, and reside in the Pee Dee Region.

Q6. Have you participated in the following activities in the past 12 months in South Carolina?



Q6. Have you participated in the following activities in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (Participated in Watching Wildlife near a Lake, Stream, or River in Past 12 Months in SC)

		<u> </u>
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Been motorized boating	10.97***	Most likely to say they
Fished in freshwater	9.25***	participated in watching
Been canoeing or kayaking	7.67***	wildlife.
Fished in saltwater	5.22***	
Male	4.6***	
Been sailing	4.59***	
White	3.77***	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	3.19**	
Graduate or professional degree	3.02**	
Income is \$80,000 to \$99,999	2.53*	
Resides in suburban area	2.32*	
Income is \$100,000 or more	2.19*	
55-64 years old	2.14*	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.12*	
Some college or trade school	2.06*	
Native American	2.02*	
18-24 years old	1.97*	
Prefer information through newspapers	1.97*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TTED	
Income is less than \$19,999	-2.84**	
Retired	-2.92**	
Job is in clerical	-3.06**	
High school graduate or equivalent	-3.18**	
Resides in small city or town	-3.2**	_ ▼
65 or older	-3.53***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
African-American	-4.18***	they participated in
Female	-4.6***	watching wildlife.

Q6. Have you participated in the following activities in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (Participated in Motorized Boating in Past 12 Months in SC)

1 ditterpated in Wiotorized Boating in 1 dst 12 Wiontins in Se	7
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Fished in saltwater	11.46***
Fished in freshwater	11.32***
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	10.97***
Been sailing	6.74***
Been canoeing or kayaking	6.4***
Male	6.27***
White	6.19***
Job is in construction/development	3.64***
Income is \$100,000 or more	3.07**
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.73**
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.52*
Graduate or professional degree	2.2*
College graduate	2.18*
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.16*
Prefer information through regulations handbook	2.09*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-1.96*
Homemaker	-2.25*
Retired	-2.3*
65 or older	-2.38*
Income is less than \$19,999	-3.32***
African-American	-5.96***
Female	-6.27***

Most likely to say they participated in motorized boating.

Most likely *not* to say they participated in motorized boating.

Q6. Have you participated in the following activities in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (Participated in Fishing in Freshwater in Past 12 Months in SC)

<u> </u>	
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Been motorized boating	11.32***
Male	10.58***
Fished in saltwater	10.51***
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	9.25***
Been canoeing or kayaking	5.33***
Job is in construction/development	4.31***
Prefer information through regulations handbook	4.06***
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	3.78***
Been sailing	3.19**
Job is in industry	3.02**
White	2.79**
Prefer information through direct mail	2.07*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Graduate or professional degree	-2.1*
African-American	-2.31*
Homemaker	-2.5*
Job is in clerical	-2.99**
Female	-10.58***

Most likely to say they participated in freshwater fishing.

Most likely *not* to say they participated in freshwater fishing.

Q6. Have you participated in the following activities in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (Participated in Fishing in Saltwater in Past 12 Months in SC)

\ 1 &		
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Been motorized boating	11.46***	Most likely to say they
Fished in freshwater	10.51***	participated in saltwater
Male	6.62***	fishing.
Been sailing	5.58***	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	5.22***	
Been canoeing or kayaking	5.11***	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	4.74***	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	3.95***	
College graduate	3.76***	
Job is in construction/development	3.33***	
Resides in Low County Region	3.17**	
White	2.74**	
Resides in suburban area	2.29*	
Income is \$80,000 to \$99,999	2.25*	
Resides in Pee Dee Region	2.09*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	-1.97*	
Income is less than \$19,999	-2.19*	$igg \downarrow$
African-American	-2.22*	
Homemaker	-2.43*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Resides in Mountain Region	-2.86**	they participated in
Female	-6.62***	saltwater fishing.

Q6. Have you participated in the following activities in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (Participated in Canoeing or Kayaking in Past 12 Months in SC)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	7.67***	Most likely to say they
Been sailing	6.92***	participated in canoeing
Been motorized boating	6.4***	or kayaking.
Fished in freshwater	5.33***	
Fished in saltwater	5.11***	
Income is \$60,000 to \$79,999	3.33***	
Resides in large city or urban area	3.33***	
White	2.45*	
Job is in construction/development	2.37*	
Prefer information through Internet	2.32*	
College graduate	2.2*	
Under 18 years old	2.16*	
Resides in suburban area	2.14*	
18-24 years old	2.08*	
Student	2.04*	l
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	ΓTED	
Income is less than \$19,999	-1.98*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
African-American	-2.44*	they participated in canoeing or kayaking.

Q6. Have you participated in the following activities in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (Participated in Sailing in Past 12 Months in SC)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Been canoeing or kayaking	6.92***	
Been motorized boating	6.74***	
Fished in saltwater	5.58***	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	4.59***	
Fished in freshwater	3.19**	
Under 18 years old	2.5*	
Resides in suburban area	2.42*	
Job is in teaching/education	2.08*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		
High school graduate or equivalent	-2.15*	
Resides in rural area	-2.27*	

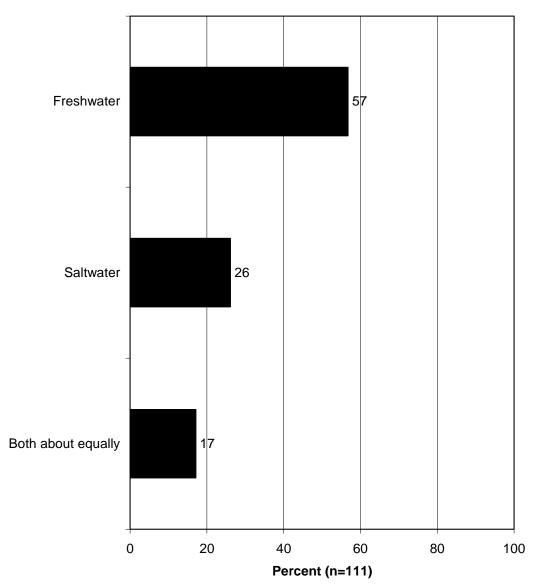
Most likely to say they participated in sailing.

Most likely *not* to say they participated in

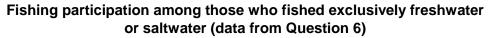
sailing.

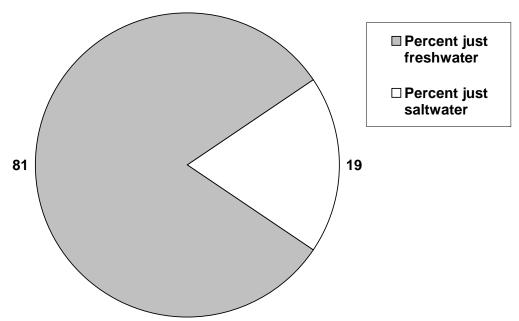
Of those who said that they had fished in both freshwater and saltwater in the past 12 months, 57% had fished more in freshwater, and 26% had fished more in saltwater (17% of respondents to this question had fished in freshwater and saltwater about equally). (Question 7).

Q7. Would you say you fish more in freshwater, saltwater, or do you fish in both about equally? (Asked of those who said that they fished in both freshwater and saltwater in the past 12 months.)



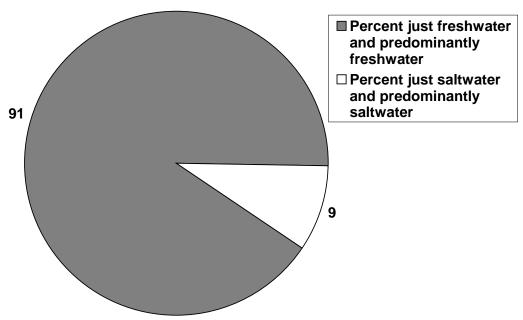
The data from Questions 6 and 7 were analyzed in several additional ways. One way the data were examined was to look at the percentages who had fished in freshwater or saltwater but had *not* fished in both in the past 12 months. Of those who indicated in Question 6 that they had fished in *either* freshwater or saltwater *but had not fished in both* (221 respondents met these criteria), 81% had fished exclusively in freshwater, and 19% had fished exclusively in saltwater.



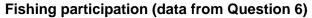


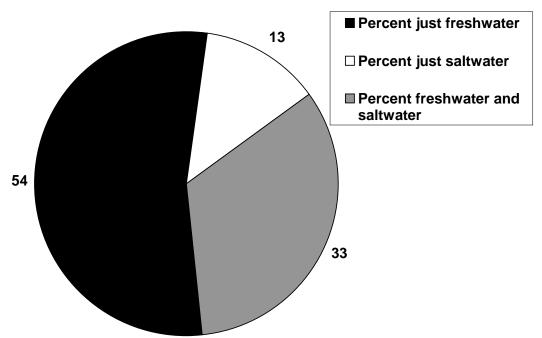
Another way the data were examined was to look at the percentages who had fished in freshwater or saltwater either exclusively or predominantly in the past 12 months. Of those who indicated in Question 6 that they had fished in freshwater and/or saltwater and indicated in Question 7 that they had *not* fished in "both about equally" (313 respondents met these criteria), 91% had fished in freshwater either exclusively or predominantly, and 9% had fished in saltwater either exclusively or predominantly.





Finally, another way to examine the data regarding fishing in freshwater and/or saltwater from the responses to Question 6 was to examine those who had fished exclusively in freshwater or saltwater and those who had fished in both in the past 12 months (332 respondents had fished in freshwater and/or saltwater). In this analysis, 54% had fished exclusively in freshwater, 13% had fished exclusively in saltwater, and 33% had fished in both freshwater and saltwater.

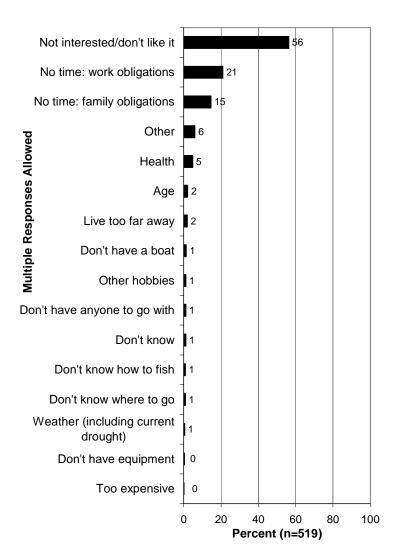




Those who had not fished in freshwater in the past 12 months were asked for the main reasons that they had not done so, and lack of interest was the leading reason (56%). Otherwise, work and family obligations were relatively important reasons (21% said work obligations; 15% said family obligations). (Question 9).

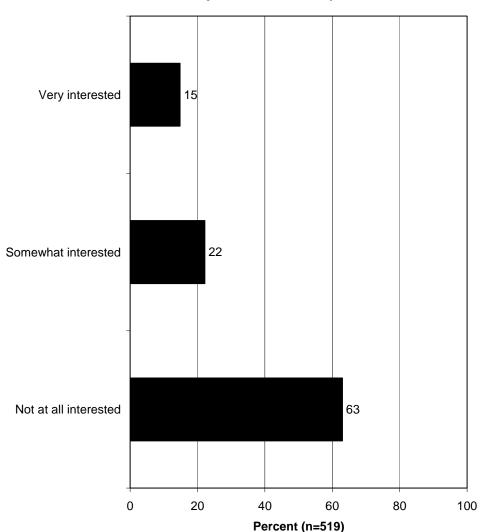
No statistically significant associations were found in characteristics and responses to Question 9.

Q9. What are the main reasons you have not fished in freshwater in the past 12 months? (Asked of those who did not fish in freshwater in the past 12 months.)



Those who had not fished in freshwater in the past 12 months were asked how interested they would be in doing so in the next 12 months, and 37% expressed interest. The following are some of the characteristics that were associated with those who expressed interest in going freshwater fishing in the next 12 months: had watched wildlife near water; are male; had fished in saltwater; had been motorized boating; were 25 to 34 years old; and had a job in agriculture/farming, construction/development, or industry. (Question 11).

Q11. How interested are you in going freshwater fishing in South Carolina in the next 12 months? (Asked of those who did not fish in freshwater in the past 12 months.)



Q11. How interested are you in going freshwater fishing in South Carolina in the next 12 months? (Asked of those who did not fish in freshwater in the past 12 months.) (Very or Somewhat Interested in Going Freshwater Fishing in SC in next 12 Months)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	5.76***
Male	4.84***
Fished in saltwater	4.49***
Been motorized boating	3.4***
25-34 years old	3.19**
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.92**
Prefer information through direct mail	2.42*
Job is in construction/development	2.41*
Job is in industry	2*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Homemaker	-2.24*
Retired	-2.6**
Resides in small city or town	-2.63**
65 or older	-3.31***
Female	-4.84***

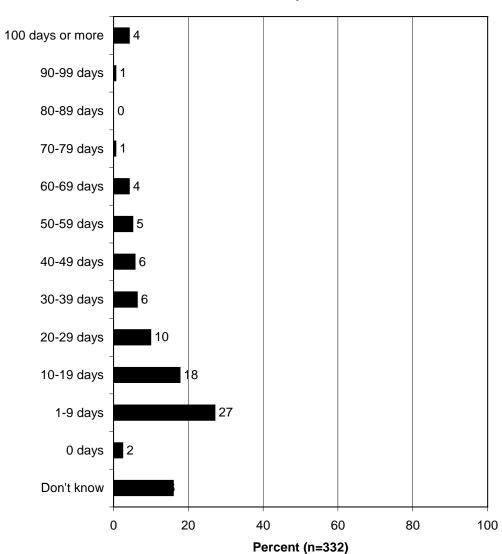
Most likely to say very or somewhat interested in going freshwater fishing.

Most likely *not* to say very or somewhat interested in going freshwater fishing.

Most commonly, those who had fished in freshwater in the past 12 months did so for 1 to 9 days (27%) or 10 to 19 days (18%). A majority (55%) had fished 1 to 29 days. (Question 12).

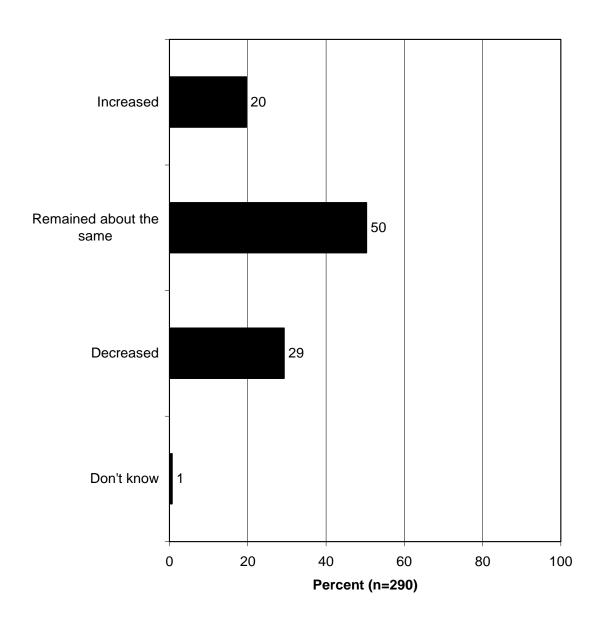
No statistically significant associations were found in characteristics and response categories to Question 12.

Q12. How many days did you fish in freshwater in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (Asked of those who fished in freshwater in the past 12 months.)



Half (50%) of those who had fished in freshwater in the past 12 months indicated that their freshwater fishing activity has remained about the same over the past 5 years, while 29% said it had decreased and 20% said it had increased. (Question 13).

Q13. Over the past 5 years, would you say your freshwater fishing activity has declined, increased, or remained about the same? (Asked of those who fished in freshwater in the past 12 months.)



Q13. Over the past 5 years, would you say your freshwater fishing activity has declined, increased, or remained about the same? (Asked of those who fished in freshwater in the past 12 months.) (Increased Fishing in Past 5 Years)

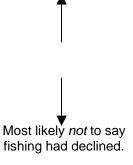
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Prefer information through TV	3.33***
Prefer information through radio	2.75**
Job is in teaching/education	2.7**
Resides in small city or town	2.47*
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.35*
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	2.03*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED	

Most likely to say their freshwater fishing had increased.

Q13. Over the past 5 years, would you say your freshwater fishing activity has declined, increased, or remained about the same? (Asked of those who fished in freshwater in the past 12 months.) (Decreased fishing in past 5 years)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Retired	3.23**	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	3.06**	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.41*	
Been canoeing or kayaking	2.04*	
Male	2.01*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		
Under 18 years old	-1.96*	
Female	-2.01*	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	-2.1*	
Resides in small city or town	-2.11*	
Job is in public service	-2.26*	

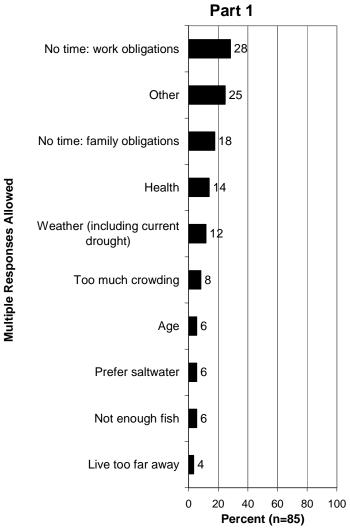
Most likely to say fishing had declined.



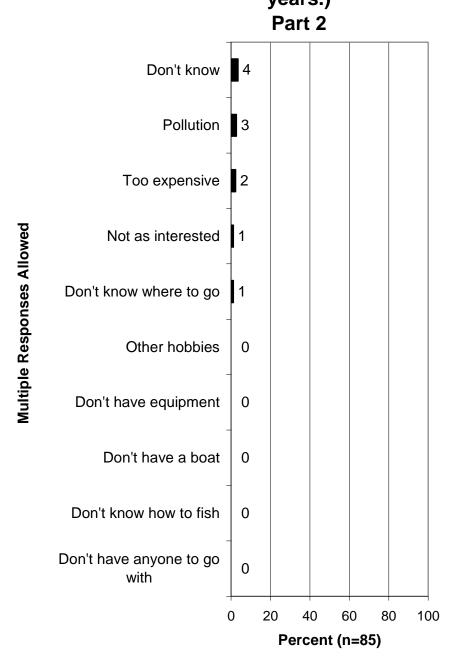
Those who said that their fishing activity had declined over the past 5 years most often said that "no time: work obligations" was a main reason that their freshwater fishing activity had declined (28%). "Family obligations" was also an important reason (18%). (Question 15).

No statistically significant associations were found in characteristics and responses to Question 15.

Q15. What are the main reasons your freshwater fishing activity has declined? (Asked of those who fished in freshwater in the past 12 months but whose fishing activity has declined in the past 5 years.)

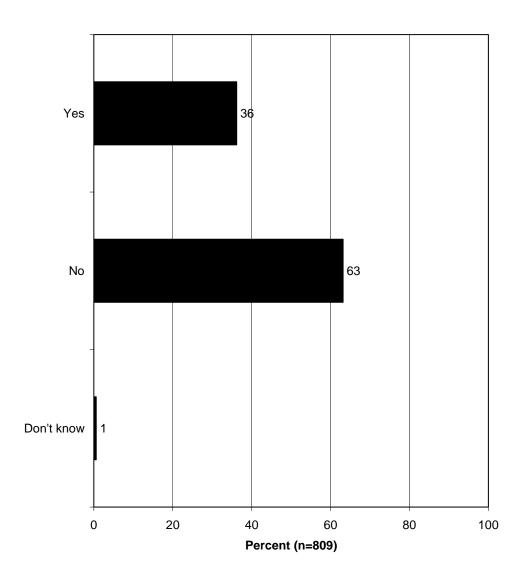


Q15. What are the main reasons your freshwater fishing activity has declined? (Asked of those who fished in freshwater in the past 12 months but whose fishing activity has declined in the past 5 years.)



The results show that 36% of respondents had purchased a fishing license in South Carolina in the past 2 years. The following are some of the characteristics that were associated with those who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina: had fished in freshwater and/or saltwater; are male; had participated in motorized boating, watching wildlife near water, canoeing or kayaking, or sailing; were 35 to 54 years old; identified themselves as white; and had a job in industry, construction/development, or agriculture/farming. (Question 90).

Q90. Have you purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina?

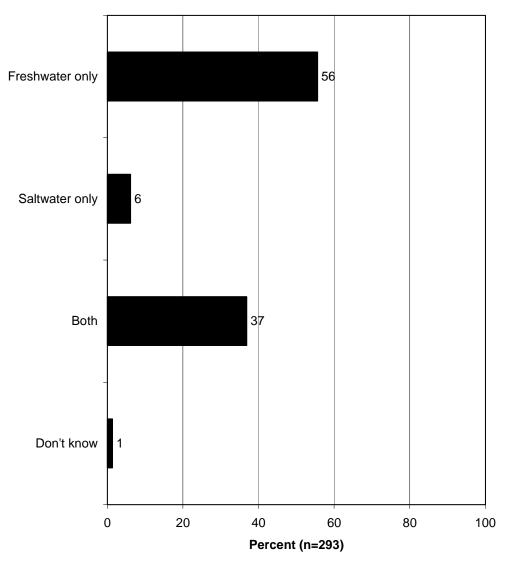


Q90. Have you purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina? (Have Purchased a Fishing License in the Past 2 Years in SC)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	18.76***	Most likely to have
Male	11.66***	purchased a license.
Fished in saltwater	11.32***	
Been motorized boating	10.98***	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	7.07***	
Job is in industry	5.17***	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	4.87***	
Job is in construction/development	3.95***	
35-44 years old	3.78***	
Been canoeing or kayaking	3.64***	
White	3.6***	
Prefer information through direct mail	3.44***	
Been sailing	3.4***	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	3.15**	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.65**	
45-54 years old	2.53*	
Some college or trade school	2.4*	
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.37*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	ΓΤΕD	
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.06*	
African-American	-2.18*	
Student	-2.27*	
Homemaker	-2.55*	
Income is less than \$19,999	-3.01**	
Job is in clerical	-3.38***	
Retired	-3.49***	<u> </u>
65 or older	-4.66***	•
Female	-11.66***	Most likely not to have
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-11.66***	purchased a license.

Of those who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina, 56% had purchased a freshwater license only, 6% had purchased a saltwater license only, and 37% had purchased both types of licenses. A grand total of 93% of South Carolinians who had purchased a fishing license purchased a freshwater license and a total of 43% of South Carolinians who had purchased a fishing license had purchased a saltwater license. (Question 94).

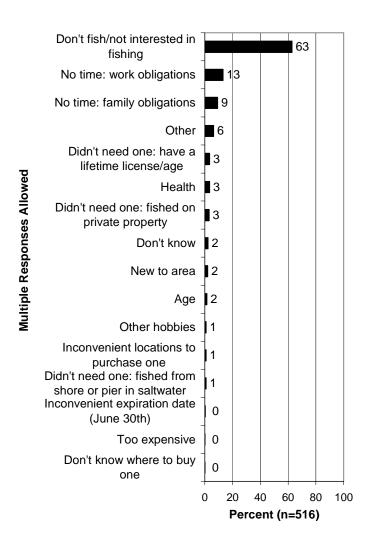
Q94. Did you purchase a freshwater license, saltwater license, or both? (Asked of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina.)



Of those who had not purchased a fishing license in South Carolina in the past 2 years, the leading reason for not doing so was that they don't fish and were not interested (63%). "Work obligations" was the second leading reason that respondents did not purchase a fishing license (13%), and "family obligations" was the third leading reason (9%). (Question 92).

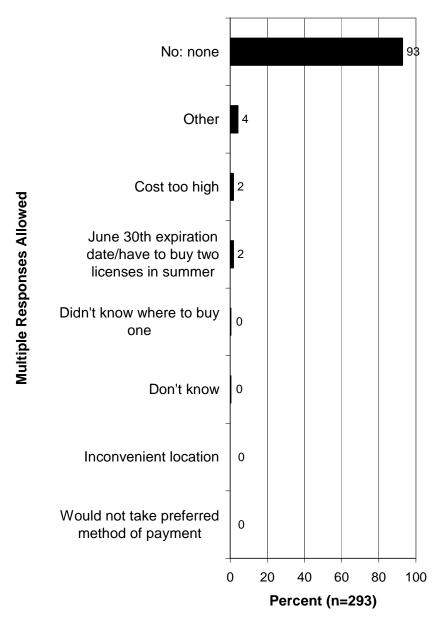
No statistically significant associations were found in characteristics and responses to Question 92.

Q92. What are the main reasons you have not purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina? (Asked of those who have not purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina.)



Of those who *had* purchased a fishing license in South Carolina in the past 2 years, 93% said that there had not been anything that hindered their buying a fishing license. (Question 96).

Q96. Has anything ever hindered you from buying a fishing license? If yes: What was it? (Asked of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina.)



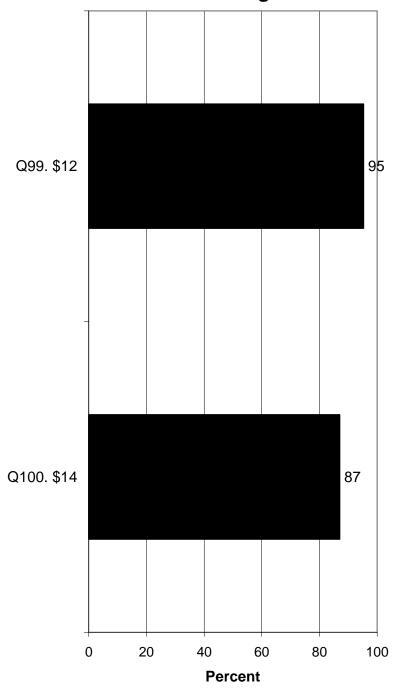
Each respondent who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina was asked one of two questions about the likelihood of their purchasing a fishing license in the next year at an increased cost. Large majorities answered each question that they would be very likely to purchase a fishing license the next year at the given cost: 88% said they would be very likely to purchase a license for \$12, and 75% said they would be very likely to purchase a license for \$14 (the current cost is \$10). Those saying that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license at the increased cost were at 4% for the \$12 cost and 10% for the \$14 cost. (Question 99 and Question 100).

Following the graph showing the percentages saying that they would be very likely to purchase a license is the graph showing the percentages saying that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a license. The appendix contains the individual graphs for each question.

Q99-100. Percent Saying They Would Be Very Likely to Purchase a License at the Following Cost



Q99-100. Percent Saying They Would Be Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase a License at the Following Cost



Q99. Currently, the price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$12? (Asked of approximately half of those who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in SC) (Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase a License at \$12)

STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Prefer information through magazines	-2.02*	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	-2.02*	
Prefer information through newspapers	-2.12*	
Job is in agriculture/farming	-2.17*	
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	-5.09***	



Most likely *not* to say very or somewhat likely.

Q99. Currently, the price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$12? (Asked of approximately half of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in SC) (Not at All Likely to Purchase a License at \$12)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	5.54***
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.46*
Prefer information through newspapers	2.46*
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.3*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED	

Most likely to say that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license.

Q100. Currently, the price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$14? (Asked of approximately half of those who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in SC) (Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase a License at \$14)

STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Retired	-2.57*	
Job is in military	-2.59**	
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	-2.61**	
65 or older	-3.09**	



Most likely *not* to say very or somewhat likely.

Q100. Currently, the price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$14? (Asked of approximately half of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in SC) (Not at All Likely to Purchase a License at \$14)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Job is in military	2.97**
65 or older	2.93**
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.06*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED	

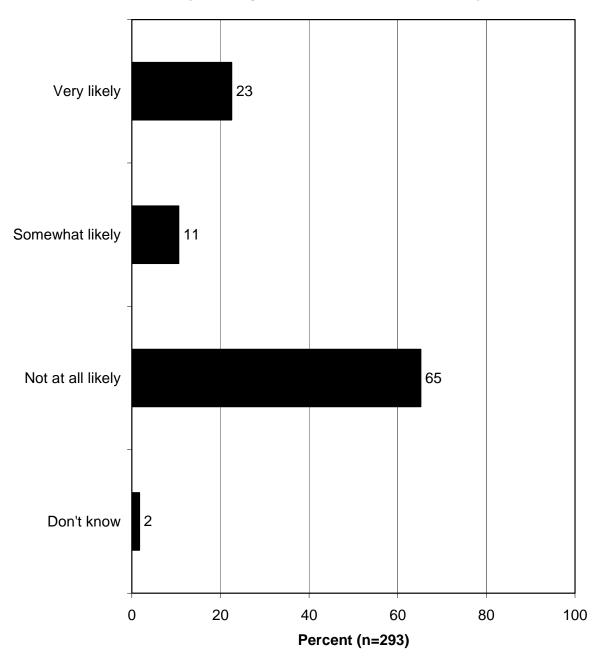
Most likely to say that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license.

Purchasing a license on the Internet using a credit card was not an appealing method to purchase a license for most respondents (those who had purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years): 65% said that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license this way, while only 23% said that they would be very likely to purchase a license in this way. A total of 34% said that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a license this way. The following are some of the characteristics that were associated with those who would purchase a license over the Internet using a credit card: they prefer getting information through the Internet; had fished in saltwater; had been sailing; had an household income of \$100,000 or more. (Question 101).

Q101. How likely would you be to purchase your license on the Internet using a credit card? (Asked of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina.) (Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase a License on the Internet Using a Credit Card)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Prefer information through Internet	4.4***	Most likely to say very
Fished in saltwater	3.2**	or somewhat likely.
Job is in consulting	2.89**	▲
Resides in small city or town	2.42*	
Been sailing	2.39*	
Income is \$100,000 or more	2.29*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Resides in rural area	-2.89**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say very or somewhat likely.

Q101. How likely would you be to purchase your license on the Internet using a credit card? (Asked of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years in South Carolina.)



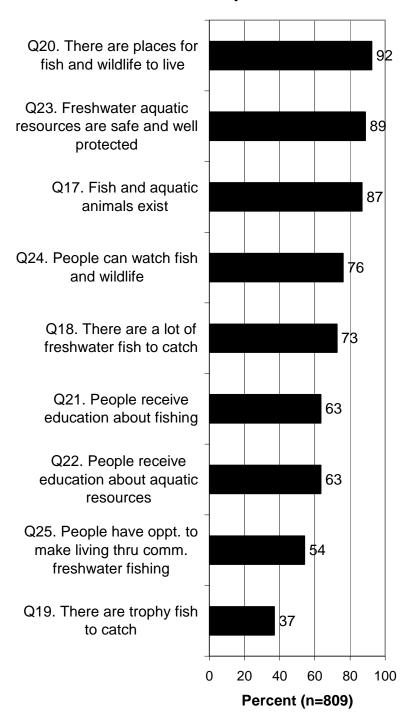
VALUES OF FRESHWATER AQUATIC RESOURCES

The survey asked respondents to rate the importance of nine statements that assessed respondents values toward South Carolina's aquatic resources, and majorities thought all of them with the exception of one were *very* important. The top statement, with 92% saying it was very important, was that South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams provide places for fish and wildlife to live. Also with high percentages saying that the statements were very important were that freshwater aquatic resources are safe and well protected (89% saying this was very important) and that fish and aquatic animals exist in South Carolina (87%). The least valued statement was that there are trophy fish to catch, with only 37% saying this was very important. (Question 17 – Question 25).

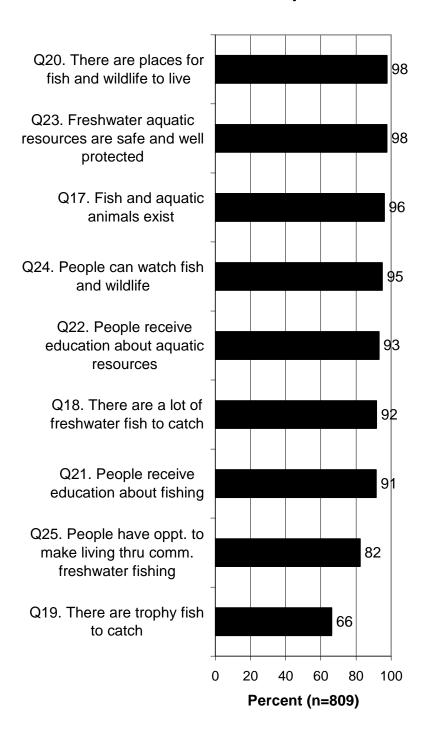
For each question, the z-score tabulation shows those characteristics/behaviors associated with the response that the statement is very or somewhat important. Of the 9 questions, 7 of them showed a positive significant correlation between those rating the program as very or somewhat important and having watched wildlife near water. Having been motorized boating and having been freshwater fishing were positively significantly correlated with those rating the program as very or somewhat important in 5 of the 9 questions, and being white was positively significantly correlated with those rating the program as very or somewhat important in 4 of the 9 questions.

Following the graph showing the percentages who said that the statements are very important is the graph showing the percentages who said that the statements are very or somewhat important. Each statement had a majority saying it was very or somewhat important. The appendix contains the individual graphs for each question.

Q17-25. Percent Rating the Following as Very Important



Q17-25. Percent Rating the Following as Very or Somewhat Important



Q20. Is it important or unimportant that South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams provide places for fish and wildlife to live? (Very or Somewhat Important that SC's Rivers, Lakes, and Streams Provide Places for Fish and Wildlife to Live)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.07**	Most likely to say very
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.11*	or somewhat important.
White	2.04*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TTED] '
Prefer information through regulations handbook	-1.97*	\downarrow
65 or older	-2.32*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.66**	very or somewhat
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.52***	important.

Q23. Is it important or unimportant that freshwater aquatic resources are safe and well protected in South Carolina? (Very or Somewhat Important that Freshwater Aquatic Resources Are Safe and Well Protected in SC)

STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED	
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.28**

Most likely *not* to say very or somewhat important.

Q17. Is it important or unimportant that fish and other aquatic animals exist in South Carolina? (Very or Somewhat Important that Fish and Other Aquatic Animals Exist in SC)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.92***	Most likely to say very
Been motorized boating	2.66**	or somewhat important.
White	2.46*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	'
Income is less than \$19,999	-2.28*	
65 or older	-3.14**	\Box
Other race	-3.36***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Retired	-4.01***	very or somewhat
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-4.26***	important.

Q24. Is it important or unimportant that people can watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams? (Very or Somewhat Important that People Can Watch Fish and Wildlife on and near SC's Rivers, Lakes, and Streams)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.81***	Most likely to say very
White	3.32***	or somewhat important.
Prefer information through direct mail	3**	
Fished in freshwater	2.57*	
Been motorized boating	2.17*	
Some college or trade school	2.02*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	▼
Prefer information through regulations handbook	-2.63**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
African-American	-3.08**	very or somewhat
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-4.19***	important.

Q18. Is it important or unimportant that there are a lot of freshwater fish to catch in South Carolina? (Very or Somewhat Important that There Are a lot of Freshwater Fish to Catch in SC)

Z-SCORE	
4.29***	Most likely to say very
3.27**	or somewhat important.
3.15**	A
2.82**	
2.28*	
2.06*	
TED	
-2.14*	
-2.32*	_
-3**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
-3.15**	very or somewhat
-5.36***	important.
	4.29*** 3.27** 3.15** 2.82** 2.28* 2.06* TED -2.14* -2.32* -3** -3.15**

Q21. Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education about fishing? (Very or Somewhat Important that People in SC Receive Education About Fishing)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Resides in Mountain Region	2.61**	Most likely to say very
Prefer information through direct mail	2.5*	or somewhat important.
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.38*	
Fished in freshwater	2.03*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Job is in agriculture/farming	-2.29*	▼
Resides in small city or town	-2.45*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Homemaker	-2.47*	very or somewhat
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.8**	important.

Q22. Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education regarding aquatic resources other than fishing? (Very or Somewhat Important that People in SC Receive Education Regarding Aquatic Resources Other than Fishing)

	7	_
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.39***	Most likely to say very
Fished in freshwater	2.91**	or somewhat important.
Been motorized boating	2.64**	A
25-34 years old	2.44*	
Resides in Mountain Region	2.28*	
Income is \$100,000 or more	2.12*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	▼
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.71***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say very or somewhat important.

Q25. Is it important or unimportant that people have the opportunity to make a living through commercial freshwater fishing in South Carolina? (Very or Somewhat Important that People Have the Opportunity to Make a Living Through Commercial Freshwater Fishing in SC)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Income is \$60,000 to \$79,999	2.18*	Most likely to say very
Job is in industry	2.11*	or somewhat important.
Prefer information through direct mail	2.11*	↑
Under 18 years old	1.99*] !
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	-2.65**	→
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-3.08**	Most likely not to say
65 or older	-3.33***	very or somewhat
Retired	-3.55***	important.

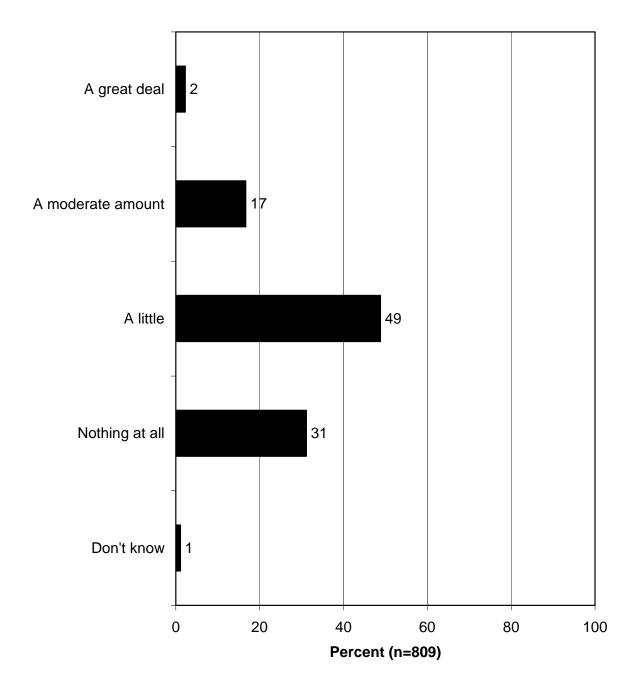
Q19. Is it important or unimportant that there are trophy fish to catch in South Carolina's lakes, rivers, and streams? (Very or Somewhat Important that There Are Trophy Fish to Catch in SC's Lakes, Rivers, and Streams)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Male	7.46***	Most likely to say very
Fished in freshwater	5.61***	or somewhat important.
Been motorized boating	5.05***	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.95***	<u> </u>
Fished in saltwater	3.38***	
Job is in industry	3.29**	
Some college or trade school	2.84**	
Job is in construction/development	2.62**	
Resides in Piedmont Region	2.09*	
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.07*	'
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Resides in small city or town	-2*	
Unemployed	-2.19*	▼
Homemaker	-3.27**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-5.6***	very or somewhat
Female	-7.46***	important.

KNOWLEDGE OF AND OPINIONS ON SCDNR'S FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

A large majority (80%) of respondents knew little or nothing at all about the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs, while 19% knew a great deal or moderate amount (with only 2% saying they knew a great deal). The following are some of the characteristics that are associated with those who knew a great deal or moderate amount about the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs: had fished in freshwater and/or saltwater; are male; had participated in motorized boating, watching wildlife near water, canoeing or kayaking, or sailing; had a job in construction/development or public service; and identified themselves as native American or white. (Question 37).

Q37. Overall, how much would you say you know about the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs?



Q37. Overall, how much would you say you know about the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs? (Knew a Great Deal or Moderate Amount About SCDNR's Freshwater Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Programs)

CHARACTERISTIC	7 CCODE	7
	Z-SCORE	Maat likab
Fished in freshwater	9.02***	Most likely
Fished in saltwater	8.27***	knew a gre
Male	6.65***	moderate
Been motorized boating	6.28***	_
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	4.86***]
Been canoeing or kayaking	3.14**	
Job is in construction/development	2.97**	
Native American	2.82**	
Been sailing	2.79**	
White	2.74**	
45-54 years old	2.55*	
Job is in public service	2.47*	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.31*	
College graduate	2.24*	l
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.58**	
Job is in clerical	-2.63**	
Student	-2.7**	
Homemaker	-3.12**	_
African-American	-3.28**	Most likely
Female	-6.65***	they knew a
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-6.78***	or moderat

Most likely to say they knew a great deal or moderate amount.

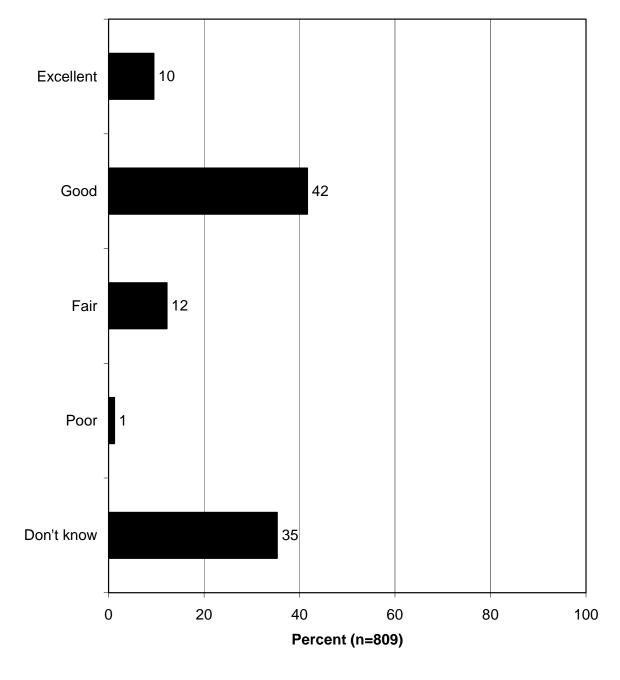
Most likely *not* to say they knew a great deal or moderate amount.

Q37. Overall, how much would you say you know about the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs? (Knew Nothing at All About the SCDNR's Freshwater Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Programs)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	9.14***	Most likely to say they
Female	6.35***	knew nothing at all.
25-34 years old	3.84***	
African-American	3.65***	
Other race	2.31*	
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	2.29*	
Student	2.27*	
Job is in clerical	2.21*	'
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	ΓΤΕD	
Been sailing	-2.08*	
Been canoeing or kayaking	-2.44*	
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	-2.63**	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	-2.63**	
45-54 years old	-3.1**	
Fished in freshwater	-4.59***	
White	-5.38***	
Been motorized boating	-5.89***	
Male	-6.35***	_
Fished in saltwater	-6.7***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	-7.51***	they knew nothing at all.

A majority (52%) of respondents said that the SCDNR does an excellent or good job of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources, broken down to 10% saying excellent and 42% saying good. Only 1% rated the SCDNR's performance as poor, and a relatively high percentage answered that they did not know (35%). The following are some of the characteristics that are associated with those who rated the SCDNR's performance at managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources as excellent or good: are male; had fished in freshwater or saltwater; had a job in construction/development; had participated in motorized boating and/or watching wildlife near water; and identified themselves as white. (Question 38).

Q38. Overall, would you say the South Carolina DNR does an excellent, good, fair, or poor job of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources?



Q38. Overall, would you say the South Carolina DNR does an excellent, good, fair, or poor job of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources? (Rated the Performance of the SCDNR in Managing the State's Freshwater Fisheries and Aquatic Resources as Excellent or Good)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Male	6.85***	Most likely to say
Fished in freshwater	6.83***	excellent or good.
Job is in construction/development	4.53***	A
Fished in saltwater	3.9***	
Been motorized boating	3.61***	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.36***	
White	3.05**	
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	2.78**	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.77**	
Resides in large city or urban area	2.26*	'
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Other race	-1.96*	
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.09*	
African-American	-2.33*	
Homemaker	-3.18**	V
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.94***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Female	-6.85***	excellent or good.

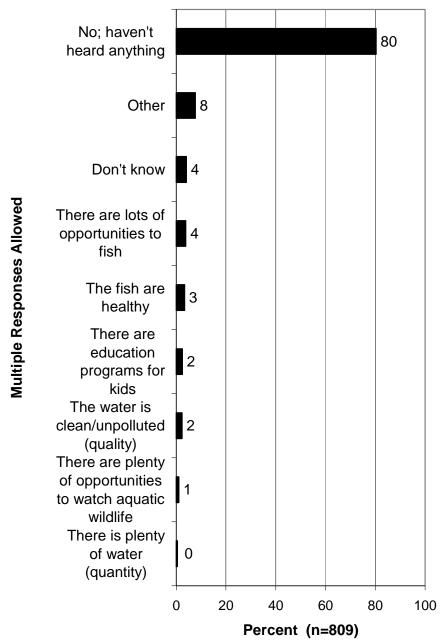
Q38. Overall, would you say the South Carolina DNR does an excellent, good, fair, or poor job of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources? (Rated the Performance as Poor)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Homemaker	2.82**	Most likely to rate
65 or older	2.79**	performance as poor.
Retired	2.46*	1
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		

Despite the fact that a slight majority of respondents rated the SCDNR's performance of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources as excellent or good, 80% said that they had not heard any good things about the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs. On the other hand, 95% said that they had not heard any *bad* things about the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources programs. (Question 40 and Question 43).

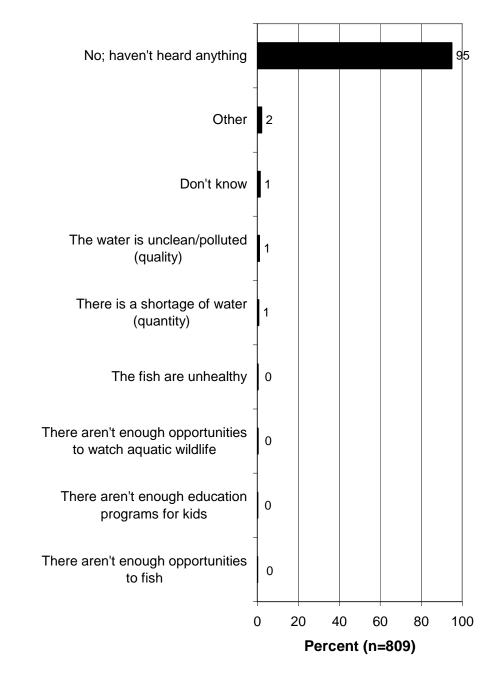
No statistically significant associations were found in characteristics and responses to Questions 40 and 43.

Q40. Have you heard any good things about the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resource programs? If yes: What did you hear?



Multiple Responses Allowed

Q43. Have you heard any bad things about the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resource programs? If yes: What did you hear?



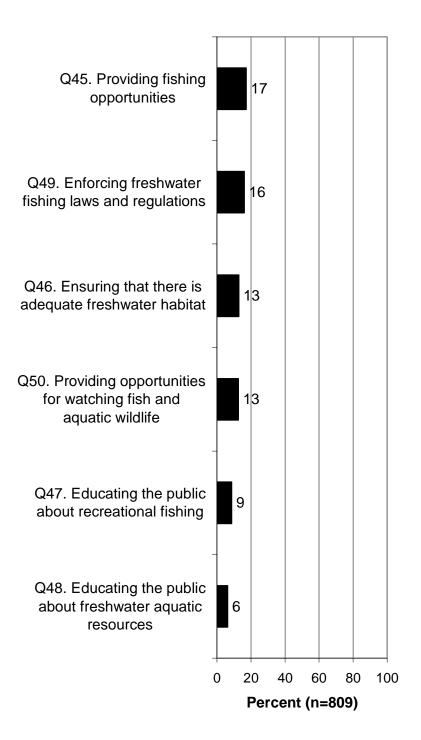
Respondents were asked to rate six of the SCDNR's efforts, as summarized in the tabulation on the following page. Roughly a third answered "don't know" for each question. Otherwise, the lowest ratings were for educational efforts, and the highest ratings were for providing opportunities to fish, enforcing fishing laws and regulations, ensuring that there is adequate habitat, and providing opportunities to watch aquatic wildlife. (Question 45 – Question 50).

The z-scores associated with those who rated the performance as excellent or good for each question are shown below, as well. In the rating of the 6 efforts, some commonalities were found in the z-score analysis. The most important commonality was that having watched wildlife near water was positively significantly correlated with a rating of excellent or good for all 6 efforts. Those characteristics/behaviors positively significantly correlated with ratings of excellent or good in 5 of the 6 efforts were having fished in freshwater and/or saltwater, having been motorized boating, being male, and working in construction/development.

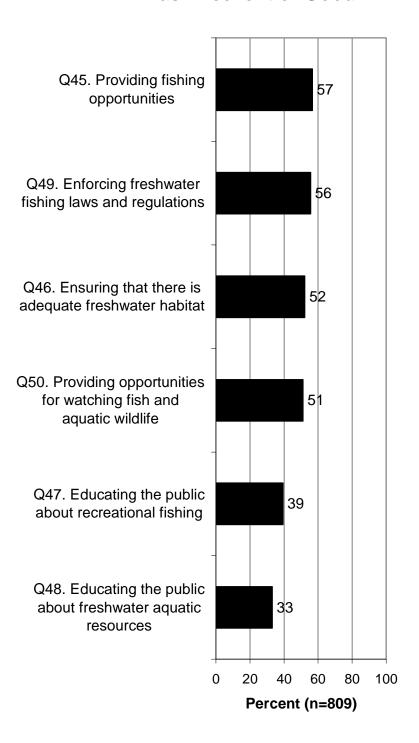
Regarding those who rated the efforts as poor, the only commonality in the z-score analysis was that having been sailing was positively significantly correlated with those rating the efforts as poor in 3 of the 6 efforts.

Following the graph showing the percentages rating the efforts as excellent is the graph showing the percentages rating the efforts as excellent or good. The appendix contains the individual graphs for each question.

Q45-50. Percent Rating the Following DNR Efforts as Excellent



Q45-50. Percent Rating the Following DNR Efforts as Excellent or Good



Rating of SCDNR's Aquatic Efforts and Responsibilities (Ranked by Percent Rating It as Excellent)

Effort	Percent Rating Effort as Excellent	Percent Rating Effort as Excellent or Good	Percent Rating Effort as Poor	Percent Answering "Don't Know"
Q45. Providing fishing opportunities	17	57	2	32
Q49. Enforcing freshwater fishing laws and regulations	16	56	3	32
Q46. Ensuring that there is adequate freshwater habitat	13	52	1	36
Q50. Providing opportunities for watching fish and aquatic wildlife	13	51	4	30
Q47. Educating the public about recreational fishing	9	39	9	31
Q48. Educating the public about freshwater aquatic resources	6	33	10	35

Q45. Overall, how would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in providing fishing opportunities in South Carolina's freshwaters? (Rated the Performance of the SCDNR in Providing Fishing Opportunities in SC's Freshwaters as Excellent or Good)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Fished in freshwater	6.93***
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	6.46***
Male	5.25***
Been motorized boating	4.41***
Job is in construction/development	3.16**
High school graduate or equivalent	2.66**
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.59**
45-54 years old	2.3*
Fished in saltwater	2.24*
Resides in Mountain Region	2.15*
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.01*
Job is in public service	1.98*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
65 or older	-2.1*
Homemaker	-2.15*
Resides in Low County Region	-2.65**
Female	-5.25***
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-6.69***

excellent or good.

Most likely *not* to say excellent or good.

Most likely to say

Q45. Overall, how would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in providing fishing opportunities in South Carolina's freshwaters? (Rated the Performance as Poor)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Hispanic	2.94**	Most likely to rate
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	2.1*	performance as poor.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through direct mail	-2.67**	Most likely <i>not</i> to rate performance as poor.

Q49. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in enforcing freshwater fishing laws and regulations? (Rated the Performance as Poor)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Retired	2.96**	Most likely to rate
Been sailing	2.75**	performance as poor.
Prefer information through radio	2.71**	A
Resides in Low County Region	2.44*	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.33*	
Fished in saltwater	2.1*	
Fished in freshwater	1.97*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through Internet	-2.14*	Most likely <i>not</i> to rate performance as poor.

Q46. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR's efforts to ensure there is adequate aquatic freshwater habitat in South Carolina? (Rated the Performance of the SCDNR in Ensuring There Is Adequate Aquatic Habitat in SC as Excellent or Good)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Male	5.38***	Most like
Fished in freshwater	5.24***	excellent
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	5***	」
Been motorized boating	3.17**	
Job is in construction/development	2.99**	
45-54 years old	2.59**	
High school graduate or equivalent	2.28*	
Fished in saltwater	2.01*	I
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	ΓTED	
25-34 years old	-2.2*]
Income is \$100,000 or more	-2.28*]
Homemaker	-4.43***] ▼
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-5.08***	Most likely
Female	-5.38***	excellent

Most likely to say excellent or good.

Most likely not to say excellent or good.

Q46. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR's efforts to ensure there is adequate aquatic freshwater habitat in South Carolina? (Rated the Performance as Poor)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Job is in public service	2.33*	Most likely to rate performance as poor.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		

Q50. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in providing opportunities to watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams? (Rated the Performance of the SCDNR in Providing Opportunities to Watch Fish and Wildlife on and near SC's Rivers, Lakes, and Streams as Excellent or Good)

, ,	
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	5.62***
Fished in freshwater	4.49***
Been motorized boating	4.04***
Male	3.75***
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	3.24**
Fished in saltwater	2.64**
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	2.25*
18-24 years old	2.08*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Resides in Piedmont Region	-2.41*
Income is \$100,000 or more	-2.95**
Female	-3.75***
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-5.3***

Most likely to say excellent or good.

Most likely not to say excellent or good.

Q50. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in providing opportunities to watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams? (Rated the Performance as Poor)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Resides in Piedmont Region	3.41***	Most likely to rate
Retired	2.39*	performance as poor.
Prefer information through magazines	2.32*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through direct mail	-2.35*	Most likely <i>not</i> to rate performance as poor.

Q47. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in educating the public about recreational fishing in South Carolina's freshwaters? (Rated the Performance of the SCDNR in Educating the Public About Recreational Fishing in SC's Freshwaters as Excellent or Good)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	4.05***	Most likely to say
Been motorized boating	3.46***	excellent or good.
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	3.26**	_ ▲
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.2**	
Job is in construction/development	3.12**	
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	3.05**	
Male	2.49*	
High school graduate or equivalent	2.47*	
Prefer information through radio	2.36*]
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.17*	
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.15*	
Resides in rural area	2*	
Fished in saltwater	2*]
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TTED	
Job is in consulting	-2.01*]
Female	-2.49*	▼
Income is \$100,000 or more	-3.69***	Most likely not to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.7***	excellent or good.

Q47. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in educating the public about recreational fishing in South Carolina's freshwaters? (Rated the Performance as Poor)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Job is in teaching/education	3.45***	Most likely to rate
High school graduate or equivalent	2.53*	performance as poor.
Been sailing	2.41*	A
35-44 years old	2.36*	ļ
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
45-54 years old	-2.19*	Most likely <i>not</i> to rate performance as poor.

Q48. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in educating the public about freshwater aquatic resources other than fishing? (Rated the Performance of the SCDNR in Educating the Public About Freshwater Aquatic Resources Other than Fishing as Excellent or Good)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Job is in construction/development	3.39***
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.93**
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.41*
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	2.24*
Unemployed	2.24*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Job is in teaching/education	-1.99*
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.03**
Income is \$100,000 or more	-3.09**

Most likely to say excellent or good.

Most likely *not* to say excellent or good.

Q48. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in educating the public about freshwater aquatic resources other than fishing? (Rated the Performance as Poor)

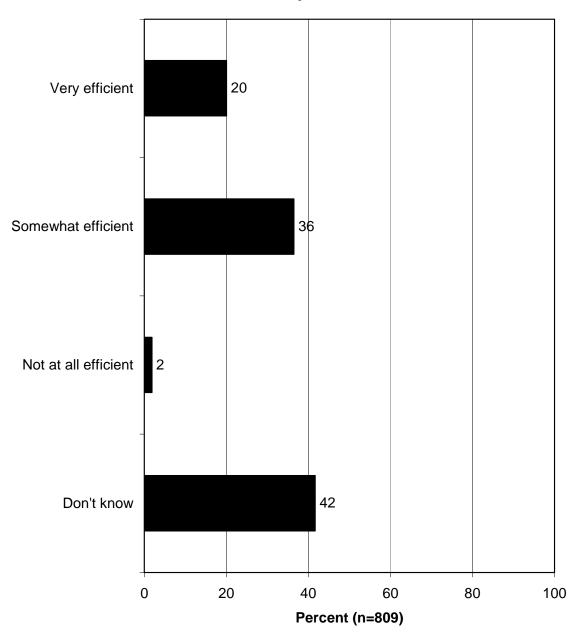
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Job is in teaching/education	2.61**	
Fished in saltwater	2.1*	
Male	2.09*	
Been sailing	2.08*	
Student	1.99*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		
Female	-2.09*	
Job is in public service	-2.31*	

Most likely to rate performance as poor.

Most likely *not* to rate performance as poor.

A majority (56%) said the SCDNR is very or somewhat efficient in spending its money for freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources (20% saying very efficient). Only 2% said the SCDNR is not at all efficient, and 42% said that they did not know. (Question 80).

Q80. Overall, would you say the South Carolina DNR is very efficient, somewhat efficient, or not at all efficient in spending its money for freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources?



Q80. Overall, would you say the South Carolina DNR is very efficient, somewhat efficient, or not at all efficient in spending its money for freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources? (Rated the SCDNR as Very or Somewhat Efficient in Spending Its Money for Freshwater Fisheries and Aquatic Resources)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	8.46***	Most likely to say very
Male	7.53***	or somewhat efficient.
Fished in saltwater	3.91***	♠
Been motorized boating	3.88***	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	3.29**	
Job is in construction/development	2.9**	
Job is in industry	2.83**	
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.68**	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.54*	
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	2.38*	
Resides in Mountain Region	2.36*	
Prefer information through direct mail	2.3*	
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.27*	
Prefer information through magazines	2.15*	
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.1*	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.03*	
Job is in military	1.97*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	ΓΤΕD	
Resides in suburban area	-2.06*	
Job is in consulting	-2.51*	
Job is in teaching/education	-2.55*	
Income is \$100,000 or more	-3.25**	
Homemaker	-3.51***	▼
Graduate or professional degree	-4.04***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-4.51***	very or somewhat
Female	-7.53***	efficient.

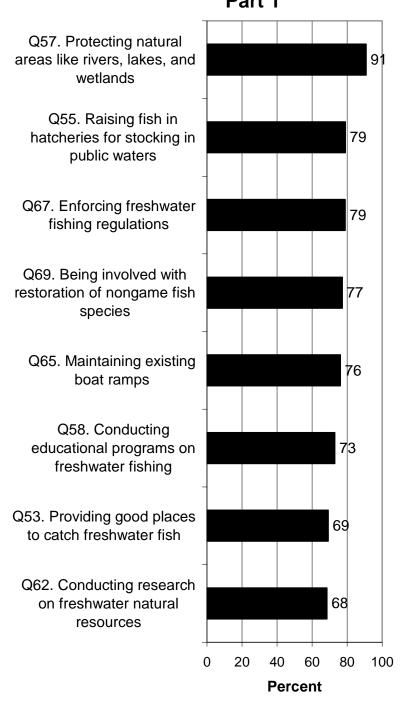
IMPORTANCE OF VARIOUS SCDNR FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

Respondents were asked to rate the importance of 17 programs that the SCDNR undertakes. There were 13 programs that had a majority of respondents rating it as *very* important, with the top program being "protecting natural areas like rivers, lakes, and wetlands" (91% rated this program as very important). Other programs with very high percentages rating them as very important are "raising fish in hatcheries for stocking in public waters" (79%), "enforcing freshwater fishing regulations" (79%), "being involved with restoration of nongame fish species" (77%), and "maintaining existing boat ramps" (76%). The four lowest-rated programs, each with less than a majority who rated it as very important, are "building more boat ramps" (27%), "helping people with private fishing ponds" (39%), "raising fish for people to buy for private ponds" (43%), and "building more fishing piers in lakes" (46%). (Question 53 – Question 69).

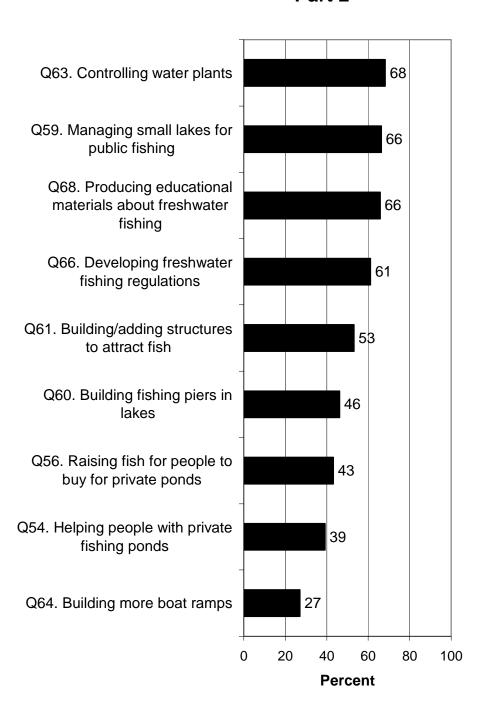
The z-score tabulations show the characteristics associated with a response that the given program is very or somewhat important. There was a positive significant correlation between a rating of very or somewhat important and having been freshwater fishing in 10 of the 17 questions, and there was a positive significant correlation between a rating of very or somewhat important and having been motorized boating in 7 of the 17 questions. Other characteristics positively significantly correlated with a rating of very or somewhat important on many questions include being male (a significant positive z-score on 6 of the 17 questions), being white (a significant positive z-score on 5 of the 17 questions), and having a high school diploma or equivalent but having no further education (a significant positive z-score on 5 of the 17 questions).

Following the graphs showing the percentages rating the programs as *very* important are the graphs showing the percentages rating the programs as very or somewhat important. The appendix contains the individual graphs for each question.

Q53-69. Percent Rating the Following Programs as Very Important Part 1

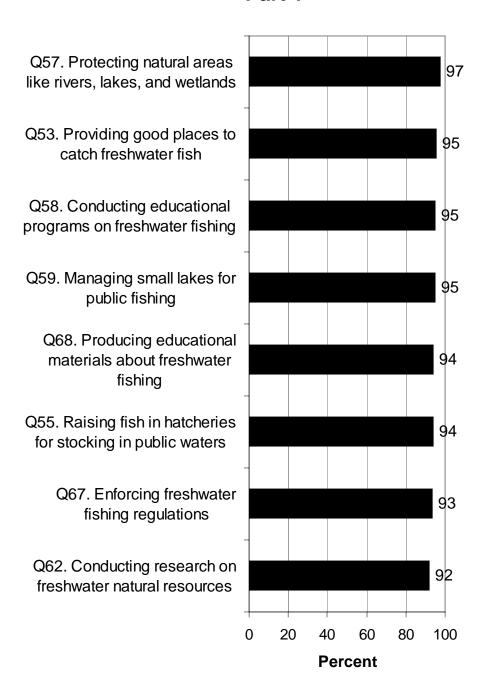


Q53-69. Percent Rating the Following Programs as Very Important Part 2

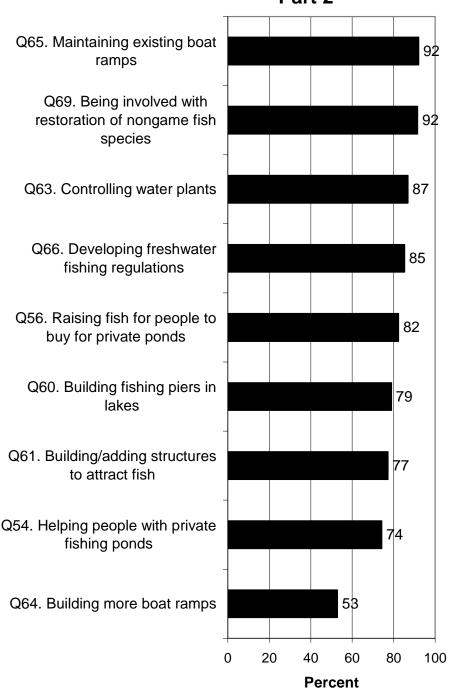


Q53-69. Percent Rating the Following Programs as Very or Somewhat Important

Part 1



Q53-69. Percent Rating the Following Programs as Very or Somewhat Important Part 2



Q57. Do you think protecting natural areas like rivers, lakes, and wetlands is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Protecting Natural Areas Like Rivers, Lakes, and Wetlands Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
White	2.66**	Most likely to say very
Fished in freshwater	2.63**	or somewhat important.
Prefer information through direct mail	2.05*	↑
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	1.99*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Refused Income	-2.03*	
55-64 years old	-2.25*	lacksquare
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.52*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
African-American	-2.61**	very or somewhat
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.9**	important.

Q55. Do you think raising fish in hatcheries for stocking in public lakes and rivers is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Raising Fish in Hatcheries for Stocking in Public Lakes and Rivers Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
White	3.3***	Most likely to say very
Male	3.11**	or somewhat important.
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3**	A
Been motorized boating	2.26*	
45-54 years old	2.08*	
Fished in freshwater	1.97*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Unemployed	-1.96*	
Asian-American	-1.96*	
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-1.99*	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.22*	
55-64 years old	-2.26*	
African-American	-2.77**	▼
Job is in consulting	-3.03**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Female	-3.11**	very or somewhat
Other race	-3.9***	important.

Q67. Do you think enforcing freshwater fishing regulations is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Enforcing Freshwater Fishing Regulations Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Male	2.97**	Most likely to say very
White	2.54*	or somewhat important.
Resides in Piedmont Region	2.17*	A
High school graduate or equivalent	2.04*	
Fished in freshwater	1.98*	<u>'</u>
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through radio	-2.06*	1
Prefer information through newspapers	-2.09*	▼
Been canoeing or kayaking	-2.83**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Female	-2.97**	very or somewhat
Resides in Low County Region	-3.24**	important.

Q69. Do you think being involved with the restoration of nongame fish species that are possibly threatened with extinction is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Being Involved with the Restoration of Nongame Fish Species that Are Possibly Threatened with Extinction Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
35-44 years old	2.06*	Most likely to say very
Some college or trade school	2.03*	or somewhat important.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
65 or older	-2.33*	
Job is in agriculture/farming	-2.93**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	-3.37***	very or somewhat
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-3.7***	important.

Q65. Do you think maintaining existing boat ramps is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Maintaining Existing Boat Ramps Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Been motorized boating	2.47*	Most likely to say very
Resides in Piedmont Region	2.21*	or somewhat important.
High school graduate or equivalent	2.07*	
Fished in freshwater	2.07*	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.05*	
Male	1.98*	
Been canoeing or kayaking	1.97*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Female	-1.98*	
Income is less than \$19,999	-2.29*	
55-64 years old	-2.4*	
Graduate or professional degree	-2.44*	_
Homemaker	-2.55*	Most likely not to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.08**	very or somewhat
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-3.35***	important.

Q58. Do you think conducting educational programs on freshwater fishing and aquatic natural resources is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Conducting Educational Programs on Freshwater Fishing and Aquatic Natural Resources Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Been motorized boating	2.42*	Most likely to say very
White	2.36*	or somewhat important.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
African-American	-2.37*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say very or somewhat
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.71**	important.

Q53. Do you think providing good places to go and catch freshwater fish is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Providing Good Places to Go and Catch Freshwater Fish Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Prefer information through direct mail	2.72**	Most likely to say very
45-54 years old	2.07*	or somewhat important.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Disabled	-1.99*	
Income is less than \$19,999	-2.15*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Student	-2.45*	very or somewhat
Job is in sales/retail	-4.11***	important.

Q62. Do you think conducting research to answer questions about the state's freshwater natural resources is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Conducting Research to Answer Questions About the State's Freshwater Natural Resources Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	3.26**	Most likely to say very
Male	2.36*	or somewhat important.
Resides in Low County Region	2.34*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.25*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Female	-2.36*	very or somewhat important.

Q63. Do you think controlling water plants that bother boaters, anglers, and homeowners using lakes and rivers is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Controlling Water Plants that Bother Boaters, Anglers, and Homeowners Using Lakes and Rivers Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Been motorized boating	2.4*	Most likely to say very
High school graduate or equivalent	2.18*	or somewhat important.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.09*	Most likely not to say
Homemaker	-2.29*	very or somewhat
Prefer information through TV	-3.06**	important.

Q59. Do you think managing small lakes, accessible by bank or boat anglers, around the state for public fishing is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Managing Small Lakes Around the State for Public Fishing Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
White	3.19**	Most likely to say very
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.9**	or somewhat important.
Fished in freshwater	2.73**	A
45-54 years old	2.71**	
Been motorized boating	2.53*	
35-44 years old	2.03*	
Resides in Low County Region	2.02*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Resides in Pee Dee Region	-2.18*	
Student	-2.27*	▼
African-American	-2.84**	Most likely not to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.57***	very or somewhat
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-5.12***	important.

Q68. Do you think producing educational materials about freshwater fish and fishing, such as brochures, is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Producing Educational Materials About Freshwater Fish and Fishing Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	2.94**	Most I
High school graduate or equivalent	2.61**	or som
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		

Most likely to say very or somewhat important.

Q66. Do you think developing freshwater fishing regulations is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Developing Freshwater Fishing Regulations Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
High school graduate or equivalent	2.41*	Most likely to say very
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.08*	or somewhat important.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through radio	-2.07*	
65 or older	-2.08*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Resides in Low County Region	-2.23*	very or somewhat
Income is \$80,000 to \$99,999	-2.45*	important.

Q61. Do you think building/adding structures to attract more fish in lakes is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Building/Adding Structures to Attract More Fish in Lakes Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	7
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	3.61***	Most likely to say very
Male	3.59***	or somewhat important.
Fished in saltwater	3.47***	↑
Been motorized boating	2.84**	
Job is in industry	2.8**	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.75**	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.85**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Female	-3.59***	very or somewhat
Homemaker	-3.72***	important.

Q60. Do you think building fishing piers in lakes is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Building Fishing Piers in Lakes Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.77**	Mos
Resides in rural area	2.45*	or so
Prefer information through magazines	2.22*	
Resides in suburban area	1.99*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Job is in agriculture/farming	-2.48*	Mo
Resides in small city or town	-3.33***	Ve

Most likely to say very or somewhat important.

1

Most likely *not* to say very or somewhat important.

Q56. Do you think raising fish for people to buy for their private ponds is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Raising Fish for People to Buy for Their Private Ponds Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

		_
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Male	2.75**	Most likely to say very
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.47*	or somewhat important.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Income is \$100,000 or more	-2.09*	
African-American	-2.29*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Female	-2.75**	very or somewhat
Prefer information through newspapers	-2.8**	important.

Q54. Do you think helping people with their private fishing ponds is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Helping People with Their Private Fishing Ponds Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

Z-SCORE	
2.65**	Most likely to say very
2.56*	or somewhat important.
2.15*	_
2.07*	
2.05*	'
TED	
-1.96*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
-2.43*	very or somewhat
-2.95**	important.
	2.65** 2.56* 2.15* 2.07* 2.05* TED -1.96* -2.43*

Q64. Do you think building more boat ramps is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.) (Building More Boat Ramps Is a Very or Somewhat Important Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Been motorized boating	3.33***	Most likely t
55-64 years old	2.36*	or somewha
Fished in freshwater	2.25*	_ ▲
Fished in saltwater	2.02*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		

Most likely to say very or somewhat important.

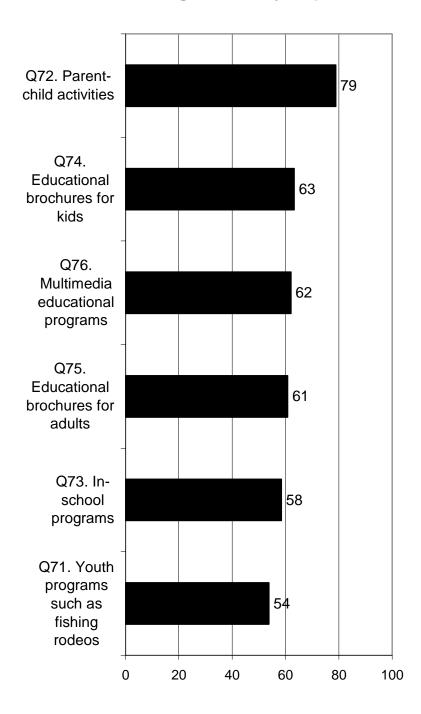
IMPORTANCE OF VARIOUS SCDNR FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES EDUCATION PROGRAMS

Respondents rated the importance of six educational programs of the SCDNR, and for each program, a majority rated it as *very* important, as shown in the tabulation on the following page. The leading program was "parent-child activities," with 79% having rated it as very important. The program with the lowest percentage having rated it as very important, although still a majority, was "youth programs such as fishing rodeos" (54%). (Question 71 – Question 76).

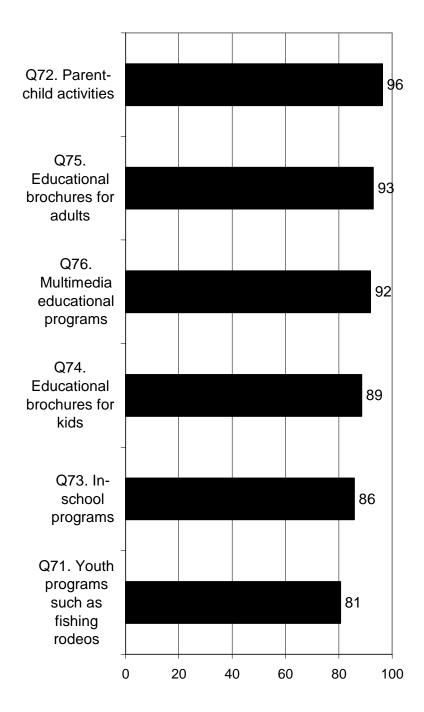
The z-score tabulations show the characteristics associated with a response that the given educational program is very or somewhat important. Several characteristics/behaviors were positively correlated with a rating of very or somewhat important for this series of questions: in 5 of the 6 questions, those who gave a rating of very or somewhat important were positively significantly related to having watched wildlife near water; and in 3 of the 6 questions, those who gave a rating of very or somewhat important were positively significantly related to having been motorized boating. Interestingly, fishing was not a strong factor: in only 2 of the 6 questions was having been freshwater fishing positively significantly correlated with those respondents answering very or somewhat important, and in only 1 of the 6 questions was having been saltwater fishing positively significantly correlated with those respondents answering very or somewhat important.

Following the graph showing the percentages rating the educational programs as very important is the graph showing the percentages rating the educational programs as very or somewhat important. The appendix contains the individual graphs for each question.

Q71-76. Percent Rating the Following Educational Programs Very Important



Q71-76. Percent Rating the Following Educational Programs Very or Somewhat Important



Importance Rating of SCDNR's Educational Programs (Ranked by Percent Rating It as Very Important)

Educational Program	Percent Rating Educational Program as Very Important	Percent Rating Educational Program as Very or Somewhat Important	Percent Rating Educational Program as Very Unimportant	Percent Rating Educational Program as Very or Somewhat Unimportant
Q72. Parent-child activities	79	96	1	2
Q74. Educational brochures for kids	63	89	2	9
Q76. Multimedia educational programs	62	92	2	5
Q75. Educational brochures for adults	61	93	2	6
Q73. In-school programs	58	86	3	10
Q71. Youth programs such as fishing rodeos	54	81	5	12

Q72. Do you think parent-child activities are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR? (Parent-Child Activities Are Very or Somewhat Important Education Programs for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	2.62**	Most likely to say very
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.5*	or somewhat important.
Been motorized boating	2.06*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through radio	-2.15*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Job is in consulting	-2.23*	very or somewhat important.

Q75. Do you think producing educational brochures for adults is an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR? (Producing Educational Brochures for Adults Is a Very or Somewhat Important Education Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.81**	Most likely to say very
Income is less than \$19,999	2.18*	or somewhat important.
Been motorized boating	1.97*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Job is in agriculture/farming	-2.05*	Most likely not to say
35-44 years old	-2.06*	very or somewhat
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.17**	important.

Q76. Do you think producing other multimedia educational programs, such as TV, an Internet page, etc., is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Producing Other Multimedia Educational Programs Is a Very or Somewhat Important Education Program for the SCDNR)

Z-SCORE	
3.03**	Most likely to say very
2.4*	or somewhat important.
2.13*	
TED	
-2.2*	Most likely not to say
-2.8**	very or somewhat
-3.25**	important.
	3.03** 2.4* 2.13* TED -2.2* -2.8**

Q74. Do you think producing educational brochures for kids is an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR? (Producing Educational Brochures for Kids Is a Very or Somewhat Important Education Program for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.27**	Most likely to say very
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.68**	or somewhat important.
Resides in rural area	2.62**	
Resides in Pee Dee Region	2.57*	
Student	2.01*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
College graduate	-2.8**	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	-3.22**	▼
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.28**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Resides in small city or town	-3.52***	very or somewhat
35-44 years old	-3.53***	important.

Q73. Do you think in-school programs such as teacher workshops are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR? (In-School Programs Are Very or Somewhat Important Education Programs for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.43*	Most likely to say very or somewhat important.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.36*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Asian-American	-2.94**	very or somewhat important.

Q71. Do you think youth programs such as fishing rodeos are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR? (Youth Programs such as Fishing Rodeos Are Very or Somewhat Important Education Programs for the SCDNR)

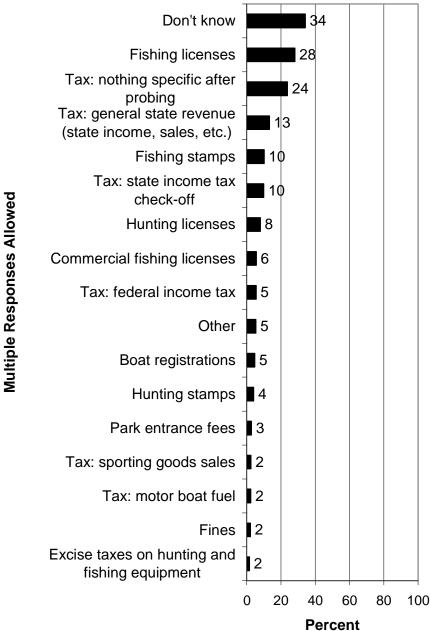
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
White	4.3***	Most likely to say very
Fished in freshwater	3.39***	or somewhat important.
Prefer information through direct mail	3.15**	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.92**	
Job is in construction/development	2.76**	
Fished in saltwater	2.65**	
Male	2.61**	
Income is \$60,000 to \$79,999	2.49*	
Been motorized boating	2.3*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through newspapers	-1.96*	
Disabled	-2.04*	
African-American	-2.1*	
Income is less than \$19,999	-2.16*	
Female	-2.61**	▼
Under 18 years old	-2.72**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.01**	very or somewhat
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-3.88***	important.

FUNDING FOR SCDNR'S FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

Regarding funding, recall that 20% of respondents said that the SCDNR was *very* efficient and 36% said that the SCDNR was somewhat efficient in spending its money for freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources (a total of 56% saying very or somewhat efficient), while 2% said that the SCDNR was not at all efficient. A relatively large percentage (42%) said that they did not know. (The graph and z-score tabulation for this question are presented in the section, "Knowledge of and Opinions on SCDNR's Freshwater Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Programs.") (Question 80).

Q82. The most common answer among respondents regarding where funding for freshwater fishing opportunities comes from in South Carolina was "don't know" (34%). The next most popular answers were fishing licenses (28%) and taxes in general (24%). The following characteristics are associated with those who knew that fishing license fees were a source of funding: are male; had fished in freshwater and/or saltwater; identified themselves as white; had participated in motorized boating and/or watching wildlife near water; and had a job in industry or consulting.

Q82. Where do you think funding for freshwater fishing opportunities comes from in South Carolina?



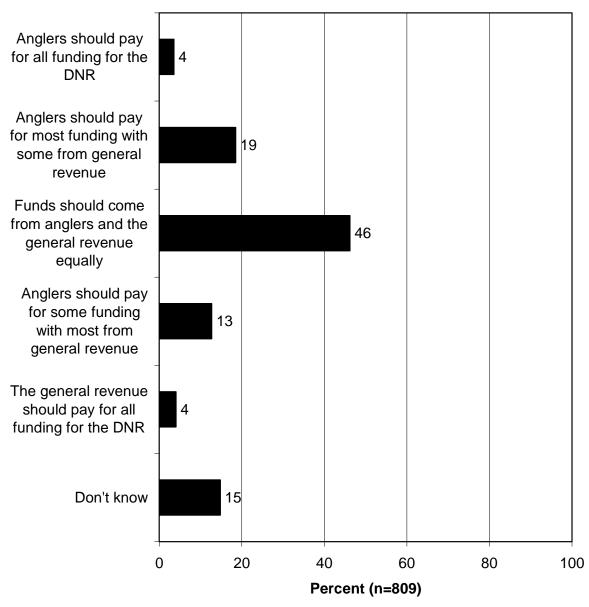
Q82. Where do you think funding for freshwater fishing opportunities comes from in South Carolina? (Said that Funding for Freshwater Fishing Opportunities Comes from Fishing License Fees)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Male	7.14***
Fished in freshwater	6.3***
White	5.34***
Been motorized boating	5.14***
Fished in saltwater	4.61***
Job is in industry	3.63***
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.27**
45-54 years old	3.15**
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	3.11**
Prefer information through direct mail	2.64**
Job is in consulting	2.25*
Prefer information through SCDNR offices	2.2*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES ON	MITTED
Job is in sales/retail	-2.18*
Homemaker	-2.51*
Under 18 years old	-2.68**
Prefer information through TV	-3.08**
18-24 years old	-3.18**
Student	-3.49***
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-4.15***
African-American	-4.21***
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-5.1***
Female	-7.14***

Most likely to say funding comes from fishing license fees.

Most likely *not* to say unding comes from ishing license fees.

Q84. The South Carolina DNR freshwater fisheries program receives only limited funding from the general state revenue. Recognizing that all state spending comes from the taxes that South Carolinians pay, which of the following options do you support?



Respondents were asked about funding options for the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources program, and a plurality responded that funds should come from anglers and the general revenue equally (46%). At either end of the spectrum, 4% thought that anglers should pay for all of the funding for the SCDNR, and 4% thought that the general revenue should pay for all of the funding for the SCDNR. (Question 84).

Q84. Which of the following options do you support regarding funding for the SCDNR? (Said Anglers Should Pay for All Funding for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Disabled	2.05*
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	1.99*
Unemployed	1.98*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Prefer information through newspapers	-2.02*

Most likely to say anglers should pay for all funding.

Most likely *not* to say anglers should pay for all funding.

Q84. Which of the following options do you support regarding funding for the SCDNR? (Said Anglers Should Pay for Most Funding for the SCDNR with Some from General Revenue)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
35-44 years old	2.96**
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.93**
Male	2.69**
Been sailing	2.54*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
18-24 years old	-2.54*
Female	-2.69**

Most likely to say anglers should pay for some funding with some from general revenue.

Most likely *not* to say anglers should pay for some funding with some from general revenue.

Q84. Which of the following options do you support regarding funding for the SCDNR? (Said Funds for the SCDNR Should Come from Anglers and General Revenue About Equally)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
18-24 years old	2.55*
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.12*
Prefer information through newspapers	1.99*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.04*
Unemployed	-2.08*

Most likely to say anglers and general revenue should fund about equally.

Most likely *not* to say anglers and general revenue should fund about equally.

Q84. Which of the following options do you support regarding funding for the SCDNR? (Said Anglers Should Pay for Some Funding, with Most from General Revenue, for the SCDNR)

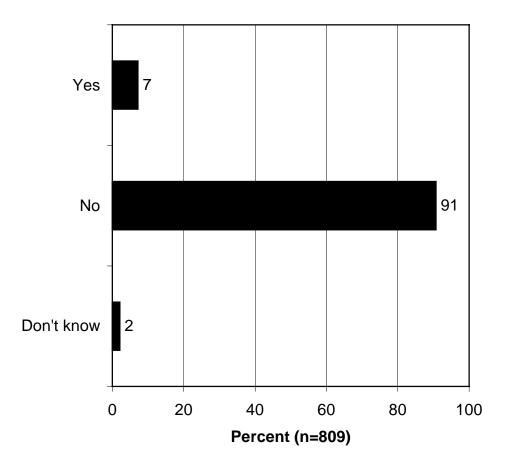
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Income is \$100,000 or more	4.1***	Most likely to say
45-54 years old	2.71**	anglers should pay for
Prefer information through regulations handbook	2.45*	some funding with most
College graduate	2.38*	from general revenue.
Job is in consulting	2.33*	_
Fished in saltwater	2.29*	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.23*	
Graduate or professional degree	2.07*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Been sailing	-2.2*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
65 or older	-2.4*	anglers should pay for some funding with most
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.71**	from general revenue.

Q84. Which of the following options do you support regarding funding for the SCDNR? (Said General Revenue Should Pay for All Funding for the SCDNR)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Native American	2.77**	Most likely to say
Resides in rural area	2.4*	general revenue should
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	2.21*	pay for all funding.
55-64 years old	2.15*	
Retired	2.07*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	, i

An overwhelming majority (91%) of respondents had not heard of the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program, also known as the Dingell-Johnson Program or the Wallop-Breaux Program, before this survey. However, after being informed of the program, 55% indicated that they support the program (25% strongly supporting); only 9% said that they oppose the program. (Question 85 and Question 86).

Q85. Before this survey, had you ever heard of the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program, sometimes referred to as the Dingell-Johnson Program, and more recently as the Wallop-Breaux Program? (Asked after program was explained)



Q85. Before this survey, had you ever heard of the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program, sometimes referred to as the Dingell-Johnson Program, and more recently as the Wallop-Breaux Program? (Had Heard of the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program Before the Survey)

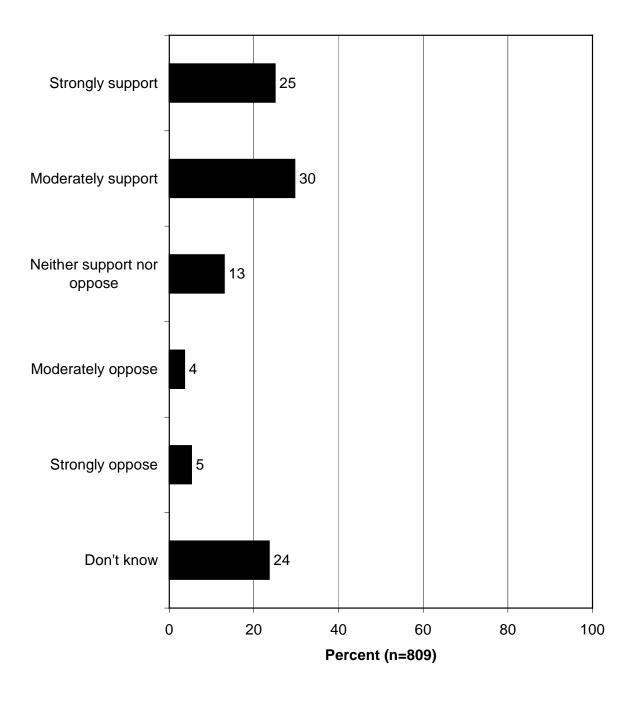
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	4.32***
Fished in saltwater	3.49***
Male	3.41***
Fished in freshwater	3.19**
Asian-American	2.85**
Been motorized boating	2.81**
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Female	-3.41***
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.59***

Most likely to say they had heard of the Program before the survey.



Most likely *not* to say they had heard of the Program before the survey.

Q86. Do you support or oppose the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program? (Asked after program was explained)



Q86. Do you support or oppose the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program? (Supports the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
		Most likely to support
		the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration
Male	5.5***	Program.
Been motorized boating	2.95**	
Fished in freshwater	2.88**	-
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.81**	1
Job is in industry	2.78**	-
Fished in saltwater	2.78**]
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.63**	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.58*	
Job is in construction/development	2.34*	
Been sailing	2.28*	
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.1*	
Resides in Mountain Region	2.03*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through Other	-1.96*	
Disabled	-2.2*	
Homemaker	-2.65**	▼
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-4.68***	Most likely not to
		support the Federal Aid
Female	-5.5***	in Sport Fish Restoration Program.

Q86. Do you support or oppose the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program? (Opposed the Program)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	7
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	2 303.12	Most likely to oppose
		the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration
Fished in saltwater	2.99**	Program.
Been motorized boating	2.32*	1
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.13*	
Fished in freshwater	2.09*	
55-64 years old	2.01*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TTED	
Resides in small city or town	-2.08*	▼
Prefer information through Internet	-2.53*	Most likely not to
		oppose the Federal Aid in Sport Fish
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	-2.7**	Restoration Program.

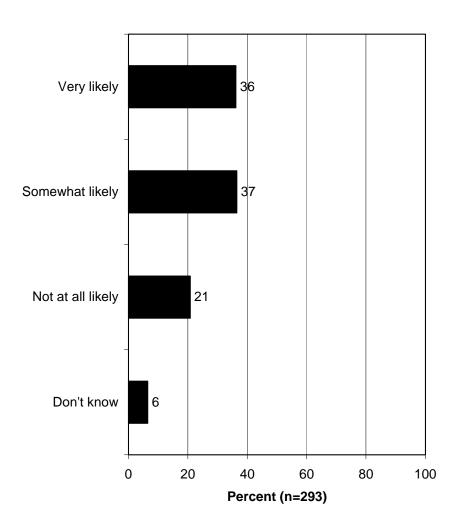
The survey asked respondents about their likelihood of purchasing a fishing license or stamp in three situations, with fairly consistent results for all three questions. For each situation, a majority (from 53% to 61%) indicated that they would be *very or somewhat* likely to purchase a fishing license or stamp. When looking only at those who said that they would be *very* likely to purchase a fishing license or stamp, the survey found that 30% would be very likely to purchase a fishing license, even if not to be used, with the proceeds going to improve water quality; 28% would be very likely to purchase a fishing license, even if not to be used, as a way to support freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources conservation; and 25% would be very likely to purchase a fishing stamp to fish for certain hatchery-raised fish, such as striped bass and trout, with the proceeds going toward the SCDNR's freshwater fisheries program. (Question 87 - Question 89).

An analysis was performed on responses to likelihood of purchasing a stamp to fish certain hatchery-raised species (Question 87) by those who had purchased a license in the past 2 years (from Question 90), those who indicated that they had fished in freshwater in the past 2 years (from Question 6), and those who had fished in saltwater in the past 2 years (from Question 6). Among those who had purchased a license in the past 2 years, 73% indicated that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a stamp to fish certain hatchery-raised species, and 36% indicated that they would be very likely to purchase a stamp. Among those who had fished in freshwater in the past 2 years, 73% indicated that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a stamp to fish certain hatchery-raised species, and 37% indicated that they would be very likely to purchase a stamp. Finally, among those who had fished in saltwater in the past 2 years, 77% indicated that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a stamp to fish certain hatchery-raised species, and 36% indicated that they would be very likely to purchase a stamp to fish certain hatchery-raised species, and 36% indicated that they would be very likely to purchase a stamp. Note that these amounts (ranging from 73% to 77%) indicating that they would be likely to purchase a stamp to fish certain hatchery-raised species are higher than those among the general population who said they would be likely to purchase a stamp (57%).

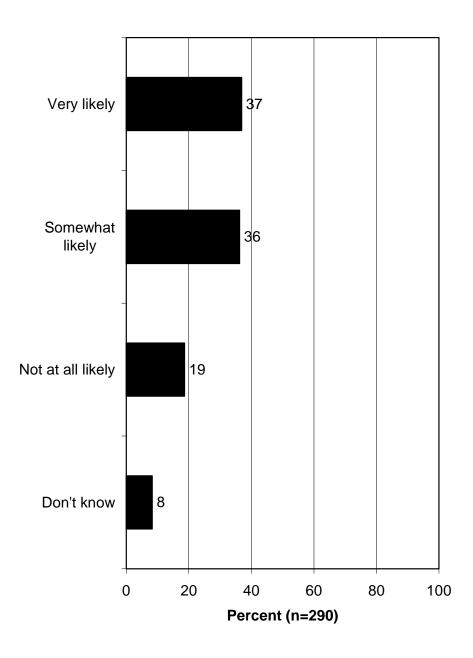
The z-score tabulations show the characteristics associated with those who said they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a license or stamp in the specific situation.

Following the graph showing the percentages saying that they would be very likely to purchase a license or stamp is the graph showing the percentages saying that they would be very or somewhat likely to purchase a license or stamp. The appendix contains the individual graphs for each question.

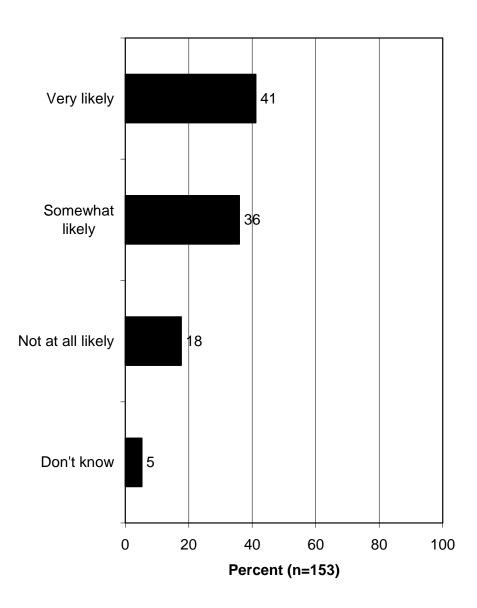
Q87. How likely would you be to purchase a stamp required to fish for certain hatchery-raised species with the proceeds going to the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries program? (Analysis of those who had purchased a fishing license from Question 90)



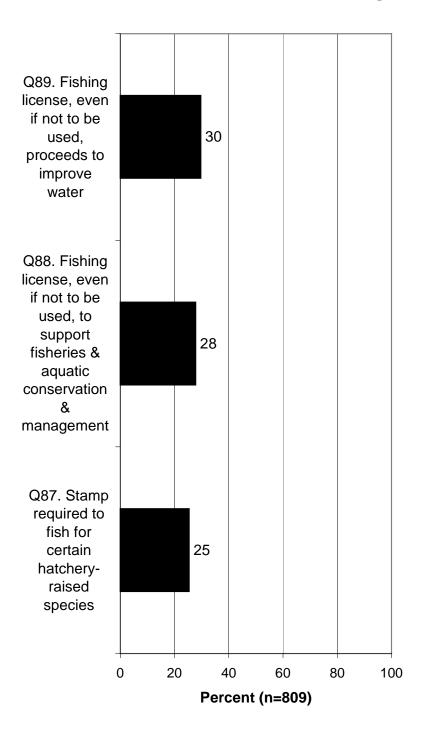
Q87. How likely would you be to purchase a stamp required to fish for certain hatchery-raised species with the proceeds going to the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries program? (Analysis of those who fished in freshwater from Question 6)



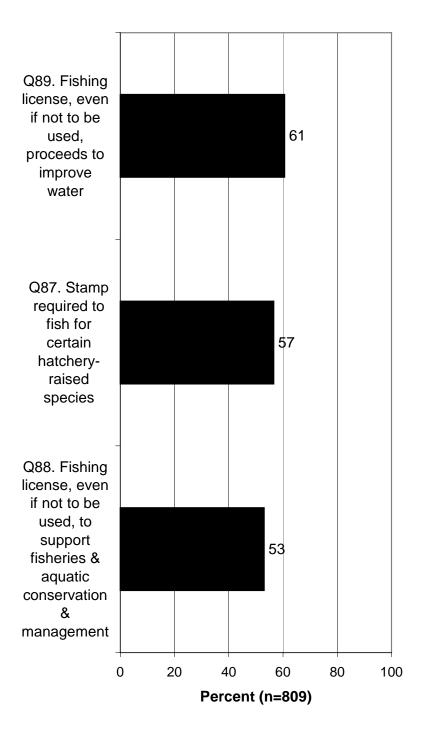
Q87. How likely would you be to purchase a stamp required to fish for certain hatchery-raised species with the proceeds going to the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries program? (Analysis of those who fished in saltwater from Question 6)



Q87-89. Percent Saying They Would Be Very Likely to Purchase the Following



Q87-89. Percent Saying They Would Be Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase the Following



Q89. How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, even if you did not plan on fishing, where the proceeds would help improve water quality? (Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase a Fishing License, Even If Not to Be Used, Where the Proceeds Would Help Improve Water Quality)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	6.35***	Most likely to say very
Fished in saltwater	3.55***	or somewhat likely.
Job is in construction/development	3.14**	
High school graduate or equivalent	3.09**	
Male	3.06**	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.67**	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.63**	
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.5*	
Been canoeing or kayaking	2.48*	
Job is in industry	2.42*	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.33*	
Been motorized boating	2.23*	
45-54 years old	2.16*	
Prefer information through direct mail	2.16*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	ΓΤΕD	i .
Female	-3.06**	
Retired	-3.11**	_
65 or older	-3.55***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-4.63***	very or somewhat likely.

Q89. How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, even if you did not plan on fishing, where the proceeds would help improve water quality? (Not at All Likely to Purchase a Fishing License, Even If Not to Be Used, Where the Proceeds Would Help Improve Water Quality)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	4.37***	Most likely to say that
Job is in teaching/education	2.41*	they would be not at all
Female	2.31*	likely to purchase a license.
Job is in consulting	2.3*	licerise.
Graduate or professional degree	2.24*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Been motorized boating	-1.96*	
45-54 years old	-2.1*	
Job is in industry	-2.29*	
Male	-2.31*	
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	-2.48*	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	-2.71**	_ ▼
Job is in construction/development	-2.71**	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
High school graduate or equivalent	-3.2**	that they would be not
Fished in freshwater	-3.36***	at all likely to purchase a license.
Fished in saltwater	-5.86***	

Q88. How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, even if you did not plan on using it, as a way to support freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources conservation and management? (Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase a Fishing License, Even If Not to Be Used, as a Way to Support Freshwater Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Conservation and Management)

		– – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	10.02***	Most likely to say very
Male	7.02***	or somewhat likely.
Fished in saltwater	5.73***	_
Been motorized boating	5.11***	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	4.02***	
Job is in construction/development	3.69***	
Job is in industry	3.55***	
Prefer information through direct mail	3.49***	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	2.6**	
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	2.52*	
Been canoeing or kayaking	2.45*	
High school graduate or equivalent	2.43*	
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.27*	
Been sailing	2.25*	
Under 18 years old	2.13*	
18-24 years old	2.08*	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.04*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Graduate or professional degree	-1.97*	
Retired	-2.54*	
Job is in clerical	-3.05**	
65 or older	-3.22**	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-6.02***	Most likely not to say
Female	-7.02***	very or somewhat likely.

Q88. How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, even if you did not plan on using it, as a way to support freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources conservation and management? (Not at All Likely to Purchase a Fishing License, Even If Not to Be Used, as a Way to Support Freshwater Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Conservation and Management)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Female	5.98***
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	5.93***
Job is in clerical	3.58***
Graduate or professional degree	2.31*
65 or older	2.01*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Income is \$20,000 to \$39,999	-2*
18-24 years old	-2.06*
Prefer information through regulations handbook	-2.23*
Been canoeing or kayaking	-2.31*
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	-2.34*
High school graduate or equivalent	-2.52*
African-American	-2.6**
Prefer information through direct mail	-2.71**
Job is in industry	-3.16**
Job is in construction/development	-3.38***
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	-3.94***
Been motorized boating	-4.4***
Fished in freshwater	-5.41***
Male	-5.98***
Fished in saltwater	-9.59***

Most likely to say that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license.

Most likely *not* to say that they would be not at all likely to purchase a license.

Q87. How likely would you be to purchase a stamp required to fish for certain hatchery-raised species, such as striped bass and trout, with the proceeds going to the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries program? (Very or Somewhat Likely to Purchase a Stamp)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in freshwater	7.07***	Most likely to say very
Fished in saltwater	5.68***	or somewhat likely.
Male	5.26***	
Been motorized boating	5***	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	4.6***	
Prefer information through direct mail	4.07***	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	3.82***	
Job is in industry	3.02**	
Been canoeing or kayaking	2.83**	
Native American	2.64**	
45-54 years old	2.13*	
Job is in construction/development	2.04*	
Been sailing	1.97*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	ΓΤΕD	
Retired	-2.13*	
65 or older	-2.48*	
Homemaker	-3.8***	▼
Female	-5.26***	Most likely <i>not</i> to say
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-6.24***	very or somewhat likely.

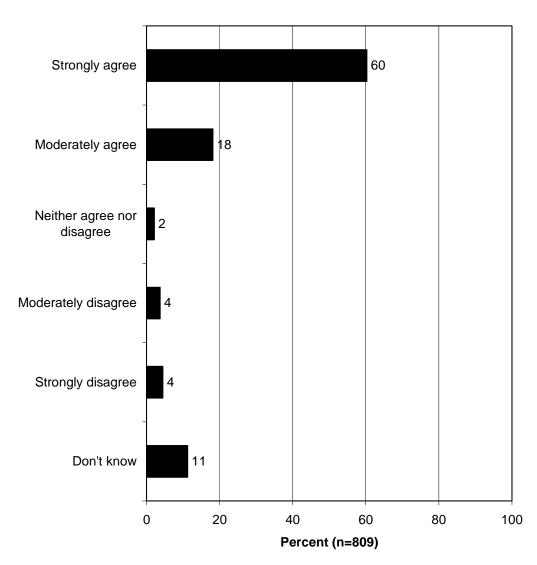
Q87. How likely would you be to purchase a stamp required to fish for certain hatchery-raised species, such as striped bass and trout, with the proceeds going to the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries program? (Not at All Likely to Purchase a Stamp)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	6.32***	Most likely to say that
Female	3.92***	they would be not at all likely to purchase a
Homemaker	3.32***	stamp.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through magazines	-1.96	
African-American	-2.15*	
Job is in industry	-2.19*	
Native American	-2.22*	
Been sailing	-2.39*	
Been canoeing or kayaking	-2.53*	
Prefer information through direct mail	-3.36***	
Male	-3.92***	▼
Been motorized boating	-4.37***	Most likely not to say
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	-4.74***	that they would be not
Fished in freshwater	-5.02***	at all likely to purchase
Fished in saltwater	-7.34***	a stamp.

POTENTIAL REGULATORY CHANGES, INCLUDING REGULATIONS REGARDING DAMS

A large majority (78%) of respondents agreed that the SCDNR should require dam owners to put fish passage facilities at the dams so as not to impede migrating fish, with 60% having strongly agreed. (Question 70).

Q70. Some dams block the migration of fish, which negatively impacts these fish. Do you agree or disagree that the South Carolina DNR should require dam owners to put fish passage facilities at these dams?



Q70. Some dams block the migration of fish, which negatively impacts these fish. Do you agree or disagree that the South Carolina DNR should require dam owners to put fish passage facilities at these dams? (Agreed that the SCDNR Should Require Dam Owners to Put Fish Passage Facilities at Dams)

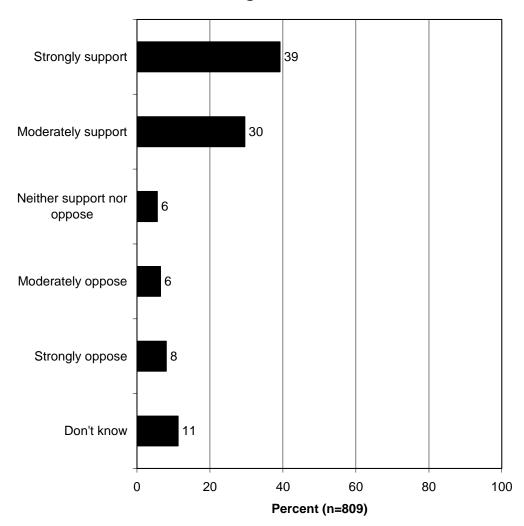
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Resides in small city or town	2.89**	Most likely to agree.
Prefer information through Internet	2.36*	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.24*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
65 or older	-2.35*	Most likely not to agree.

Q70. Some dams block the migration of fish, which negatively impacts these fish. Do you agree or disagree that the South Carolina DNR should require dam owners to put fish passage facilities at these dams? (Disagreed that Dam Owners Should Be Required to Put Fish Passage Facilities at These Dams)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	2.3*	Most likely to disagree
Resides in Piedmont Region	2*	with requirement.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Resides in Low County Region	-2.07*	Most likely <i>not</i> to disagree with
Resides in small city or town	-2.13*	requirement.

A majority (69%) of respondents supported giving the SCDNR the ability to set fishing regulations in lieu of having the South Carolina State Legislature do so, with 39% strongly supporting this action. A majority (64%) also supported giving the SCDNR the ability to set fishing license fees, with 36% strongly supporting this action. The z-score tabulations show the characteristics associated with those who support and oppose each action. (Question 102 and Question 103).

Q102. The SC State Legislature makes all decisions regarding fisheries and aquatic resources, including setting fishing regulations and license fees. Would you support or oppose giving the South Carolina DNR the ability to set fishing regulations?



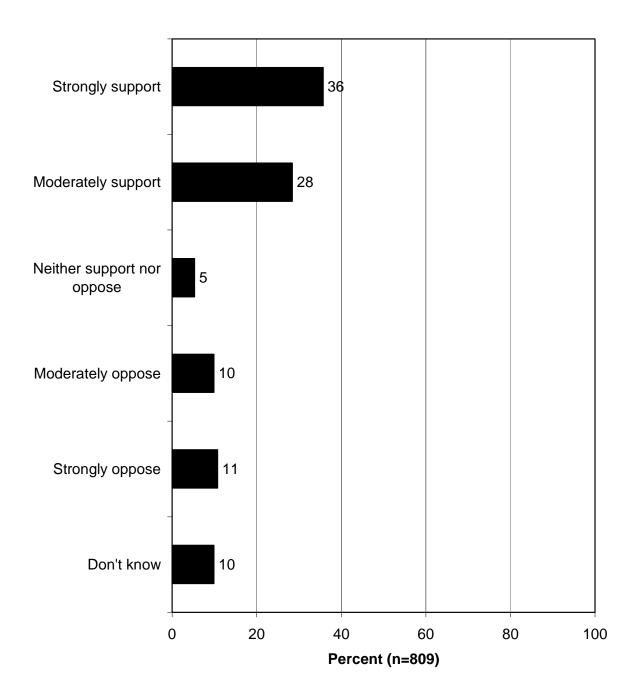
Q102. Would you support or oppose giving the South Carolina DNR the ability to set fishing regulations? (Strongly or Moderately Support Giving the SCDNR the Ability to Set Fishing Regulations)

Z-SCORE	
2.71**	Most likely to support.
2.67**	A
2.66**	
2.49*	
2.32*	
2.31*	
2.09*	
1.99*	
1.99*	
TTED	
-2.01*	
-2.32*	
-2.67**	
-2.79**	▼
-2.96**	Most likely not to
-3.52***	support.
	2.71** 2.67** 2.66** 2.49* 2.32* 2.31* 2.09* 1.99* 1.99* TTED -2.01* -2.32* -2.67** -2.79** -2.96**

Q102. Would you support or oppose giving the South Carolina DNR the ability to set fishing regulations? (Opposed Giving the SCDNR the Ability to Set Fishing Regulations)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Job is in medical	3.26**	Most likely to oppose.
Resides in large city or urban area	2.31*	
Fished in saltwater	2.31*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Resides in small city or town	-2.06*	Most likely <i>not</i> to oppose.

Q103. Would you support or oppose giving the South Carolina DNR the ability to set fishing license fees?



Q103. Would you support or oppose giving the South Carolina DNR the ability to set fishing license fees? (Strongly or Moderately Support Giving the SCDNR the Ability to Set Fishing License Fees)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Prefer information through direct mail	2.48*	Most likely to support.
Graduate or professional degree	2.34*	
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.11*	T
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	-2.33*	Most likely not to
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.84**	support.

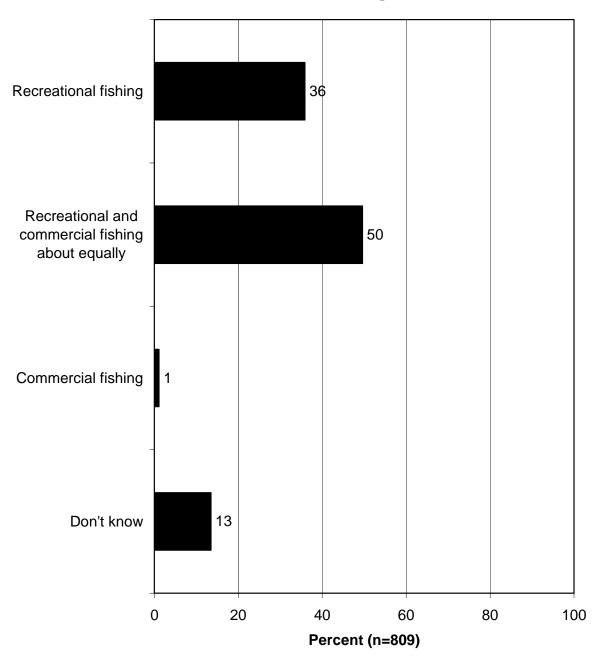
Q103. Would you support or oppose giving the South Carolina DNR the ability to set fishing license fees? (Oppose Giving the SCDNR the Ability to Set Fishing License Fees)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Male	3.64***	Most likely to oppose.
Fished in freshwater	3.64***	
Prefer information through regulations handbook	3.1**	
Prefer information through license agent/sporting goods store	2.99**	
Job is in industry	2.8**	
College graduate	2.57*	
Fished in saltwater	2.56*	
45-54 years old	2.25*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
55-64 years old	-1.97*	
Graduate or professional degree	-2.18*	▼
Prefer information through direct mail	-2.24*	Most likely not to
Female	-3.64***	oppose.

SCDNR'S POTENTIAL INVOLVEMENT WITH COMMERCIAL FISHING

Recreational fishing was perceived to be more important for the SCDNR's involvement than is commercial fishing. In total, 86% of respondents thought the SCDNR should emphasize its recreational fishing efforts (36% saying recreational fishing should be the sole emphasis, 50% saying both recreational and commercial fishing should be emphasized), and 51% thought the SCDNR should emphasize its commercial fishing efforts (1% saying commercial fishing should be the sole emphasis, 50% saying both recreational and commercial fishing should be emphasized). The z-score tabulations show the characteristics associated with a response that the SCDNR should emphasize the specific area related to fishing. (Question 77).

Q77. In your opinion, do you think the South Carolina DNR should emphasize recreational fishing or do you think the DNR should be involved with commercial fishing as well?



Q77. In your opinion, do you think the South Carolina DNR should emphasize recreational fishing or do you think the DNR should be involved with commercial fishing as well? (SCDNR Should Emphasize Recreational Fishing)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE
Male	4.77***
Fished in freshwater	4.29***
High school graduate or equivalent	3.37***
Been motorized boating	2.86**
White	2.62**
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.42*
Resides in Mountain Region	2.42*
Prefer information through pamphlets/brochures	2.39*
Job is in sales/retail	2.24*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Resides in Pee Dee Region	-2.33*
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-2.85**
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-3.33***
Female	-4.77***

Most likely to say the SCDNR should emphasize recreational fishing.

Most likely *not* to say the SCDNR should emphasize recreational fishing.

Q77. In your opinion, do you think the South Carolina DNR should emphasize recreational fishing or do you think the DNR should be involved with commercial fishing as well? (SCDNR Should Emphasize Recreational and Commercial Fishing About Equally)

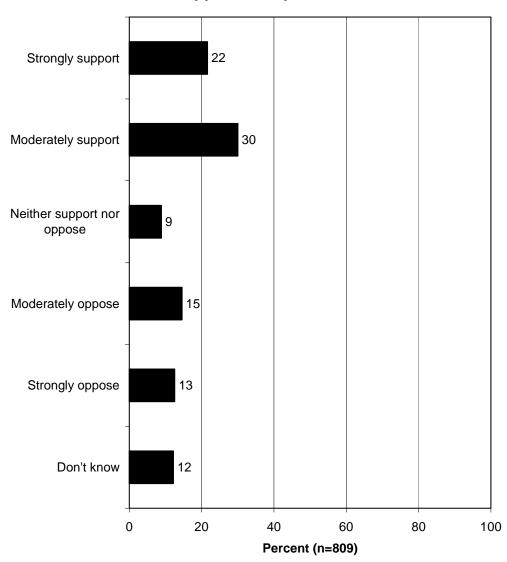
Z-SCORE	
2.5*	Most likely to say the
2.4*	SCDNR should
2.26*	emphasize recreational
2.26*	and commercial fishing about equally.
2.21*	about equally.
TED	
-2.28*	Most likely <i>not</i> to say the SCDNR should
-2.9**	emphasize recreational
-3.07**	and commercial fishing about equally.
	2.5* 2.4* 2.26* 2.26* 2.21* TED -2.28* -2.9**

Q77. In your opinion, do you think the South Carolina DNR should emphasize recreational fishing or do you think the DNR should be involved with commercial fishing as well? (SCDNR Should Emphasize Commercial Fishing)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	١
Hispanic	3.65***	er
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	1.98*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		

Most likely to say the SCDNR should emphasize commercial fishing. A majority (52%) supported the practice of having some anglers catch freshwater fish, such as catfish, for the purpose of commercial sale. An even larger majority (70%) supported allowing commercial interests to raise freshwater fish, such as bass or crappie, for sale to the public in grocery stores and restaurants. The z-score tabulations show the characteristics associated with those who support and oppose the given positions. (Question 78 and Question 79).

Q78. Some anglers in South Carolina catch freshwater fish such as catfish for the purpose of commercial sale. In general, do you support or oppose this practice?



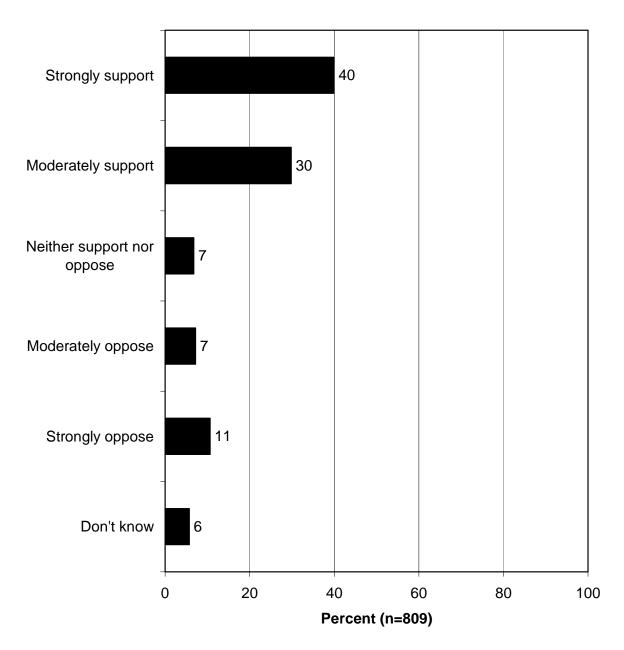
Q78. Some anglers in South Carolina catch freshwater fish such as catfish for the purpose of commercial sale. In general, do you support or oppose this practice? (Support Allowing Some Anglers to Catch Freshwater Fish for Commercial Sale)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.79**	Most likely to support.
Male	2.34*	A
Fished in saltwater	2.33*	
Asian-American	2.17*	
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.09*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	
Job is in consulting	-2*	Most likely not to
Female	-2.34*	support.

Q78. Some anglers in South Carolina catch freshwater fish such as catfish for the purpose of commercial sale. In general, do you support or oppose this practice? (Opposed Allowing Some Anglers to Catch Freshwater Fish for Commercial Sale)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Male	2.12*	Most likely to oppose.
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMITTED		
Female	-2.12*	
Prefer information through newspapers	-2.28*	Most likely not to
25-34 years old	-2.53*	oppose.

Q79. Do you support or oppose allowing commercial interests to raise freshwater fish, such as largemouth bass, crappie, or striped bass, for sale to the public in restaurants and grocery stores?



Q79. Do you support or oppose allowing commercial interests to raise freshwater fish, such as largemouth bass, crappie, or striped bass, for sale to the public in restaurants and grocery stores? (Support Allowing Commercial Interests to Raise Freshwater Fish for Sale to the Public in Restaurants and Grocery Stores)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.46*	Most likely to support.
Resides in large city or urban area	2.1*	
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED	'
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.03*	
Resides in small city or town	-2.05*	
Income is less than \$19,999	-2.41*	▼
Retired	-2.8**	Most likely not to
65 or older	-3.3**	support.

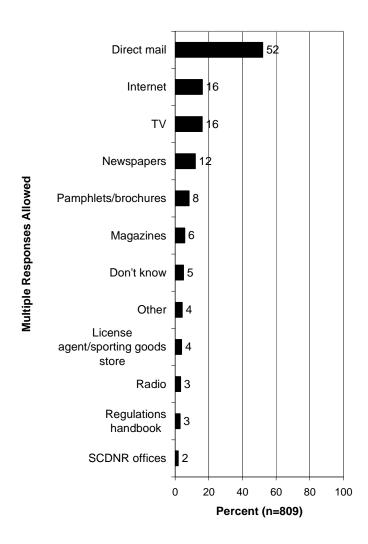
Q79. Do you support or oppose allowing commercial interests to raise freshwater fish, such as largemouth bass, crappie, or striped bass, for sale to the public in restaurants and grocery stores? (Opposed Allowing Commercial Interests to Raise Freshwater Fish for Sale to the Public in Restaurants and Grocery Stores)

CHARACTERISTIC	Z-SCORE	
Fished in saltwater	3.33***	Most likely to oppose.
Retired	2.8**	<u></u>
Male	2.45*	
Prefer information through magazines	2.31*	
65 or older	2.31*	1
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT		
Female	-2.45*	Most likely <i>not</i> to oppose.

WAYS FOR THE SCDNR TO PROVIDE INFORMATION ABOUT FRESHWATER FISHERIES AND AQUATIC RESOURCES PROGRAMS

A majority (52%) of respondents favored direct mail as the best way for them to receive information on fishing and aquatic resources. The next most popular ways to receive information on fishing and aquatic resources were the Internet (16%), television (16%), and newspapers (12%). (Question 105).

Q105. What is the best way for you to receive information on fishing or aquatic resources?

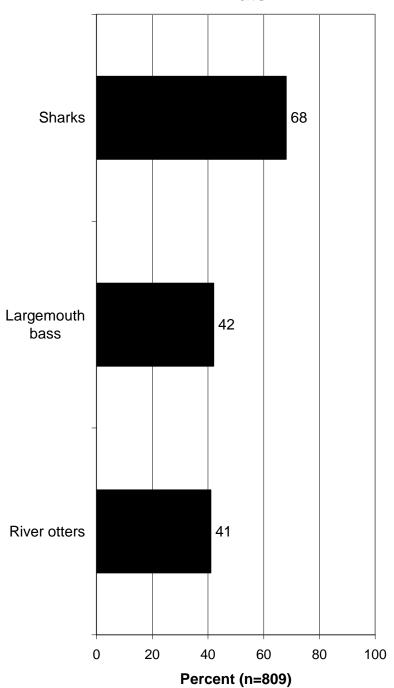


KNOWLEDGE OF AQUATIC WILDLIFE

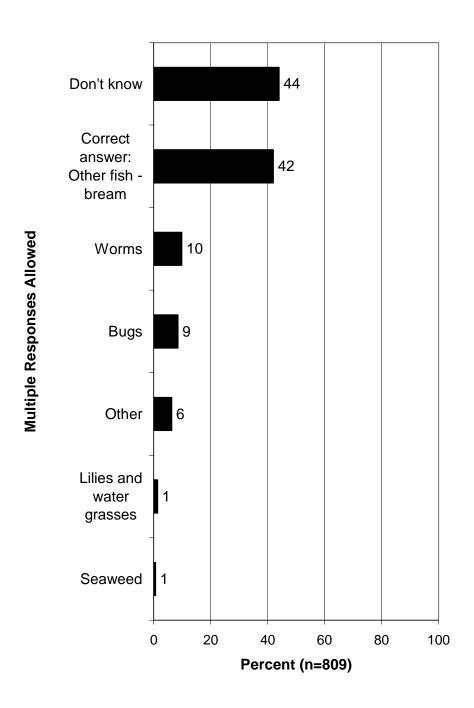
In assessing general knowledge about basic aquatic species, only 1 of the 3 questions asked concerning what types of food did three aquatic species eat was answered correctly by a majority of respondents. Correct knowledge of what type of food sharks eat was the highest of the three species: 68% of respondents correctly named the kind of food that sharks usually eat (saltwater fish). Correct knowledge about other basic aquatic wildlife was low with less than a majority being able to identify the correct food of largemouth bass or river otters. Less than a majority (42%) of respondents correctly named the kind of food that largemouth bass eat (other fish, including bream), and nearly the same percentage (41%) correctly named the kind of food that river otters usually eat (fish and frogs).

The z-score tabulations show the characteristics associated with a correct response to the aquatic wildlife knowledge questions are shown below. (Question 29, Question 32, and Question 35).

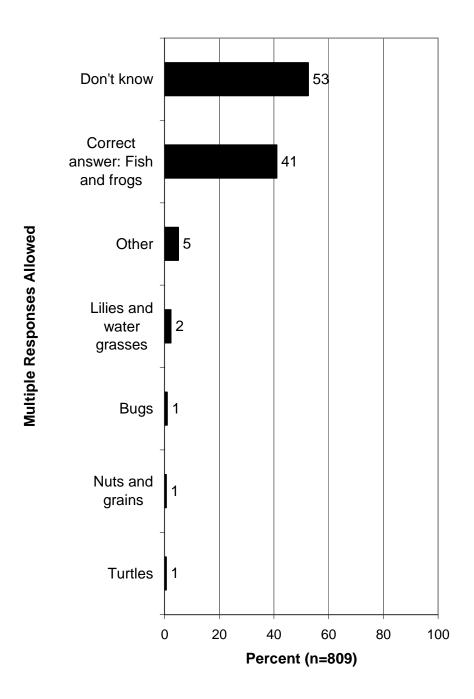
Q29, 32, and 35. Percent Providing the Correct Answer Regarding the Kind of Food the Species Eats



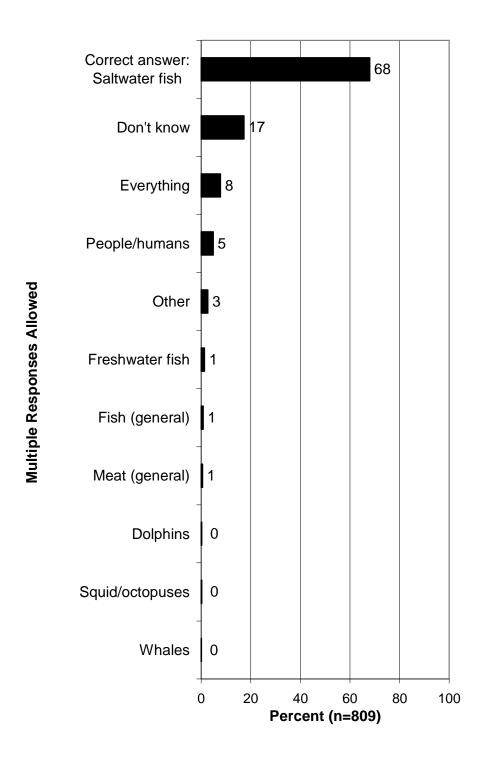
Q29. What kind of food do largemouth bass eat?



Q32. What does a river otter usually eat?



Q35. What type of food do sharks usually eat?



Q29. What kind of food do largemouth bass eat? (Answered Correctly by Saying Other Fish – Bream)	Z-SCORE
CHARACTERISTIC	2 000112
Male	8.06***
Fished in freshwater	7.44***
Fished in saltwater	5.95***
Been motorized boating	4.84***
White	4.3***
Job is in industry	3.56***
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	3.32***
Job is in construction/development	2.66**
65 or older	2.65**
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.56*
35-44 years old	2.51*
Job is in agriculture/farming	2.41*
Resides in Pee Dee Region	2.39*
Retired	2.16*
Income is \$80,000 to \$99,999	2.03*
Prefer information through direct mail	2.01*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Refused age	-2.01*
Refused income	-2.09*
Under 18 years old	-2.2*
Don't know which medium prefer information through	-2.24*
Refused race	-2.26*
Student	-2.87**
Don't know income	-2.87**
African-American	-3.01**
Homemaker	-3.14**
18-24 years old	-3.34***
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-4.87***
Female	-8.06***

Most likely to say correct answer.

Most likely *not* to say correct answer.

Q32. What does a river otter usually eat? (Answered Correctly	
by Saying Fish and Frogs)	Z-SCORE
CHARACTERISITC	
Fished in freshwater	5.51***
Male	4.85***
Fished in saltwater	4.42***
Been motorized boating	3.98***
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	3.64***
Job is in industry	2.26*
Prefer information through direct mail	2.18*
Job is in consulting	1.96
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Job is in sales/retail	-2.32*
Don't know which medium prefer information through	-2.77**
Refused age	-2.9**
Female	-4.85***
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-5.43***

Most likely to say correct answer.



Most likely *not* to say correct answer.

Q35. What type of food do sharks usually eat? (Answered Correctly Saying Saltwater Fish)	Z-SCORE
CHARACTERISTIC	Z-3CORE
White	4.87***
Prefer information through direct mail	3.59***
Fished in freshwater	2.96**
Been motorized boating	2.37*
Been canoeing or kayaking	2.37*
Income is \$40,000 to \$59,999	2.3*
Watched wildlife near a lake, stream, or river	2.29*
Resides in small city or town	2.24*
Some college or trade school	2.09*
STATISTICALLY INSIGNIFICANT VARIABLES OMIT	TED
Job is in sales/retail	-1.97*
Graduate or professional degree	-2.07*
Grades 1-12, but no HS diploma	-2.08*
Don't know what activities participated in	-2.53*
Don't know income	-3.02**
Refused race	-3.02**
Participated in none of the activities listed in Q6	-3.03**
African-American	-3.2**
Don't know which medium prefer information through	-3.54***
Refused to indicate type of residence	-3.92***

Most likely to say correct answer.

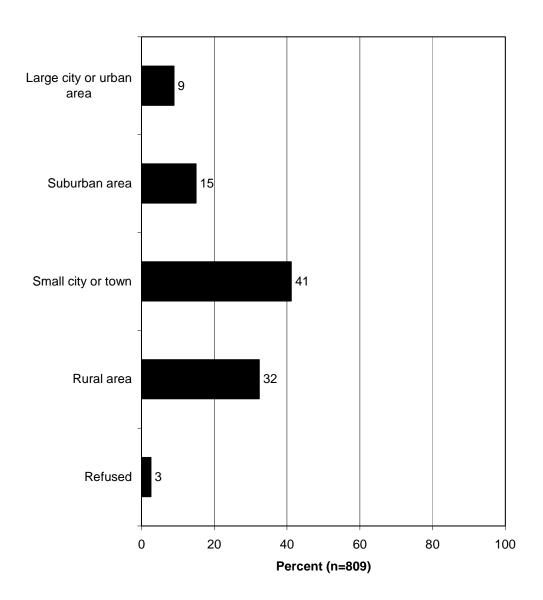


Most likely *not* to say correct answer.

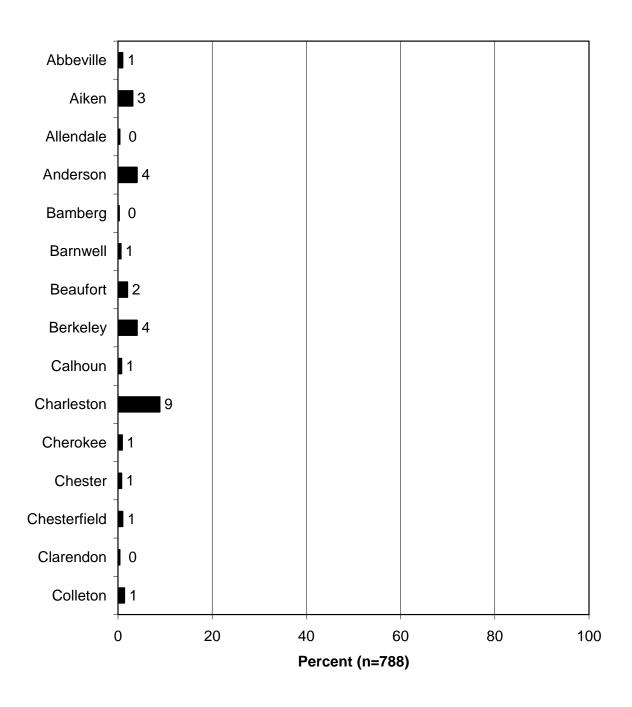
DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

A plurality indicated that their place of residence is a small city or town (41%), followed by rural area (32%). Following the graph of place of residence are the graphs for the county of residence and the graph of region of residence. (Question 108 and Question 109).

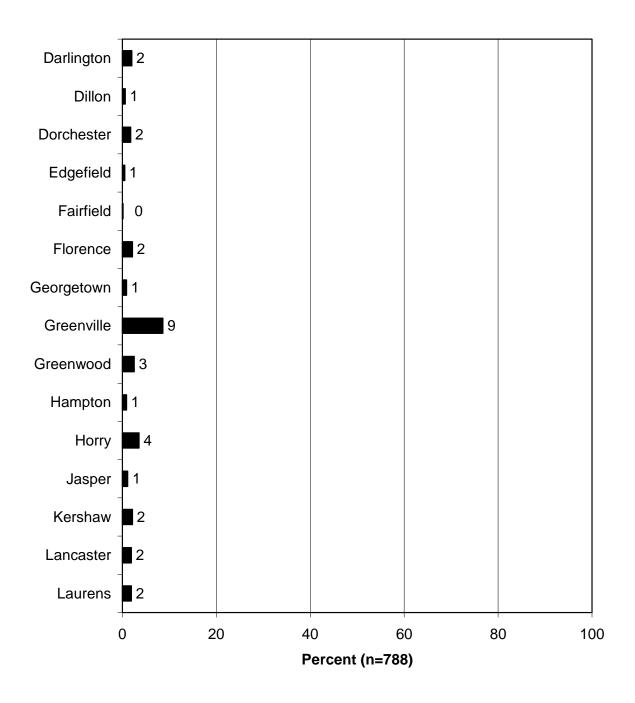
Q108. Do you consider your place of residence to be in a large city or urban area, a suburban area, a small city or town, or a rural area?



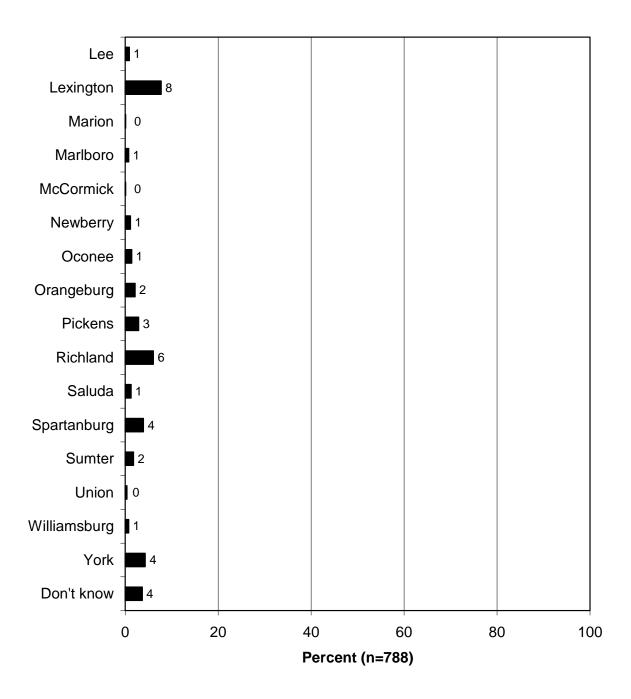
Q109. In what county do you live? Part 1



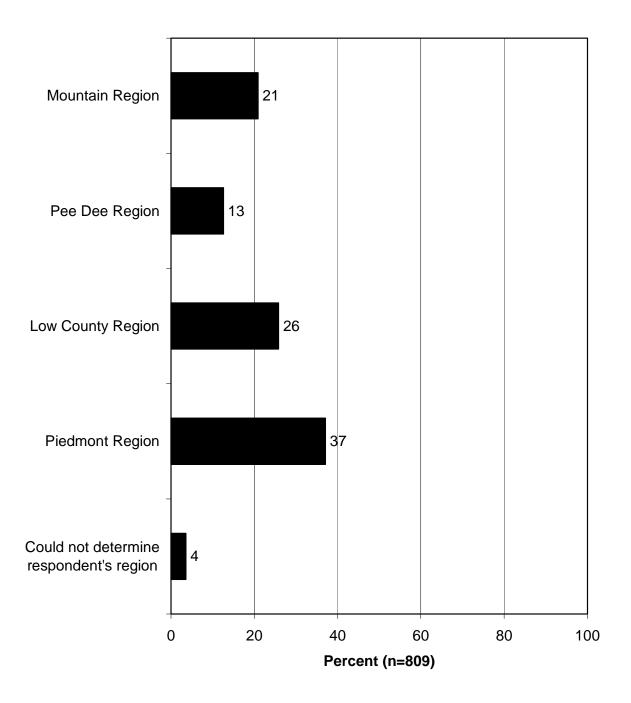
Q109. In what county do you live? Part 2



Q109. In what county do you live? Part 3

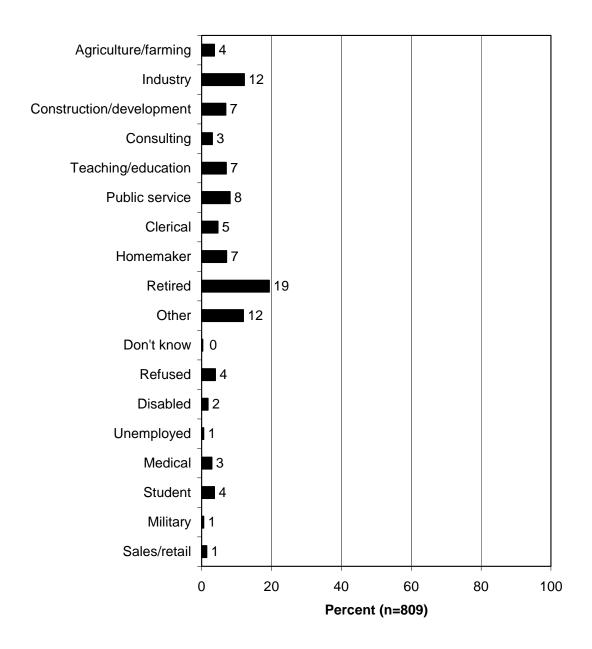


South Carolina Regions



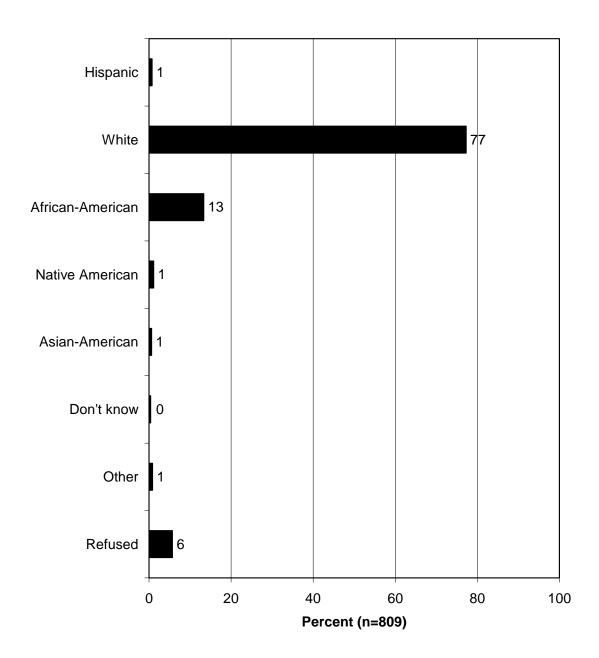
The most popular answer regarding occupation was retired (19%). Industry was also an important answer (12%). (Question 110).

Q110. Which of the following best describes your occupation?



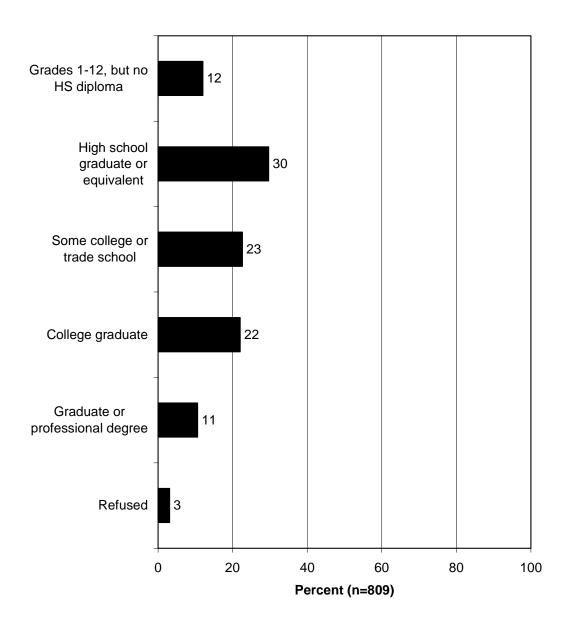
A large majority (77%) of respondents indicated that their race or ethnic background is white. African-American is the next largest ethnic group (13%). (Question 112).

Q112. What is your race or ethnic background?



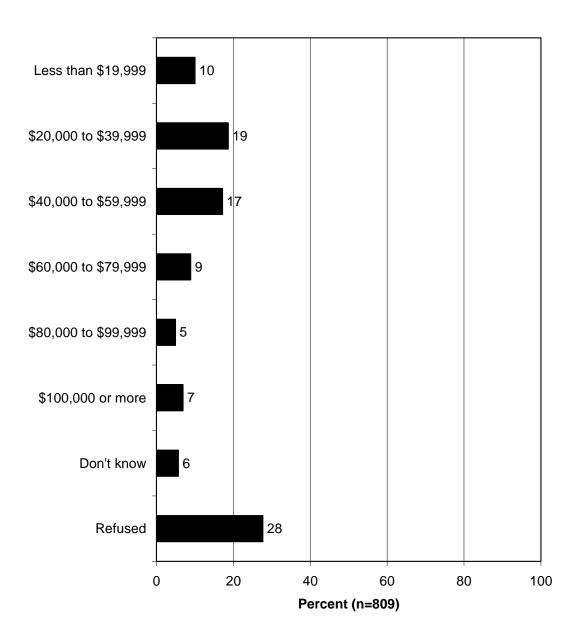
Regarding educational levels, 56% of respondents indicated that they had attended some college, with or without obtaining a degree, and 33% had graduated college, with or without post-graduate courses. (Question 114).

Q114. What is the highest grade level you have completed in school?



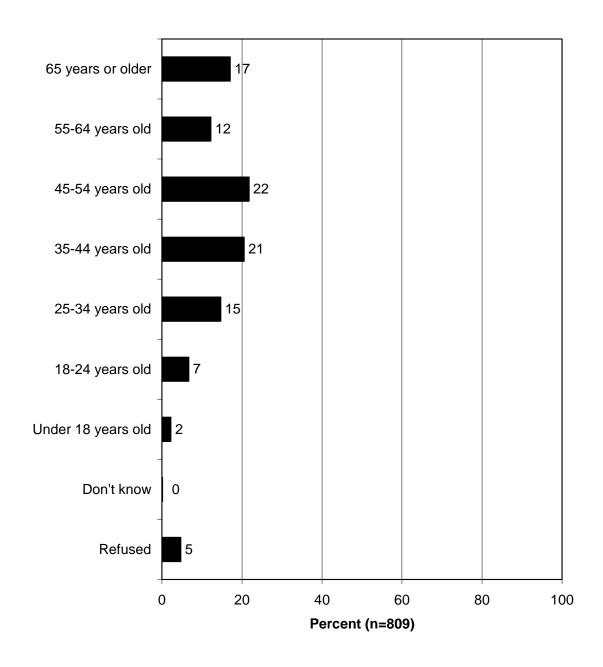
Household incomes, in general, follow a bell curve, with the peak in the \$20,000 to \$39,999 category. (Question 115).

Q115. Which of these categories best describes your total household income before taxes last year?



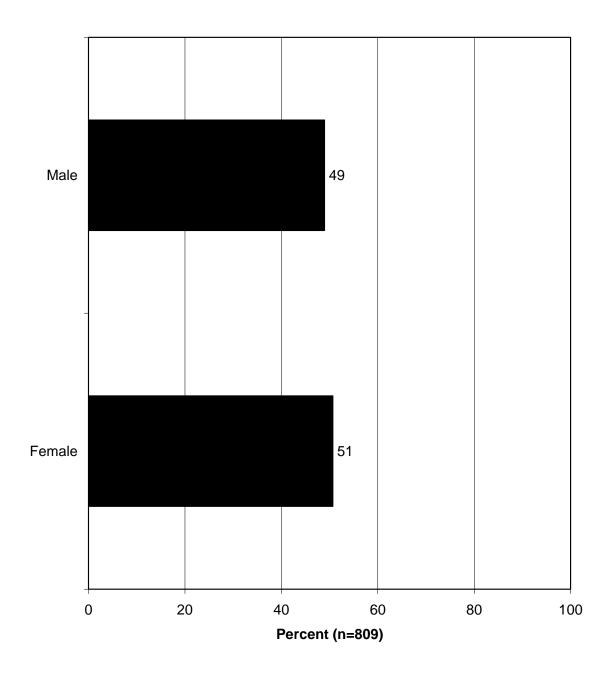
Ages of respondents, in general, follow a bell curve, with a peak in the 45 to 54 years old and 35 to 44 years old categories. (Question 115).

Q116. What is your age?



Finally, 49% of respondents were male; 51% of respondents were female. (Question 118).

Q118. Respondent's gender (not asked, but recorded by interviewer).



ADDITIONAL RESPONDENT COMMENTS

Q117. That's the end of the questionnaire. Thank you very much for your time and cooperation. (Enter additional comments.)

[Survey should] ask more about the ocean.

DNR's budget cuts have affected their ability to be effective; should not be cut.

DNR needs more funding, state needs to stay out of nature's business. More enforcement out in the water.

I am not a fisherman at all, so I didn't know many of the answers to these question. I feel more education is needed.

Good survey.

DNR needs to fix the rivers, such as dredging, for the water table to help raise fish.

Do more advertisement on the fishing rodeos.

No aquarium!

Educating the kids about the environment will keep them off drugs.

Everybody needs to take care of the water.

Cost of licenses should be done the same way as taxes: based on people's incomes.

I have no information on where to fish and would like some.

More of the funds for the DNR's freshwater fisheries should go towards water quality. The freshwater here is very bad.

I am not a fisherman, but I believe public education on fish and wildlife is very important, especially for young people.

I don't really fish.

If you fish off a pier (ocean) and catch a shark, you shouldn't go to jail.

I'm glad you are doing this survey. My son works for the DNR and has told me a great deal about it.

It is nice for the DNR to do this.

My family and I are not at all into fishing, but we appreciate what you are trying to do, especially with water quality.

It was good.

Lake Murray is not kept up for fishing. Needs to improve for my support of the DNR.

I like the DNR; they should have more power in regulation, less state power.

The DNR needs to maintain the clean-up on Goose Lake because I believe that [pollution] is hurting the fish.

Good questions and good interviewer.

The interview was kind of fun. Lake Hartwell is polluted.

Money should be spent to create more places where you can fish without a boat, such as piers.

Very informative. Also very important to conduct this survey.

NC, GA, and SC should have some sort of license where you could fish in all three areas.

Licenses are better in NC. I fish a lot in NC.

The Freshwater Division of DNR should concentrate more on the commercial portion of freshwater fishing to increase revenue.

Need more access points for freshwater fishing (Waccamaw area).

I am not a fisherman, but I enjoyed your survey.

[The state has] poor land management policies.

Public needs some sort of monthly or seasonal publication to inform them on information like this.

The controlling body of our fish and wildlife should be people in that field, such as the DNR's specific divisions.

Work with kids and commercials to take care of land; show that South Carolina cares and supports the DNR.

I would like to see regulations on amount of fish you can catch from small ponds.

The hunting licenses are getting so high [in cost] that it's a money activity instead of a sporting activity.

The reason we sold the boat is overcrowding of boat landings.

You're doing an excellent job with this survey.

Try to do more in educating the public about fishing and wildlife.

Very good survey, but a little long.

What about the saltwater? We need some crabs! There are none left!

Very much opposed to commercial fishing. Address members at the RFA about it!

I would like to have a wildlife magazine again. I can't find any information on it.

SURVEY INSTRUMENT

C:\WINDOWS\DESKTOP\SCAQ\DATAPULL\STATION8\SCAQ.TXT 11/20/2002

2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey Copyright Responsive Management 2002

1.	PRESS RETURN WHEN INTERVIEW BEGINS	OTA DT
	TIMER STARTS AFTER THIS SCREEN	START
2.	Time when interview began	TIME1 1:1-5
3.	Hello, my name is, and I'm calling on behalf of the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources. I am not selling anything; I'd just like to ask you some questions about fish and wildlife in South Carolina. To be most accurate I need to speak to someone in the household who is over 16 years of age. Is that person available?	è
		CONPER 1:6-7
	1. Correct person, good time to do survey (GO TO QUEST) 2. Bad time/schedule recall (CB - do not save) (GO TO (
	SKIP TO QUESTION 122	
4.	When would be a more convenient time to call you back? Thank you for your time. ENTER DAY AND TIME ON CALLSHEET (CB)	WHENCALL
	SKIP TO QUESTION 122	

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Pa	ge 2
5.	YOU DID NOT USE YOUR SPACE BAR PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN	NOS	PAC1
6.	First, I'm going to read a list of outdoor activities and I'd like to know if you've participated in each one in the past 1 months in South Carolina. Have you? (READ LIST; CHECK IF YE (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	.2	8-15
7.	<pre>SKIP TO QUESTION 9 ***********************************</pre>	FISHMORE	1:16
8.	SKIP TO QUESTION 12		
		NOS	PAC2

PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey		Page 3
9.	What are the main reasons you have not fished in freshwater in the past 12 months? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	NOFISH	1:17-30
10.	ENTER OTHER REASON FOR NOT FISHING IN PAST 2 YEARS.	FISHST	2:1-240
11.	How interested are you in going freshwater fishing in South Carolina in the next 12 months? Would you say you are very interested, somewhat interested, or not at all interested? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)		SH 2:241
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 1: 2. Very interested	1)	

SKIP TO QUESTION 17

3. Somewhat interested4. Not at all interested

PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 4
12.	How many days did you fish in freshwater in the past 12 months in South Carolina? (ENTER ? FOR DON'T KNOW) DAY	SFISH 2:242-244
13.	Over the past 5 years, would you say your freshwater fishi activity has declined, increased, or remained about the sa (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Increased 3. Remained about the same 4. Decreased (GO TO QUESTION 15) 5. Don't know SKIP TO QUESTION 17	me? LEVFISH 2:245
14.	YOU DID NOT USE YOUR SPACE BAR	NOSPAC3

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey		Page 5
15.	What are the main reasons your freshwater fishing activity has declined? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	WHYDEC	3:1-14
	1. Not as interested 2. No time: work obligations 3. No time: family obligations 4. Other hobbies 5. Don't have equipment 6. Don't have a boat 7. Too expensive 8. Live too far 9. Don't know how to fish 10. Don't know where to go 11. Don't have anyone to go with 12. Weather (including current drought) 13. Don't know 14. Other		
	IF (#15 = 0) GO TO #14 IF (#15 @ 14) GO TO #16		
	SKIP TO QUESTION 17	=	
16.	ENTER OTHER REASON FOR DECLINE IN FISHING ACTIVITY.	IHYDECST -	4:1-240
		_	

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 6
17.	People associate different values with South Carolina's freshwater aquatic resources, those resources in and around South Carolina's rivers, lakes and streams. I'd like to know if you think each of the following values is important or unimportant.	
	First, is it important or unimportant that fish and other aquatic animals exist in South Carolina? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	m 4.041
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	1 4.241
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 17) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	
18.	Is it important or unimportant that there are a lot of freshwater fish to catch in South Carolina? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) LOTOFIS	н 4:242
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	11 1-212
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 18) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	
19.	Is it important or unimportant that there are trophy fish to catch in South Carolina's lakes, rivers, and streams? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) TRPHYFS	н 4:243
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 19) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important _ 4. Neither important nor unimportant _ 5. Somewhat unimportant _ 6. Very unimportant _ 7. Don't know	

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey		Page 7
20.	Is it important or unimportant that South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams provide places for fish and wildlife to live? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	PROVHAB	4:244
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)		
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	20)	
21.	Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education about fishing? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	FISHEDU	4:245
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	21)	
22.	Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education regarding aquatic resources other than fishing? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	AQEDU	4:246
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION	22)	
	2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know		

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey		Page 8
23.	Is it important or unimportant that freshwater aquatic resources are safe and well protected in South Carolina? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	AQPROT	4:247
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant _ 6. Very unimportant _ 7. Don't know</pre>	23)	
24.	Is it important or unimportant that people can watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	WATCHAQ	4:248
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	24)	
25.	Is it important or unimportant that people have the opportunity to make a living through commercial freshwater fishing in South Carolina? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	COMMEXST	4:249
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important _ 3. Somewhat important _ 4. Neither important nor unimportant _ 5. Somewhat unimportant _ 6. Very unimportant _ 7. Don't know</pre>	25)	

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey		Page 9
26.	For the next group of questions, I would like for you to what you know about wildlife. For any of these questions, better for you to say you don't know than to give a wrong Please press ENTER to continue	it is answer	KNOWWILD
27.	What does the word habitat mean? (ENTER RESPONSE IN FIRST PERSON; 120 CHARACTERS)	HABITAT —	5:1-120
	SKIP TO QUESTION 29	==	
28.	YOU DID NOT USE SPACE BAR		NOSPAC4
	PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN		
29.	What kind of food do largemouth bass eat? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	TROUT 5	:121-127
	1. CORRECT ANSWER: Other fish - Bream 2. Seaweed 3. Lilies and water grasses 4. Bugs 5. Worms 6. Don't know 7. Other		
	IF (#29 = 0) GO TO #28 IF (#29 @ 7) GO TO #30		
	SKIP TO QUESTION 32		

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 10
30.	ENTER OTHER FOOD THAT LARGEMOUTH BASS EAT.	TROUTST 6:1-240 -
	SKIP TO QUESTION 32	=
31.	YOU DID NOT USE SPACE BAR PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN	NOSPAC5
32.	(DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	OTTER 6:241-247
33.	IF (#32 = 0) GO TO #31 IF (#32 @ 7) GO TO #33 SKIP TO QUESTION 35 ===================================	= OTTERST 7:1-240
	SKIP TO QUESTION 35	_
34.	YOU DID NOT USE SPACE BAR PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN	NOSPAC6

2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 11
What type of food do sharks usually eat? (If answer fish: probe for saltwater vs. freshwater) (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	GUADY 7:241 240
(CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	SHARK 7:241-248
1. CORRECT ANSWER: Saltwater fish (see list of fill 2. Freshwater fish 3. People/Humans 4. Dolphins 5. Whales 6. Squid/Octopuses 7. Don't know 8. Other	ish)
IF (#35 = 0) GO TO #34 IF (#35 @ 8) GO TO #36	
SKIP TO QUESTION 37	
ENTER OTHER FOOD THAT SHARKS EAT.	====
	SHARKST 8:1-240
ENTER OTHER FOOD THAT SHARKS EAT. Now I'd like to talk to you about the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources. Overall, how much woul you say you know about the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources' freshwater fisheries and aquatic resource programs? Would you say you know a great deal, a moderate amount, a little, or nothing at all?	SHARKST 8:1-240

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 12
38.	And overall, would you say the South Carolina DNR does an excellent, good, fair, or poor job of managing the state's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY)	
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	RATEDNR 8:242
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 38 2. Excellent 3. Good 4. Fair 5. Poor 6. Don't know	3)
	SKIP TO QUESTION 40	
39.	YOU DID NOT USE SPACE BAR	NOSPAC7
	PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN	
40.	Have you heard any good things about the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resource programs? If yes: What did you hear? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	GDTHNG 9:1-9
	<pre> 1. No; Haven't heard anything 2. The water is clean/unpolluted (quality) 3. There is plenty of water (quantity) 4. The fish are healthy 5. There are lots of opportunities to fish 6. There are education programs for kids 7. There are plenty of opportunities to watch aquatic 8. Don't know 9. Other</pre>	wildlife
	IF (#40 = 0) GO TO #39 IF (#40 @ 9) GO TO #41	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 43	

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 13
41.	ENTER OTHER GOOD THING(S) HEARD ABOUT SCDNR AQUATIC PROGRAM GDT	S. HNGST 9:10-249
	SKIP TO QUESTION 43	
42.	YOU DID NOT USE SPACE BAR PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN	NOSPAC8
43.	Have you heard any bad things about the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries and aquatic resource programs? If yes: What did you hear? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	BDTHNG 10:1-9
	IF (#43 = 0) GO TO #42 IF (#43 @ 9) GO TO #44 SKIP TO QUESTION 45	
44.	ENTER OTHER BAD THING(S) HEARD ABOUT SCDNR AQUATIC PROGRAMS	NGST 10:10-249

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45.	Overall, how would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in providing fishing opportunities in South Carolina's freshwaters? Would you say they do an excellent good, fair or poor job? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY)	RTFSHOPP 1	0.250
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	RIFSHOPP I	0.250
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Excellent 3. Good 4. Fair 5. Poor 6. Don't know	45)	
46.	And how would you rate the performance of the South Carolinefforts to ensure there is adequate aquatic freshwater had South Carolina? Would you say they do an excellent, good, poor job? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY)	oitat in	
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	RTHAB	11:1
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Excellent 3. Good 4. Fair 5. Poor 6. Don't know</pre>	46)	
47.	And how would you rate the performance of the South Carolin DNR in educating the public about recreational fishing in Carolina's freshwaters? Would you say they do an excellent fair or poor job? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	South	11:2
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Excellent 3. Good 4. Fair 5. Poor 6. Don't know	47)	

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48.	How about in educating the public about freshwater aquatic Resources other than fishing? Would you say they do an excellent, good, fair or poor job? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY)	AQEDU	11.2
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	HQEDU	11.3
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 48) 2. Excellent 3. Good 4. Fair 5. Poor 6. Don't know		
49.	How about the enforcement of freshwater fishing laws and regulations? Would you say they do an excellent, good, fair or poor job? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY)	SHENF	11.4
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	SUEME	11.4
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 49) 2. Excellent 3. Good 4. Fair 5. Poor 6. Don't know		
50.	How about providing opportunities to watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams? Would you say they do an excellent, good, fair or poor job? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY)		
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	SHWCH	11:5
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 50) 2. Excellent 3. Good 4. Fair 5. Poor 6. Don't know		
51.	The South Carolina DNR spends its time and resources on a variet of freshwater fisheries and aquatic natural resource programs. I'm going to read you some of these programs and I'd like for you to tell me if you think each one is important or unimportant PRESS ENTER TO CONTINUE	ē.	GRAMS

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Pag	ge 16
52.	RANDOMIZATION FOR PROGRAM AREAS (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Program Group I (GO TO QUESTION 53) 2. Program Group II (GO TO QUESTION 61) SKIP TO QUESTION 70	PROGRAND	11:6
53.	First, do you think providing good places to go and catch fish is an important or unimportant program for the South DNR? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	Carolina GOODTOGO	11:7
54.	What about helping people with their private fishing ponds (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	n E) PONDHELP	11:8

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 17
55.	What about raising fish in hatcheries for stocking in public lakes and rivers? (Is this an important or unimportant program the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 5) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	5)
56.	What about raising fish for people to buy for their private ponds? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 5 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	6)
57.	What about protecting natural areas like rivers, lakes and wetlands? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 5)	PROTECT 11:11 7)
	2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	

2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey Page 18 58. What about conducting educational programs on freshwater fishing and aquatic natural resources? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) EDPROG 11:12 (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 58) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know 59. What about managing small lakes, accessible by bank or boat anglers, around the state for public fishing? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) STATLAKE 11:13 (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 59) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know 60. What about building fishing piers in lakes? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) PIERS 11:14 (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)

1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 60)

__ 2. Very important

- _ 3. Somewhat important
- _ 4. Neither important nor unimportant
- __ | 5. Somewhat unimportant
- __ | 6. Very unimportant
- __ | 7. Don't know

SKIP TO QUESTION 70

~

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61.	First, do you think building/adding structures to attract more fish in lakes is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) CONCAR (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	REA 11:15
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 61) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important _ 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant _ 6. Very unimportant _ 7. Don't know	
62.		RCH 11:16
	<pre>(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 62) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	
63.	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	/EG 11:17
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 63) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 20
64.	What about building more boat ramps? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	BLDRAMPS 11:18
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	64)
65.	What about maintaining existing boat ramps? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	FIXRAMPS 11:19
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	65)
66.	What about developing freshwater fishing regulations? (Is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	FISHREGS 11:20
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important _ 3. Somewhat important _ 4. Neither important nor unimportant _ 5. Somewhat unimportant _ 6. Very unimportant _ 7. Don't know</pre>	66)

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey Page 21	-
67.	What about the enforcement of freshwater fishing regulations? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) ENFREGS 11:21 (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	L
	<pre> </pre>	
68.	What about producing educational materials about freshwater fish and fishing, such as brochures? (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) EDSTUFF 11:22 (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	2
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 68) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	
69.	What about being involved with the restoration of nongame fish species that are possibly threatened with extinction. (Is this an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) TNESPEC 11:23	3
	<pre> </pre>	

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70.	Some dams block the migration of fish, which negatively impacts these fish. Do you agree or disagree that the South Carolina DNR should require dam owners to put fish passage facilities at these dams? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	FISHPASS 11:24
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Strongly agree 3. Moderately agree 4. Neither agree nor disagree 5. Moderately disagree 6. Strongly disagree 7. Don't know</pre>	70)
71.	Now thinking specifically about freshwater fisheries and a resource education programs, I'd like for you to tell me in Think each of the following are important or unimportant or programs for the South Carolina DNR.	lf you
	First, do you think youth programs such as fishing rodeos important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	KIDSPROG 11:25
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	71)
72.	What about parent-child activities? (Is this an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	PCAS 11:26
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	72)

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey Pa	ige 23
73.	What about in-school programs such as teacher workshops? (Is this an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) INSCHOOL (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	11:27
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 73) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	
74.	What about educational brochures for kids? (Is this an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	11:28
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 74) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	
75.	What about educational brochures for adults? (Is this an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) ADULTPUB (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	11:29
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 75) 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know</pre>	

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76.	programs such as TV, an Internet page, etc.? (Is this an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	MULTMDIA	11:30
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)		
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 7 2. Very important 3. Somewhat important 4. Neither important nor unimportant 5. Somewhat unimportant 6. Very unimportant 7. Don't know	'4)	
77.	Now, in your opinion, do you think the South Carolina DNR should emphasize recreational fishing or do you think they should be involved with commercial fishing as well? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY)	RECORALL	11:31
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)		
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 7 2. Recreational fishing 3. Recreational and commercial fishing about equally 4. Commercial fishing 5. DNR: Don't know</pre>	'7)	
78.	Some anglers in South Carolina catch freshwater fish such as catfish for the purpose of commercial sale. In general, do you support or oppose this practice? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)		
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANGMED)	SUPPCOMM	11:32
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)		
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 7 2. Strongly support 3. Moderately support 4. Neither support nor oppose 5. Moderately oppose 6. Strongly oppose 7. Don't know	'8)	

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79.	And do you support or oppose the idea of commercial interests raising freshwater fish, such as largemouth bass, crappie, or striped bass for sale to the public in restaurants and grocery stores? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) SUPPSAI (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	LE 11:33
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 79) 2. Strongly support 3. Moderately support 4. Neither support nor oppose 5. Moderately oppose 6. Strongly oppose 7. Don't know</pre>	
80.	Overall, would you say the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources is very efficient, somewhat efficient, or not at all efficient in spending its money for freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) EFFICE (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	NT 11:34
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 80) 2. Very efficient 3. Somewhat efficient 4. Not at all efficient 5. Don't know</pre>	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 82	
81.	YOU DID NOT USE YOUR SPACE BAR	NOSPAC9

PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN

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82.	Where do you think funding for freshwater fishing opportunit comes from in South Carolina? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APP (If tax: probe for specifics) (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	LY)	11:35-5	1
	1. Hunting licenses 2. Fishing licenses 3. Hunting stamps 4. Fishing stamps 5. Commercial fishing licenses 6. Boat registrations 7. Park entrance fees 8. Excise taxes on hunting & fishing equip (Federal Ai 9. Tax: sporting goods sales 10. Tax: motor boat fuel 11. Tax: general state revenue (state income, sales, et 12. Tax: state income tax check-off 13. Tax: federal income tax 14. Tax: nothing specific after probing 15. Fines 16. Don't know 17. Other		DJ, WB)
	IF (#82 = 0) GO TO #81 IF (#82 @ 17) GO TO #83			
	SKIP TO QUESTION 84			
83.	ENTER OTHER SOURCE OF FUNDING.	UNST 1	12:1-24	0

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84. Currently, the South Carolina DNR freshwater fisheries program only receives limited funding from the general state revenue. Recognizing that all state spending comes from the taxes that South Carolinians pay, which of the following options do you support most? (READ LIST)

GENFUND 12:241

(CH	ECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 84)
İ	2. Anglers should pay for all funding for the DNR
İ	3. Anglers should pay for most funding w/some from general revenue
İ	4. Funds should come from anglers and the general revenue equally
İ	5. Anglers should pay for some funding w/most from general revenue
İ	6. The general revenue should pay for all funding for the DNR
İ	7. DNR: Don't know

85. Now I'd like to tell you about a program that impacts fisheries management. Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration, sometimes referred to as the Dingell-Johnson Program, and more recently the Wallop-Breaux Program, is a 52-year old program based on a 10% excise tax that is paid by manufacturers on sport fishing tackle such as rods, reels, and lures. Also included in the program is a 3% excise tax on electric trolling motors and "flasher" type fish finders, as well as a dedicated portion of the existing federal tax on motorboat fuel.

Before this survey, had you ever heard of the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration?

FKNOWFSH 12:242

(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)

	1.	Invalid answer.	Select a	another.	(GO TO	QUESTION	85)
 	2.	Yes					
li	3.	No					
lİ	4.	Don't know					

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86.	Do you support or oppose this program? (Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration) (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	FFISHPRG	12:243
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Strongly support 3. Moderately support 4. Neither support nor oppose 5. Moderately oppose 6. Strongly oppose 7. Don't know</pre>	86)	
87.	Now, I'm going to tell you about a few alternative funding sources for the South Carolina DNR and I'd like your opinion each one.		
	First, how likely would you be to purchase a stamp required fish for certain hatchery raised species, such as striped and trout, with the proceeds going to the South Carolina Diffreshwater fisheries program? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	bass	12:244
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	201011111	
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very likely 3. Somewhat likely 4. Not at all likely 5. Don't know</pre>	87)	
88.	How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, ever If you did not plan on using it, as a way to support fresh fisheries and aquatic resource conservation and management (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	water ?	10.045
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	CNSRVLIC	12:245
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Very likely 3. Somewhat likely 4. Not at all likely 5. Don't know	88)	

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89.	How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, even if you did not plan on fishing, where the proceeds would help improve water quality? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 89)	OLIC 12:246
	2. Very likely 3. Somewhat likely 4. Not at all likely 5. Don't know	
90.	Have you purchased a fishing license in the past two years in South Carolina? BU (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	YLIC 12:247
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 90) 2. Yes (GO TO QUESTION 94) 3. No 4. Don't know	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 92	
91.	YOU DID NOT USE YOUR SPACE BAR	NOSPAC10

PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN

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92.	What are the main reasons you have not purchased a fishing license in the past two years in South Carolina? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) NOTBUY 13:1-13					
	(CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)					
	1. Don't fish/Not interested in fishing 2. No time: work obligations 3. No time: family obligations 4. Other hobbies 5. Too expensive 6. Don't know where to buy one 7. Inconvenient locations to purchase one 8. Inconvenient expiration date (June 30th) 9. Didn't need one: Have a lifetime license/age 10. Didn't need one: Fished on private property 11. Didn't need one: Fished from shore or pier in saltwater 12. Don't know 13. Other					
	IF (#92 = 0) GO TO #91					
	IF (#92 @ 13) GO TO #93					
	SKIP TO QUESTION 102					
93.	ENTER OTHER REASON FOR NOT PURCHASING A LICENSE. NOTBUYST 14:1-240					
	SKIP TO QUESTION 102					
94.	Did you purchase a freshwater license, saltwater license or both? LICTYPE 14:241 (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)					
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 94) 2. Freshwater only 3. Saltwater only 4. Both 5. Don't know					

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SKIP TO QUESTION 96

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95.	YOU DID NOT USE YOUR SPACE BAR PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN	NOSPAC11
96.	Has anything ever hindered you from buying a fishing license? If yes: What was it? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) 1. No: None	BUYDIF 14:242-249
	<pre>2. Didn't know where to buy one 3. Inconvenient location 4. Cost too high 5. June 30th expiration date/Have to buy two lices 6. Would not take preferred method of payment 7. Don't know 8. Other</pre>	nses in summer
	IF (#96 = 0) GO TO #95 IF (#96 @ 8) GO TO #97	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 98	====
97.	ENTER OTHER HINDERANCE.	BUYDIFST 15:1-240
98.	RANDOMIZATION FOR LICENSE COST.	RNDPRICE 15:241
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	RNDPRICE 15.241
	1. \$12 (GO TO QUESTION 99) 2. \$14 (GO TO QUESTION 100)	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 101	

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99.	Currently, the price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$12? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	2 רעוזם	15:242
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	DOTIZ	13.242
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 99 2. Very likely 3. Somewhat likely 4. Not at all likely 5. Don't know)	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 101		
100.	Currently, the price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$14? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)		
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	BUY14	15:243
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 10 2. Very likely _ 3. Somewhat likely _ 4. Not at all likely _ 5. Don't know</pre>	0)	
101.	How likely would you be to purchase your license on the Internet using a Credit Card? Would you say you'd be very likely, somewhat likely, or not at all likely? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)		
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	WWSALE	15:244
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 10 2. Very likely 3. Somewhat likely 4. Not at all likely 5. Don't know</pre>	1)	

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102.	Currently the South Carolina state legislature makes all decisions regarding fisheries and aquatic resources. This includes setting fishing regulations and license fees.		
	Would you support or oppose the idea of the South Carolina DNR being given the ability to set fishing regulations? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)		
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	ETREGS	15:245
	<pre> 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 10:00000000000000000000000000000000000</pre>	2)	
103.	Would you support or oppose the idea of the South Carolina DNR being given the ability to set fishing license fees? (READ SCALE AS NECESSARY; PROMPT FOR DEGREE)	ETFEES	15:246
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)		
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 10: 2. Strongly support 3. Moderately support 4. Neither support nor oppose 5. Moderately oppose 6. Strongly oppose 7. Don't know	3)	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 105		
104.	YOU DID NOT USE YOUR SPACE BAR		NCD A C1 2
		NTC	1007010

PRESS ENTER TO TRY AGAIN

NOSPAC12

	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey		Page 34
105.	What is the best way for you to receive information on fishing or aquatic resources? (DNR LIST; CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	GETINF	16:1-12
	(CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)		
	1. Direct mail 2. Pamphlets/Brochures 3. Newspaper 4. TV 5. Radio 6. Internet/WWW 7. SCDNR Offices 8. Magazines 9. License agent/Sporting goods store 10. Regulations handbook 11. Don't know 12. Other		
	IF (#105 = 0) GO TO #104		
	IF (#105 @ 12) GO TO #106		
	SKIP TO QUESTION 107		
106.	ENTER OTHER WAY TO RECEIVE INFORMATION. GET	CINFST 1	7:1-240
107.	Great! We are just about through. The final questions are for background information and help us analyze the results. PLEASE PRESS ENTER TO CONTINUE		DEMO
108.	Do you consider your place of residence to be in a large city, a suburban area, a small city/town, or a rural area?	RESIDE	17:241
	<pre>(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Large city or urban area _ 3. Suburban area _ 4. Small city or town _ 5. Rural area _ 6. REFUSED</pre>	108)	

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109.	In what county do you live? (ENTER ? FOR DON'T KNOW; 88 FOR REFUSED) COT	UNTY	17:242-243
110.	Which of the following best describes your occupation? (READ LIST) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	JOB	17:244-245
	<pre>1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Agriculture/farming 3. Industry 4. Construction/Development 5. Consulting 6. Teaching/Education 7. Public Service 8. Clerical 9. Homemaker 10. Retired 11. Other (GO TO QUESTION 111) 12. DNR: Don't know 13. DNR: REFUSED</pre>	110)	
	SKIP TO QUESTION 112	=	
111.	ENTER OTHER TYPE OF OCCUPATION.	JOBS -	T 18:1-240
		_	

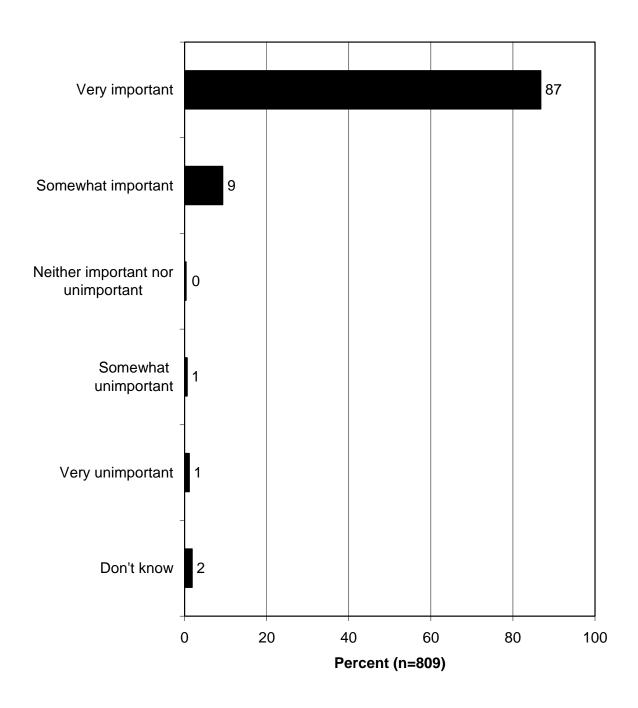
	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 36
112.	What is your race or ethnic background? (READ LIST AS NECESSARY) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	RACE 18:241
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Hispanic 3. White 4. African American 5. Native American 6. Asian American 6. Asian American 7. Don't know 8. Other (GO TO QUESTION 113) 9. DNR: REFUSED SKIP TO QUESTION 114	
113.	ENTER OTHER RACE OR ETHNIC BACKGROUND.	RACEST 19:1-240 —
114.	What is the highest grade level you have completed in scho (READ LIST AS NECESSARY) (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	
	1. (DNR: Invalid answer. Select another.) (GO TO Q 2. Grades 1 - 12, but no HS Diploma 3. High school graduate or equivalent 4. Some college or trade school 5. College graduate 6. Graduate or professional degree 7. (DNR: REFUSED)	QUESTION 114)

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115.	Which of these categories best describes your total household income before taxes last year? (READ SCALE)	
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	INCOME 19:242
	1. (DNR: Invalid answer. Select another.) (GO TO QU	JESTION 115)
116.	And finally, may I ask your age? (ENTER ? FOR DON'T KNOW; ENTER 888 FOR REFUSED)	AGE 19:243-245
	1—1—1—1	
	LOWEST VALUE = 1	
117.	That's the end of the questionnaire, thank you very much for time and cooperation! (ENTER ANY ADDITIONAL COMMENTS; IN FIRST PERSON; 120 CHARAC	
		-
118.	OBSERVE AND RECORD RESPONDENT'S GENDER	- GENDER 20:121
	(CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER)	GHINDHIC 20 121
	1. Invalid answer. Select another. (GO TO QUESTION 2. Don't know 3. Male 4. Female	118)
119.	TIME INTERVIEW WAS COMPLETED	ГІМЕ 20:122-126

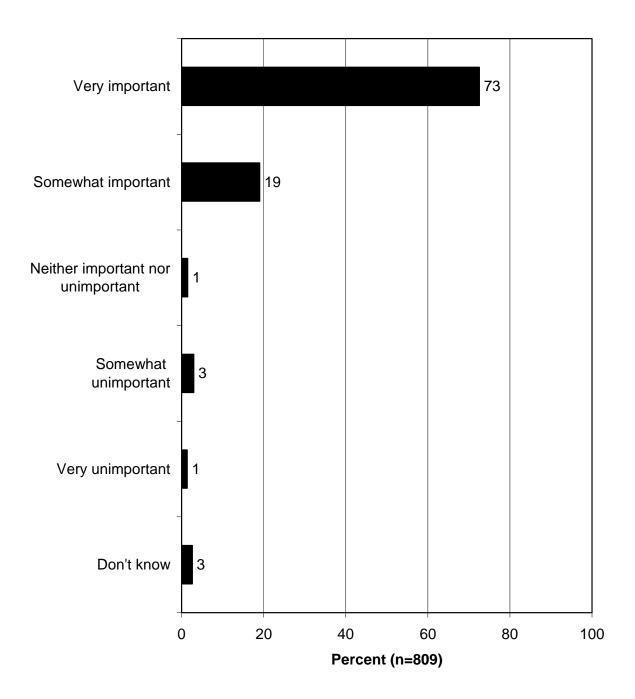
	2002 South Carolina Aquatic Resources Survey	Page 38
120.	Please enter your initials in LOWERCASE ONLY!	INTVRINT 20:127-129
121.	Enter the area code and telephone number of number dia _ _ _ _ _ _ _	led. TELEPHON 20:130-139
122.	SAVE OR ERASE INTERVIEW. DO NOT ERASE A COMPLETED INTERVIEW! (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. Save answers (GO TO QUESTION 124) 2. Erase answers 3. Review answers (GO TO QUESTION 3)	FINISH 20:140
123.	ARE YOU SURE YOU WANT TO ERASE THIS INTERVIEW? ONLY ERASE IF: CB, AM, NA, BZ (CHECK ONLY ONE ANSWER) 1. No, do not erase the answers (GO TO QUESTION 2. Yes, erase this interview	MAKESURE 20:141
124.	Date call was made - - _ Year Month Day SAVE IF (#122 = 1)	INTVDAT 20:142-149

APPENDIX A: ADDITIONAL GRAPHS

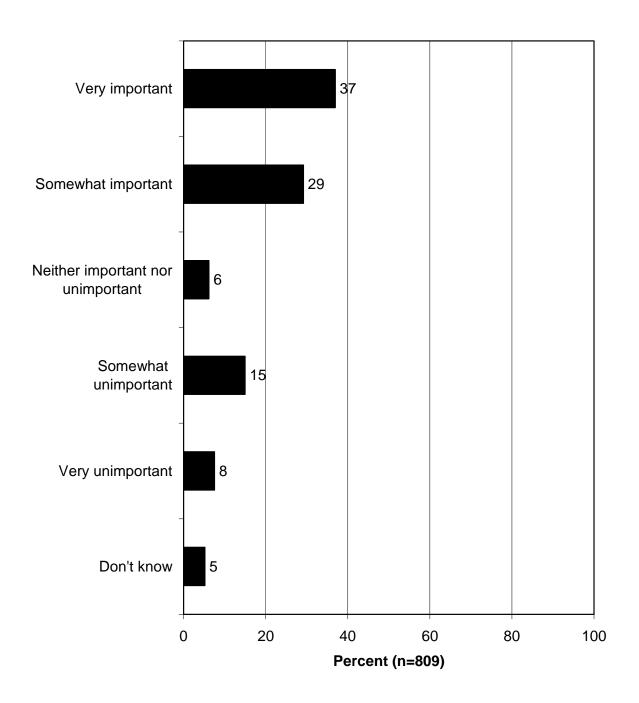
Q17. Is it important or unimportant that fish and other aquatic animals exist in South Carolina?



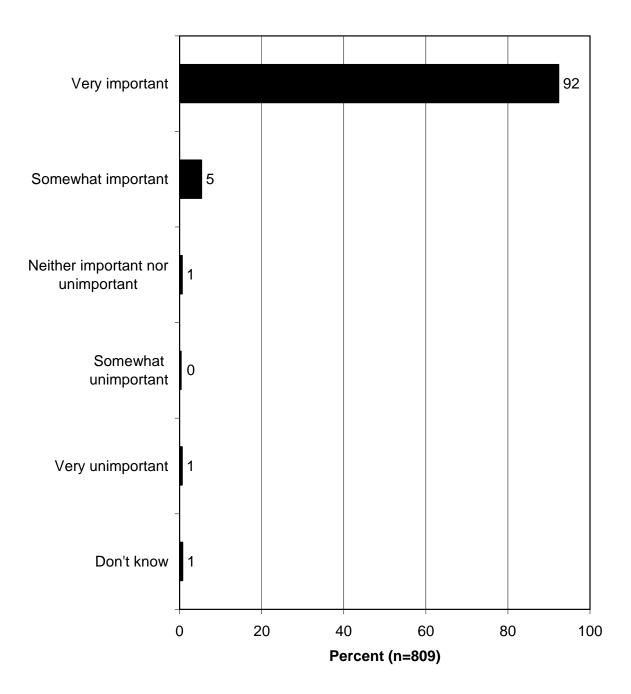
Q18. Is it important or unimportant that there are a lot of freshwater fish to catch in South Carolina?



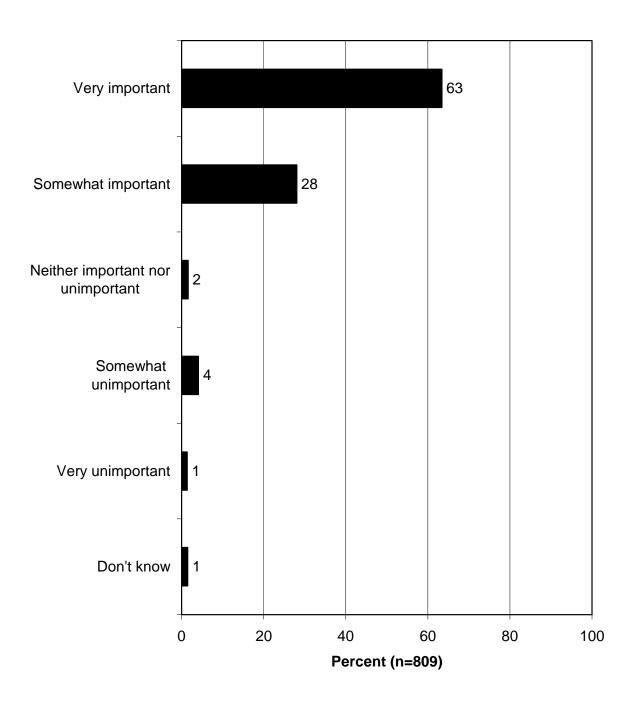
Q19. Is it important or unimportant that there are trophy fish to catch in South Carolina's lakes, rivers, and streams?



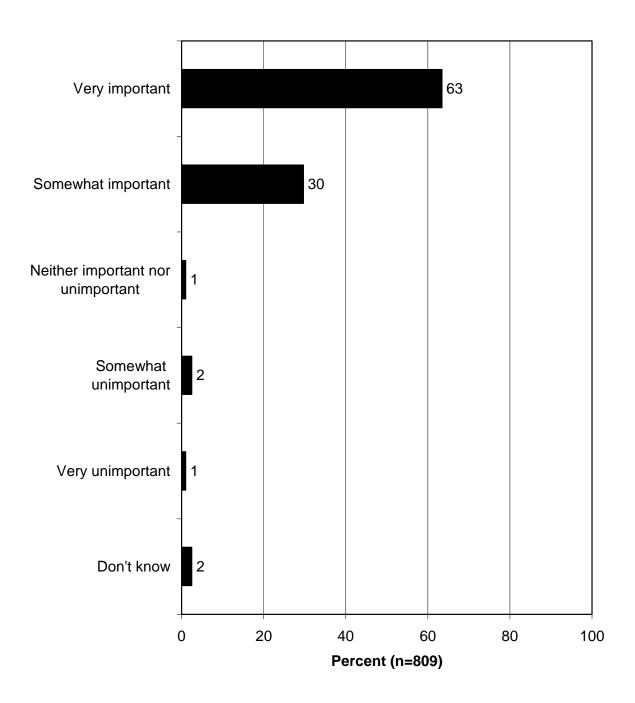
Q20. Is it important or unimportant that South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams provide places for fish and wildlife to live?



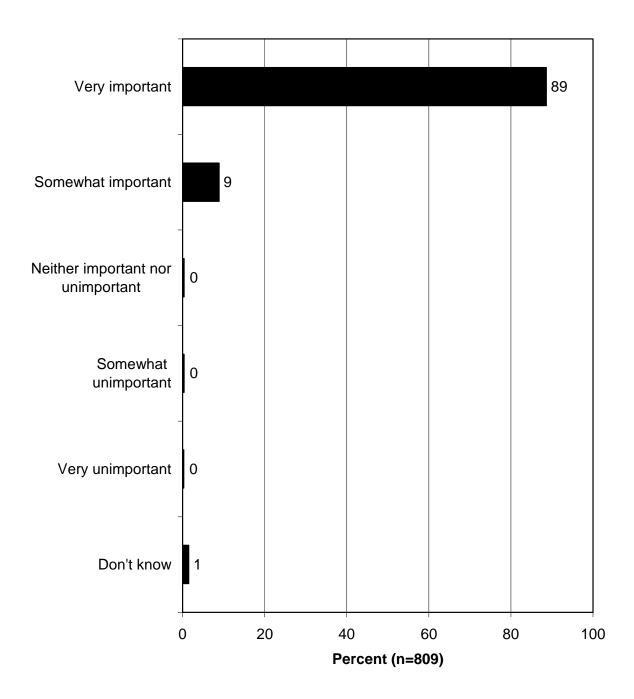
Q21. Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education about fishing?



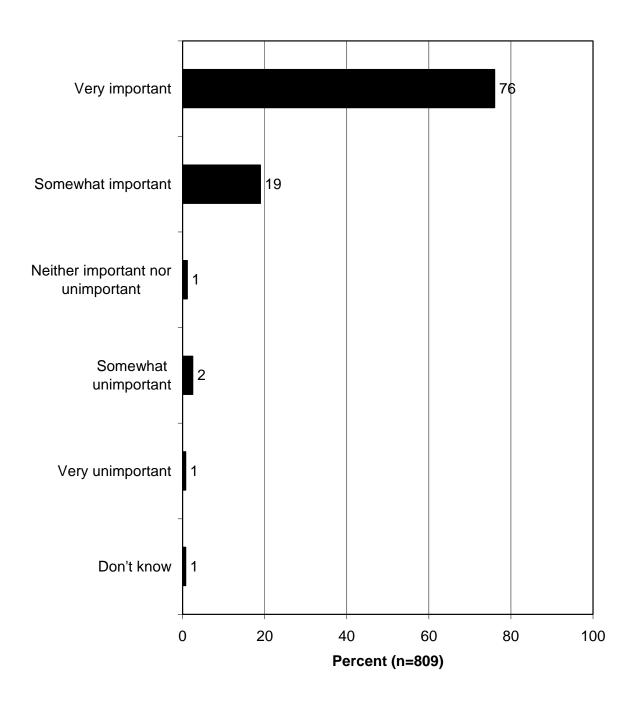
Q22. Is it important or unimportant that people in South Carolina receive education regarding aquatic resources other than fishing?



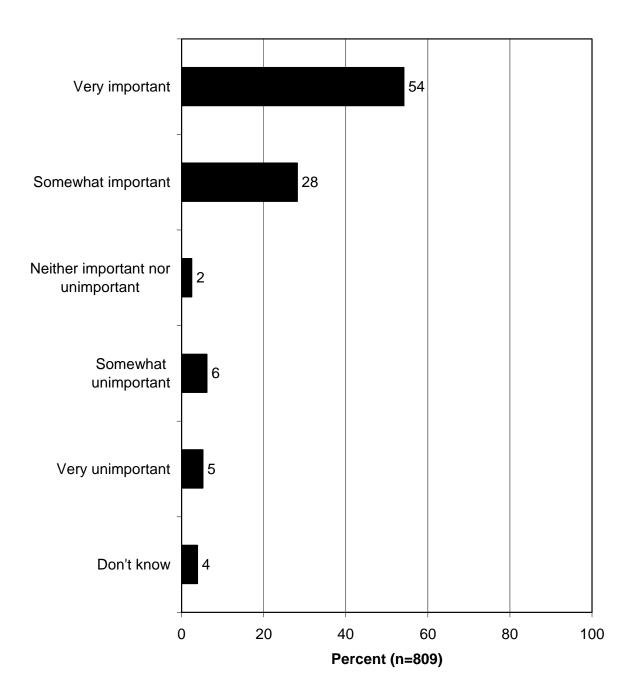
Q23. Is it important or unimportant that freshwater aquatic resources are safe and well protected in South Carolina?



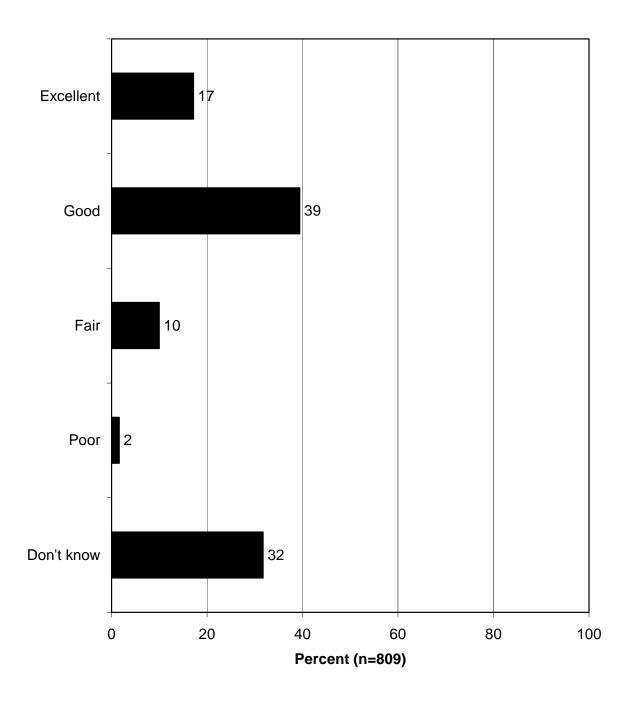
Q24. Is it important or unimportant that people can watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams?



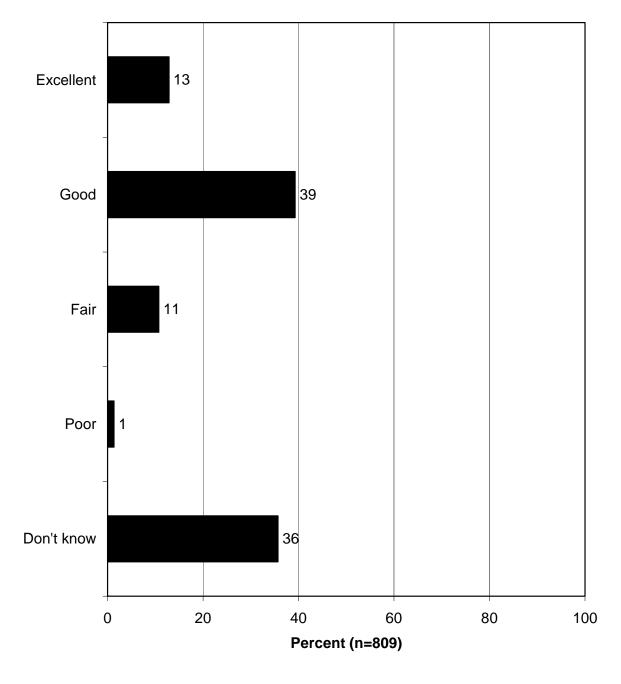
Q25. Is it important or unimportant that people have the opportunity to make a living through commercial freshwater fishing in South Carolina?



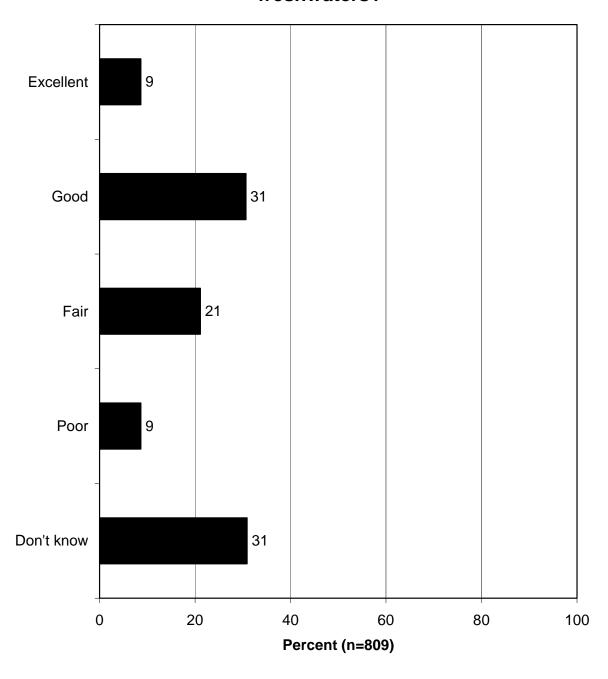
Q45. Overall, how would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in providing fishing opportunities in South Carolina's freshwaters?



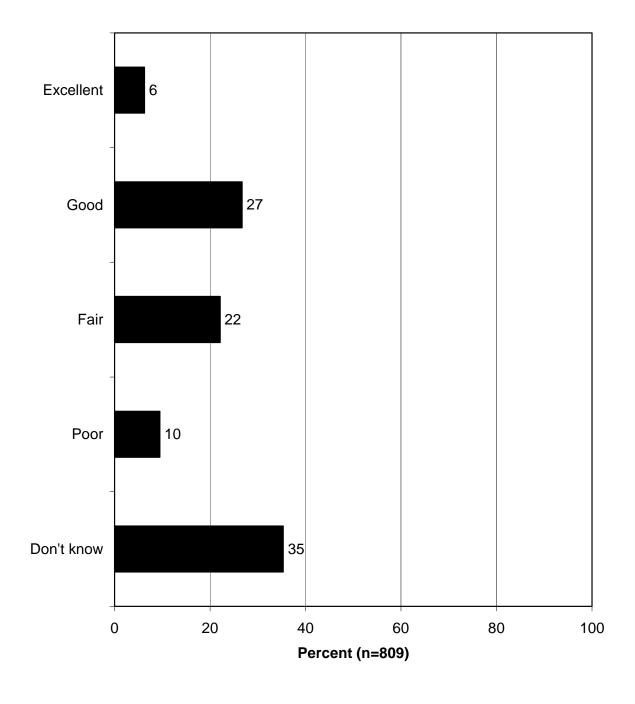
Q46. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR's efforts to ensure there is adequate aquatic freshwater habitat in South Carolina?



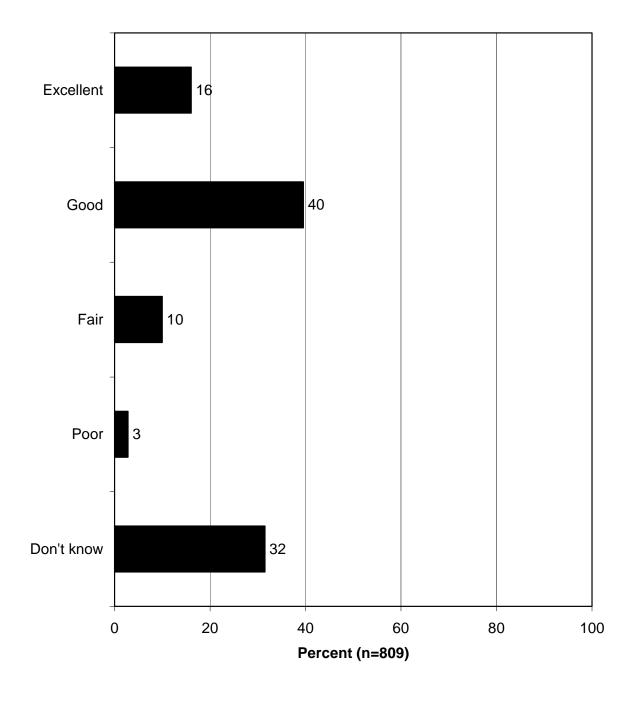
Q47. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in educating the public about recreational fishing in South Carolina's freshwaters?



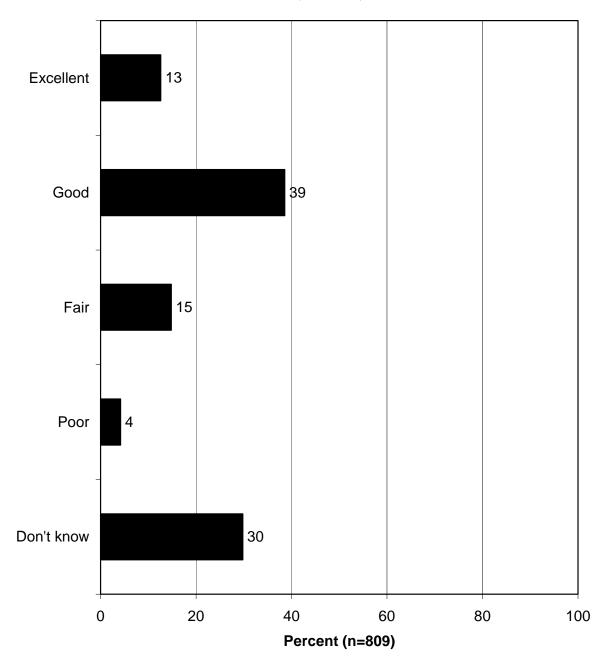
Q48. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in educating the public about freshwater aquatic resources other than fishing?



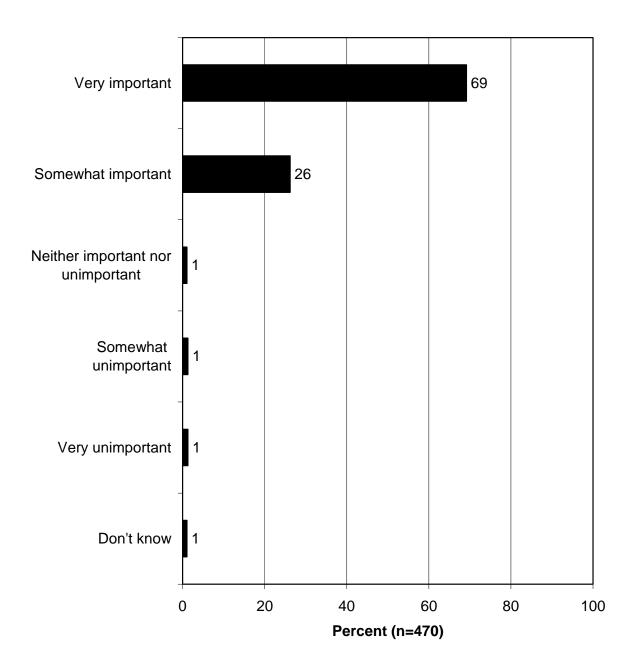
Q49. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in enforcing freshwater fishing laws and regulations?



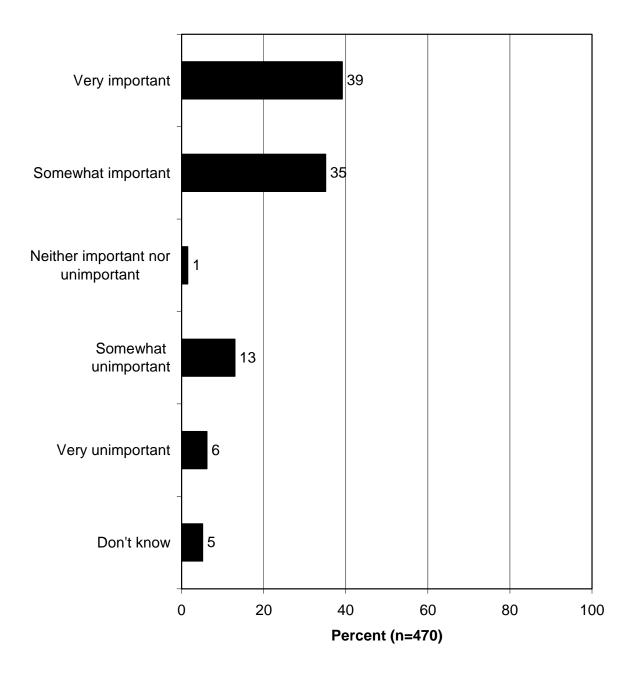
Q50. How would you rate the performance of the South Carolina DNR in providing opportunities to watch fish and wildlife on and near South Carolina's rivers, lakes, and streams?



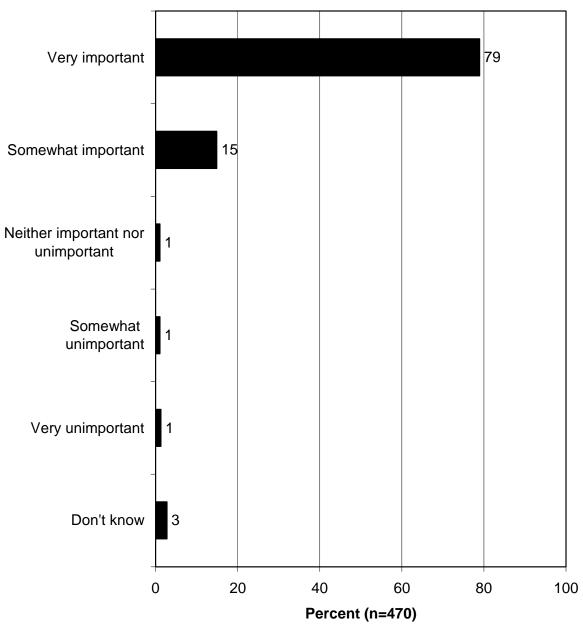
Q53. Do you think providing good places to go and catch freshwater fish is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



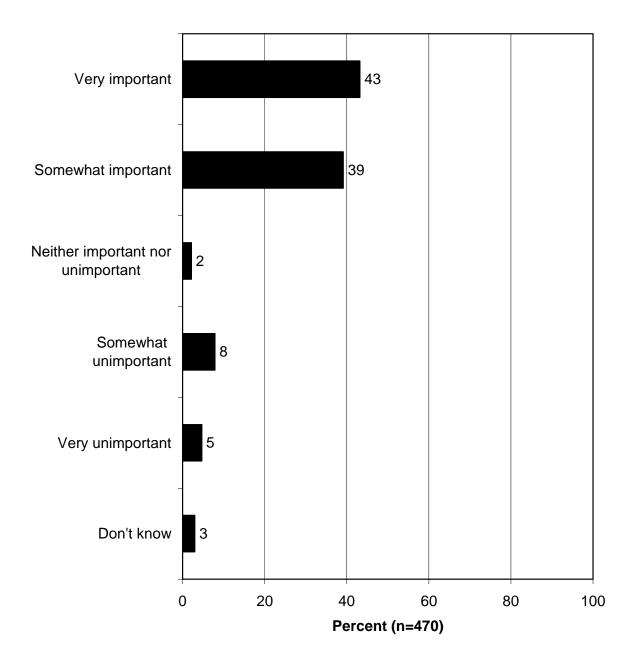
Q54. Do you think helping people with their private fishing ponds is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



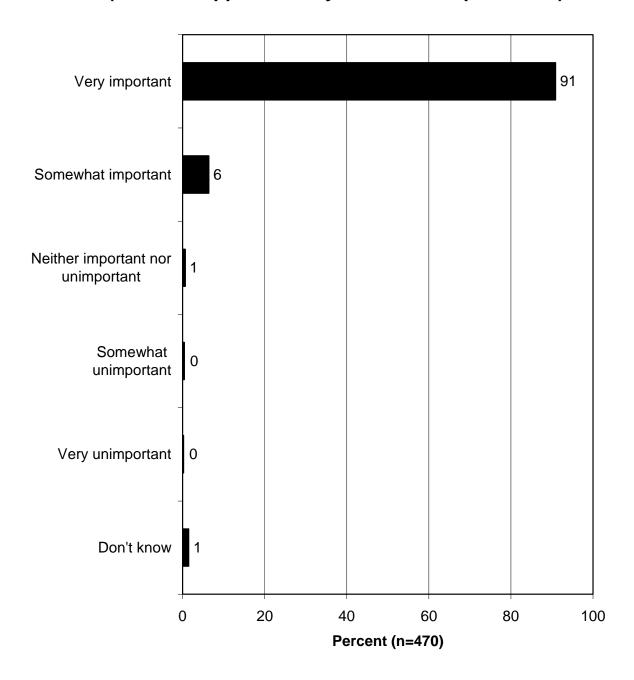
Q55. Do you think raising fish in hatcheries for stocking in public lakes and rivers is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



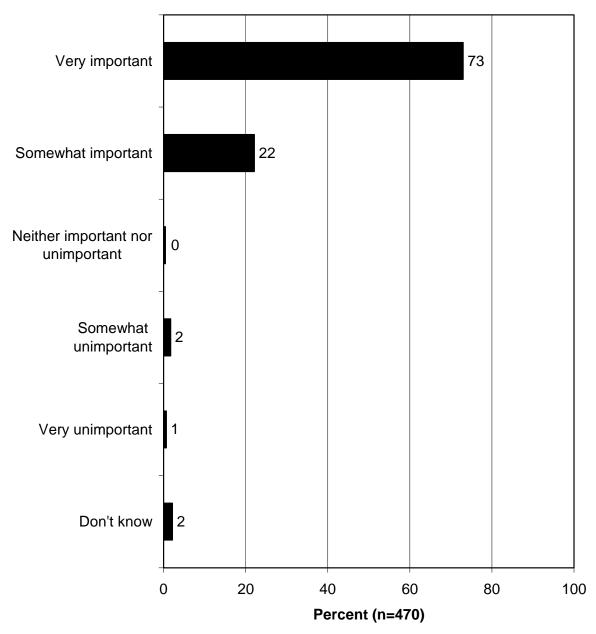
Q56. Do you think raising fish for people to buy for their private ponds is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



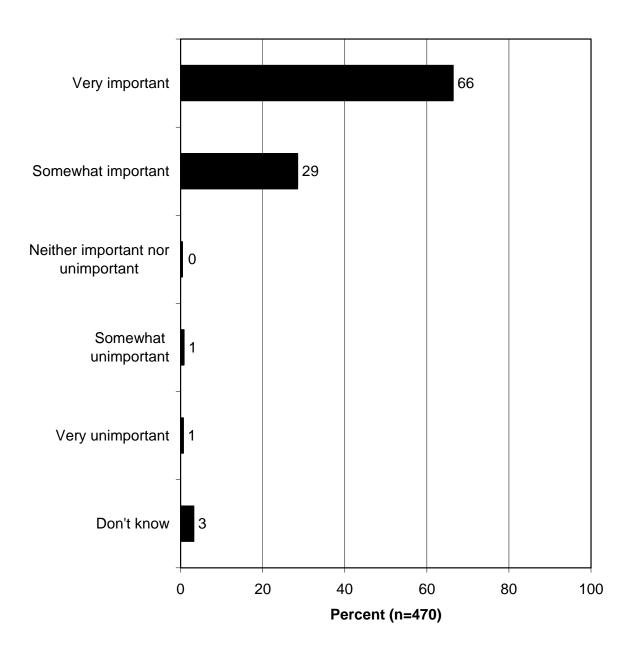
Q57. Do you think protecting natural areas like rivers, lakes, and wetlands is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



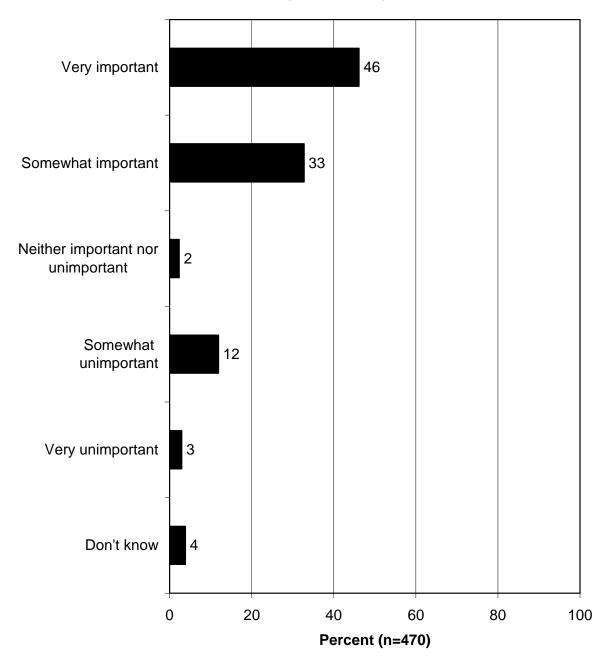
Q58. Do you think conducting educational programs on freshwater fishing and aquatic natural resources is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



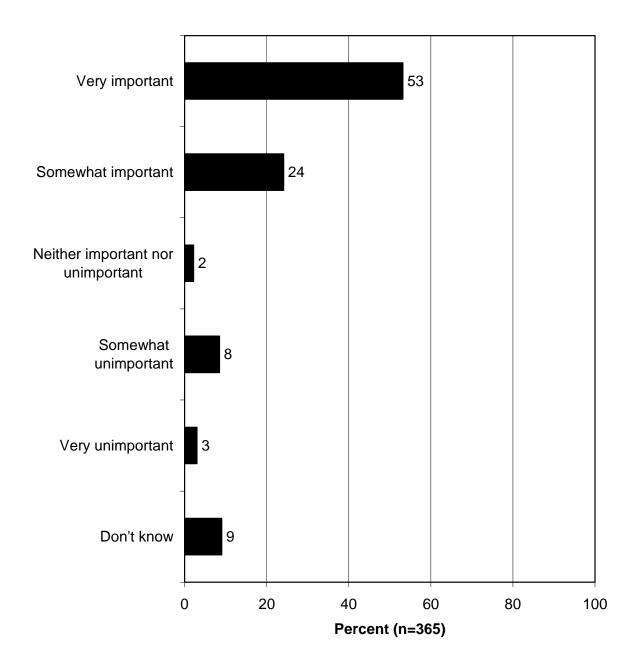
Q59.Do you think managing small lakes, accessible by bank or boat anglers, around the state for public fishing is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



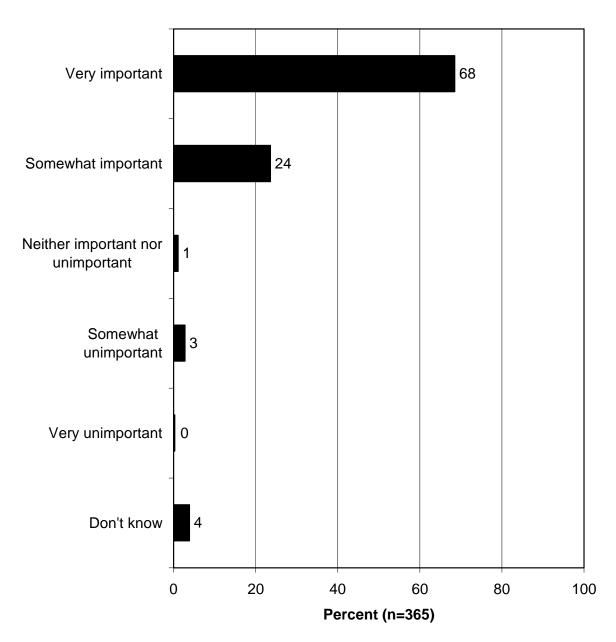
Q60. Do you think building fishing piers in lakes is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



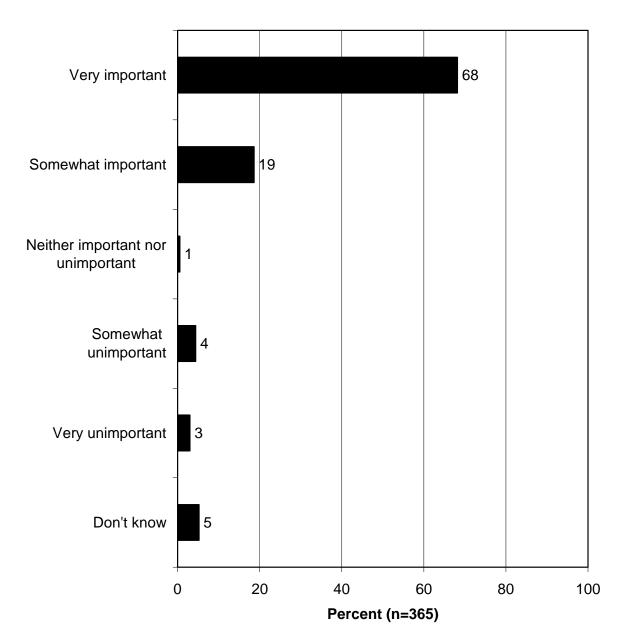
Q61. Do you think building/adding structures to attract more fish in lakes is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



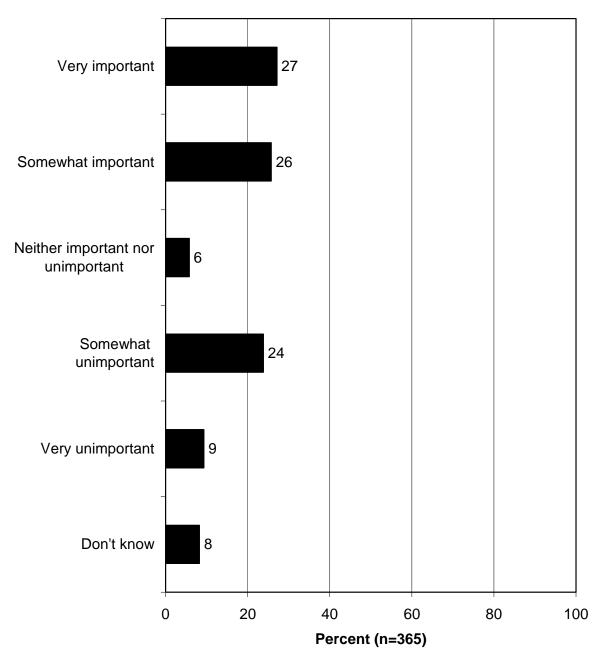
Q62. Do you think conducting research to answer questions about the state's freshwater natural resources is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



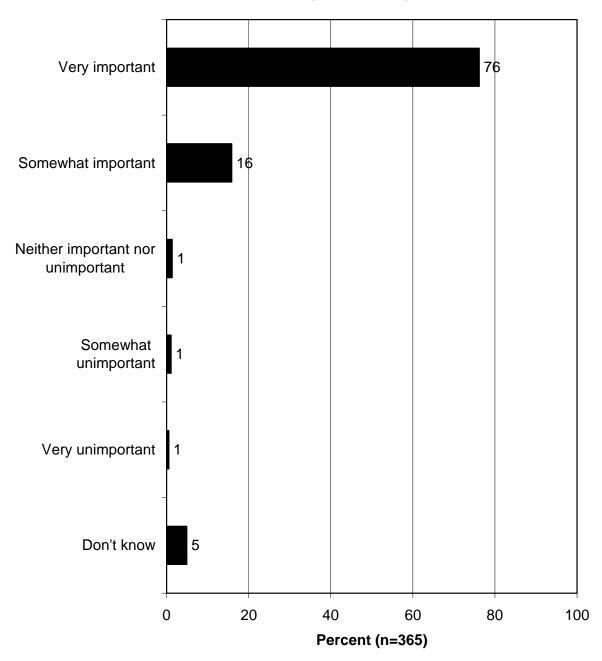
Q63. Do you think controlling water plants that bother boaters, anglers, and homeowners using lakes and rivers is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



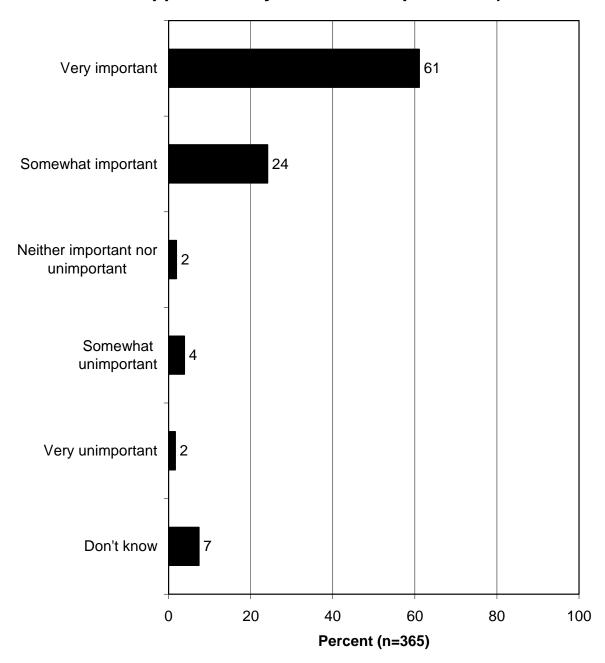
Q64. Do you think building more boat ramps is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



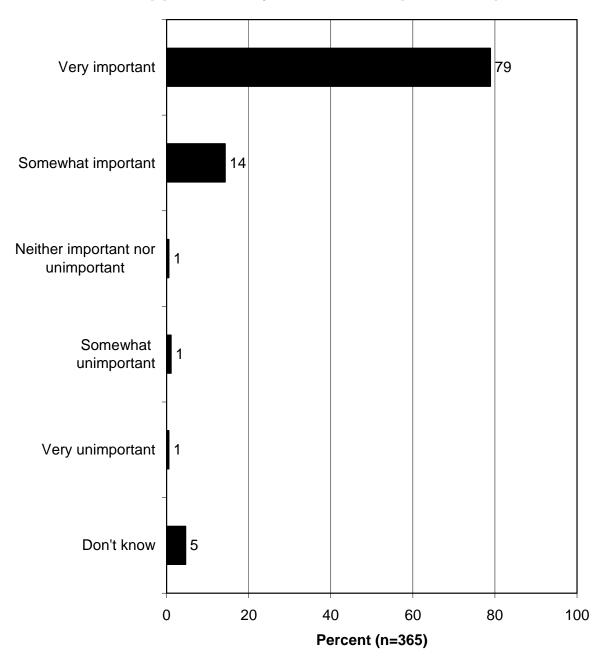
Q65. Do you think maintaining existing boat ramps is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



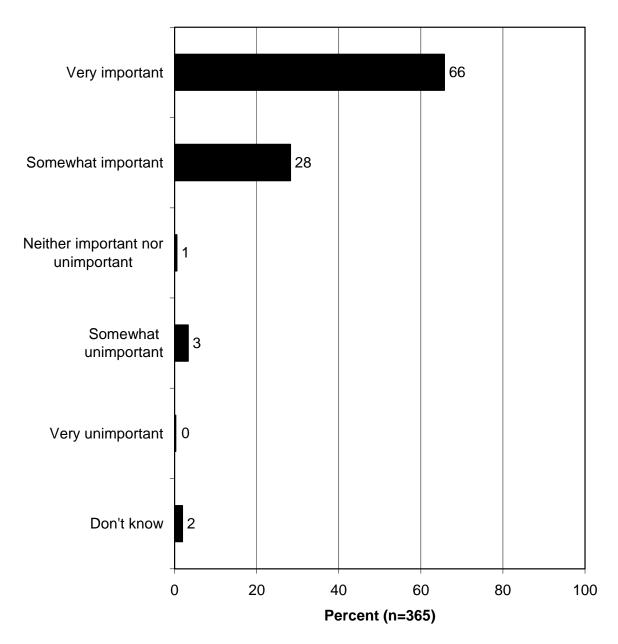
Q66. Do you think developing freshwater fishing regulations is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



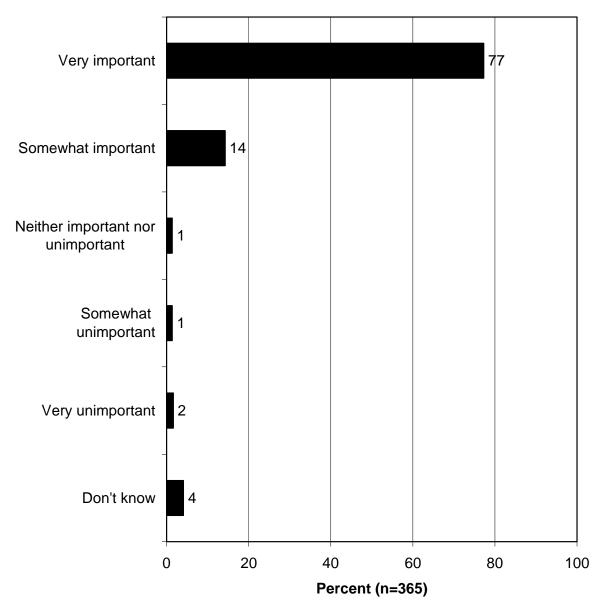
Q67. Do you think enforcing freshwater fishing regulations is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



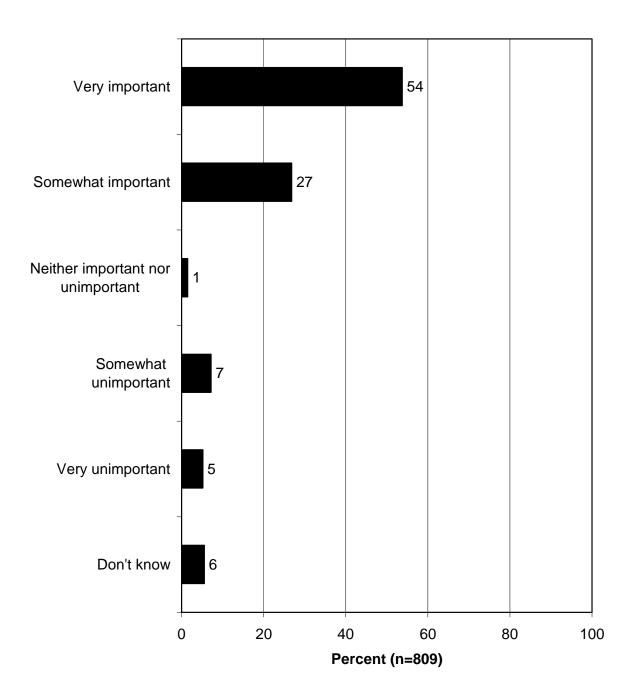
Q68. Do you think producing educational materials about freshwater fish and fishing, such as brochures, is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



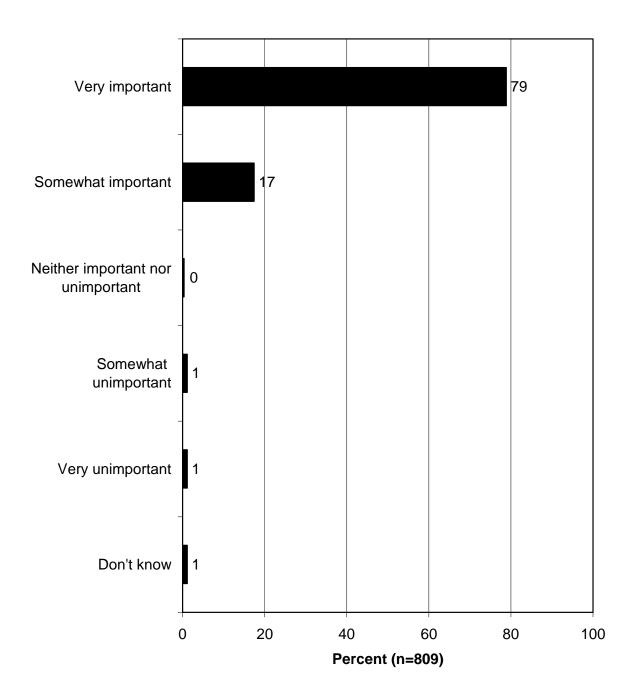
Q69. Do you think being involved with the restoration of nongame fish species that are possibly threatened with extinction is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR? (Asked of approximately half of all respondents.)



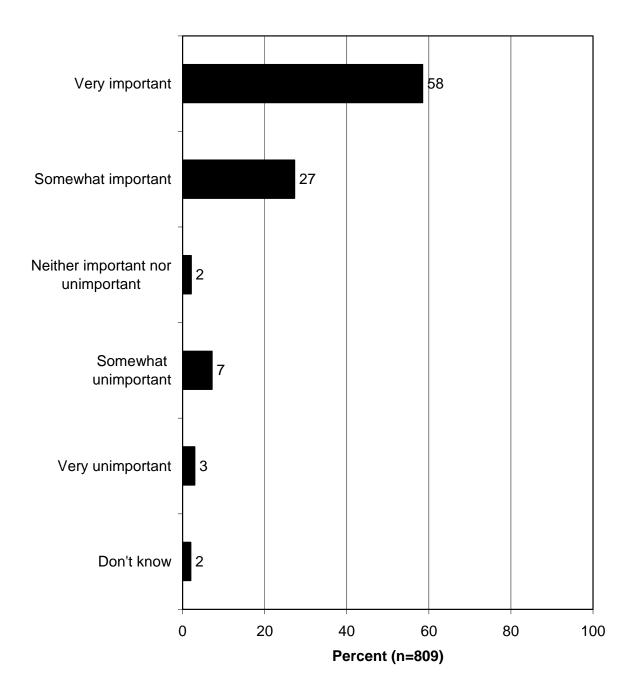
Q71. Do you think youth programs such as fishing rodeos are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR?



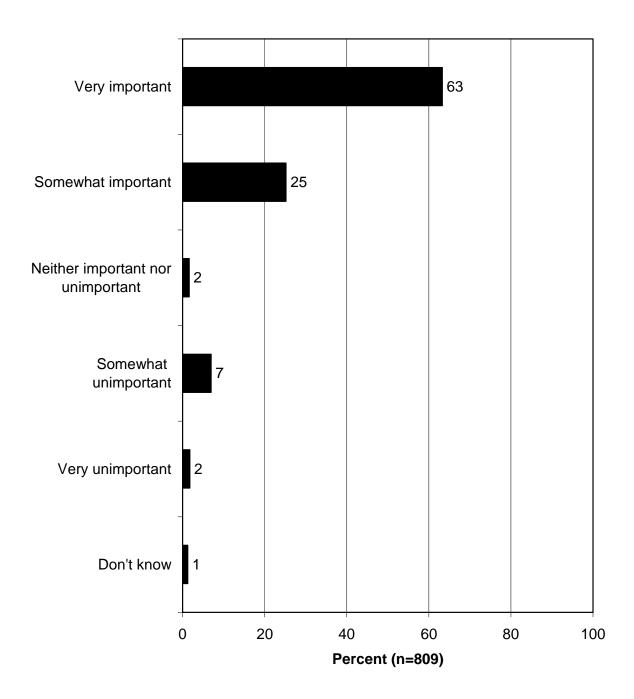
Q72. Do you think parent-child activities are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR?



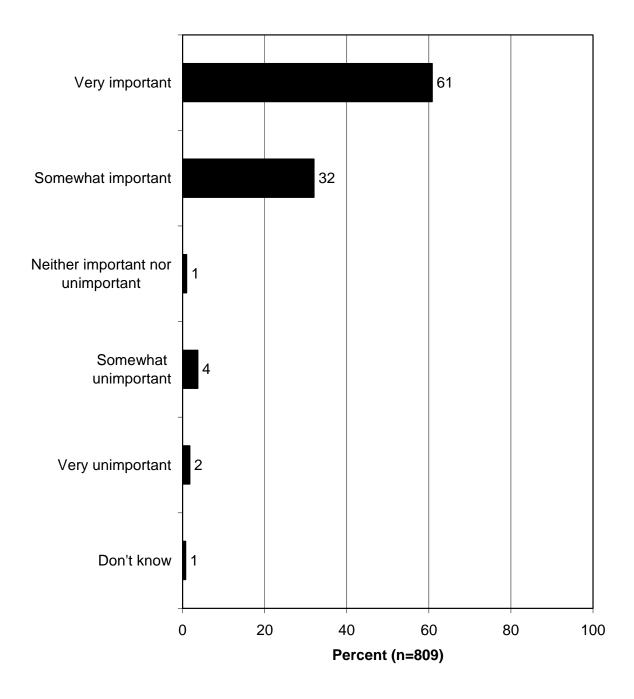
Q73. Do you think in-school programs such as teacher workshops are important or unimportant education programs for the South Carolina DNR?



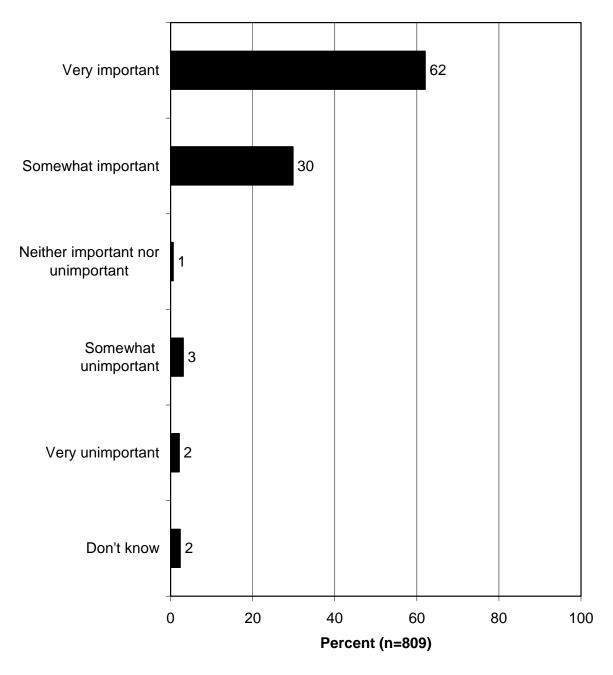
Q74. Do you think producing educational brochures for kids is an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?



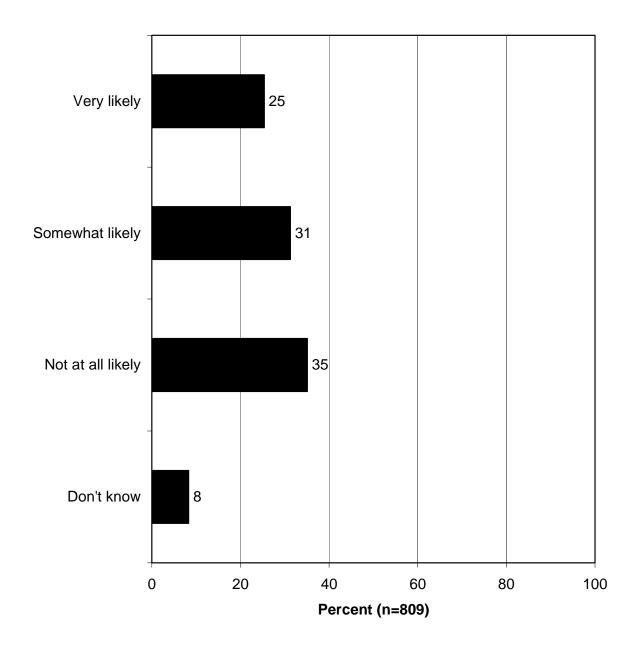
Q75. Do you think producing educational brochures for adults is an important or unimportant education program for the South Carolina DNR?



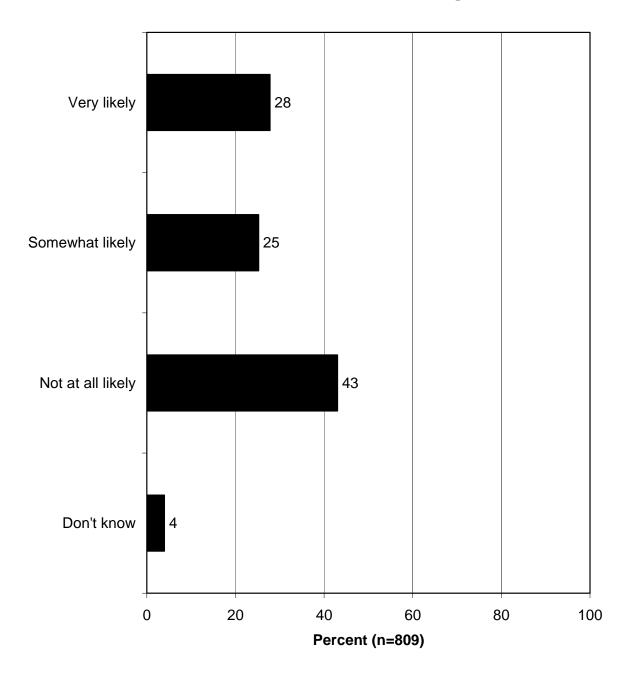
Q76. Do you think producing other multimedia educational programs, such as TV, an Internet page, etc., is an important or unimportant program for the South Carolina DNR?



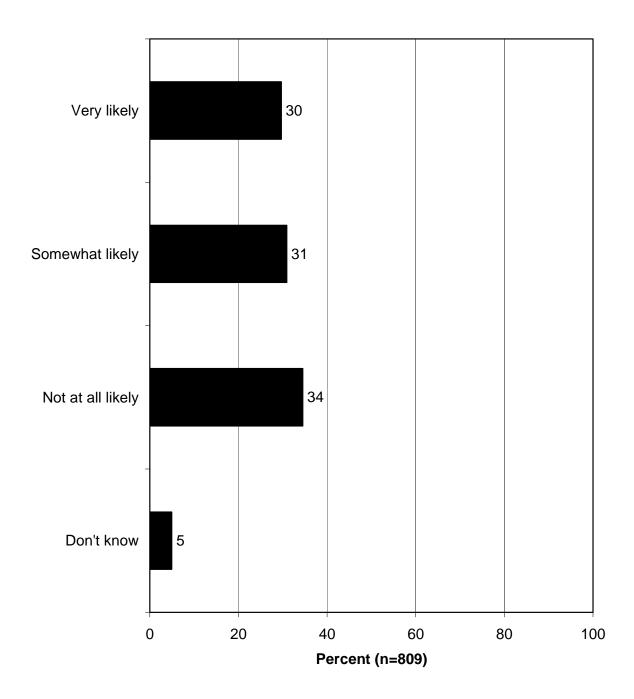
Q87. How likely would you be to purchase a stamp required to fish for certain hatchery-raised species, such as striped bass and trout, with the proceeds going to the South Carolina DNR's freshwater fisheries program?



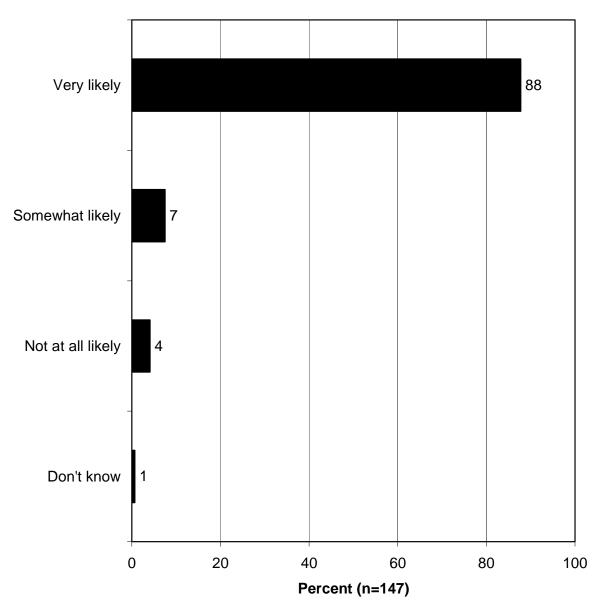
Q88. How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, even if you did not plan on using it, as a way to support freshwater fisheries and aquatic resources conservation and management?



Q89. How likely would you be to purchase a fishing license, even if you did not plan on fishing, where the proceeds would help improve water quality?



Q99. The price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$12? (Asked of approx. half of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years.)



Q100. The price of a resident fishing license is \$10 in South Carolina. How likely would you be to purchase a license for next year if the cost increased to \$14? (Asked of approx. half of those who have purchased a fishing license in the past 2 years.)

